

DATE: September 14, 2016

AGENDA ITEM #3

TO:

Design Review Commission

FROM:

Sean K. Gallegos, Assistant Planner

SUBJECT:

14-SC-26, 1180 Saint Anthony Court

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve modifications to an approved design review application 14-SC-26 subject to the listed findings and conditions

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This project is a modification to an approved new two-story house. The proposed modification revises the landscape plan to remove and replace two existing redwood trees along the right side of the property line, and changes the style and reduces the number of the second story windows along the right (east) side and rear (south) elevations;

BACKGROUND

On October 15, 2014, the Design Review Commission approved a design review application for a new two-story house. The approval included a landscape plan, hardscape improvements (driveway and pathways), new low retaining walls, retention of 17 existing trees, planting of 20 new trees, and new swimming pool. The agenda report for the original project and meeting minutes are included in Attachments D and E.

A building permit for the project was issued on February 22, 2016. On May 13, 2016, staff learned that excavation activities severed numerous structural roots for two protected coast redwood trees (Nos. T1 and T3) along the right property line. Due to an arborist report finding that the trees were structurally compromised, staff approved the removal of the trees due the potential for catastrophic failure (See Attachment F). A "stop-work" notice was issued and all construction activities were halted in order to address and evaluate the expanded grading activities that resulted in the removal of two protected coast redwood trees without approval.

DISCUSSION

Landscaping

The conditions of approval established a requirement for the applicant to preserve the two coast redwood trees by maintaining minimum setbacks from the base of the trees consistent with the project arborist's direction. Per the Design Review Commission approval, the applicant installed tree

protection fencing around the dripline of the coast redwood trees prior to issuance of the building permit. However, the protective fencing was removed during excavation activities and minimum setbacks were not maintained and the critical root zone of these trees was significantly damaged. Since, the two coast redwood trees were protected and could not be removed without approval from the Planning Division. The trees were essentially removed without a permit in a violation of the City's Tree Protection Ordinance.

The Design Review Commission is required to review a modification to the landscape plan due to the unpermitted removal of the two coast redwood trees, which were to be preserved to maintain privacy along the right property line. Due to losing the privacy benefit from the coast redwood trees, staff requested two 48-gallon evergreen replacement trees for privacy mitigation along the right property line. The two proposed replacement trees are deodar cedar trees, which are fast growing evergreen trees that can grow 80 feet tall with a spread of 40 feet. Tree protection guidelines will be required during construction. Overall, the new deodar cedar trees will reduce privacy impacts from the second story windows along the right elevation and staff is recommending approval.

Design Review and Privacy

On the right elevation of the second story, the plan changes the window style to two-wide transoms over a two-wide casement window and three-wide transoms over a three-wide casement windows. Due to existing and proposed landscaping, the right side windows do not increase privacy impacts. On the rear elevation of the second story, the plan reduces overall glazing and modifies the window styles to two one-panel-wide transoms over a one-panel-wide casement window, one-panel fixed window and one two-panel sliding window. Overall, the window style maintains the contemporary style. Due to the windows maintaining a similar size, location and sill height, the rear windows do not increase privacy impacts along the right side or rear of the structure.

Procedurally, the Community Development Director acts on minor exterior modifications, including alterations to window styles. If additional window glazing were added along the second story, the Design Review commission would review the window modifications.

CC: Steven Diaz, Timeline Design, Applicant Jay and Goranka Perry, Property Owners

Attachments:

- A. Application
- B. Area Map and Vicinity Map
- C. Design Review Commission Minutes, October 15, 2014
- D. Design Review Commission Staff Report, October 15, 2014
- E. Arborist Report, dated May 10, 2016

FINDINGS

14-SC-26 – 1180 Saint Anthony Court

With regard to the new two-story, single-family home, the Design Review Commission finds the following in accordance with Section 14.76.050 of the Municipal Code:

- a. The proposed structure complies with all provisions of this chapter;
- b. The height, elevations, and placement on the site of the propose structure, when considered with reference to the nature and location of residential structures on adjacent lots, will avoid unreasonable interference with views and privacy and will consider the topographic and geologic constraints imposed by particular building site conditions;
- c. The natural landscape will be preserved insofar as practicable by minimizing tree and soil removal; grade changes shall be minimized and will be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas;
- d. The orientation of the proposed structure in relation to the immediate neighborhood will minimize the perception of excessive bulk and mass;
- e. General architectural considerations, including the character, size, scale, and quality of the design, the architectural relationship with the site and other buildings, building materials, and similar elements have been incorporated in order to insure the compatibility of the development with its design concept and the character of adjacent buildings; and
- f. The proposed structure has been designed to follow the natural contours of the site with minimal grading, minimum impervious cover, and maximum erosion protection.

CONDITIONS

14-SC-26 – 1180 Saint Anthony Court

GENERAL

1. Approved Plans

The approval is based on the plans and materials received on Poctober 2, 2014, the plan revisions received on August 10, 2016, except as may be modified by these conditions.

2. Condition Superseded

These conditions shall be in addition to the conditions approved on October 15, 2014.

3. Protected Trees

The trees in the downslope of the left side, right side and rear yard shall be protected shall be protected under this application and cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Community Development Director.

PRIOR TO BUILDING PERMIT SUBMITTAL

4. Conditions of Approval

Incorporate the conditions of approval into the title page of the plans.

5. Tree Protection Note

On the grading plan and/or the site plan, show all tree protection fencing and add the following note: "All tree protection fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground."

PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF BUILDING OR DEMOLITION PERMIT

6. Tree Protection

Tree protection fencing shall be installed around the dripline(s), or as required by the project arborist, of existing trees as shown on the site plan. Tree protection fencing shall be chain link and a minimum of five feet in height with posts driven into the ground and shall not be removed until all building construction has been completed unless approved by the Planning Division.

ATTACHMENT A



CITY OF LOS ALTOS GENERAL APPLICATION

Permit # 65114783 Type of Review Requested: (Check all boxes that apply) One-Story Design Review Commercial/Multi-Family **Environmental Review** Two-Story Design Review Sign Permit Rezoning Variance **Use Permit** R1-S Overlay Lot Line Adjustment **Tenant Improvement** General Plan/Code Amendment Tentative Map/Division of Land Sidewalk Display Permit Appeal Historical Review Preliminary Project Review Other: Tree Removal + Desi Review Modificat Project Address/Location: 1180 ST. Anthony Court Project Proposal/Use: Remove two trees Current Use of Property: Private residence under constr. Assessor Parcel Number(s): 348-38-012 Site Area: 13,068 Sq.Ft. New Sq. Ft.: 0 Altered/Rebuilt Sq. Ft.: 0 Existing Sq. Ft. to Remain: 4,046 Total Existing Sq. Ft.: 4,046 Total Proposed Sq. Ft. (including basement): 4,046 Applicant's Name: Shlomi Caspi - Timeline Design Telephone No.: (408) 913-9256 Email Address: scaspi@tldesign.net Mailing Address: 14401 Big Basin Way City/State/Zip Code: Saratoga, CA 95070 Property Owner's Name: Goranka Bjedov & Jay Perry Email Address: goranka@gmail.com Telephone No.: (650) 397-1180 Mailing Address: 1180 ST. Anthony Ct. City/State/Zip Code: Los Altos, CA 94024 Architect/Designer's Name: Shlomi Caspi - Timeline Design Email Address: scaspi@tldesign.net Telephone No.: (408) 913-9256 Mailing Address: 14401 Big Basin Way City/State/Zip Code: Saratoga, CA 95070

* * * If your project includes complete or partial demolition of an existing residence or commercial building, a demolition permit must be issued and finaled prior to obtaining your building permit. Please contact the Building Division for a demolition package. * * *

(continued on back)

14-SC-26 - Modification

ATTACHMENT B

AREA MAP



CITY OF LOS ALTOS

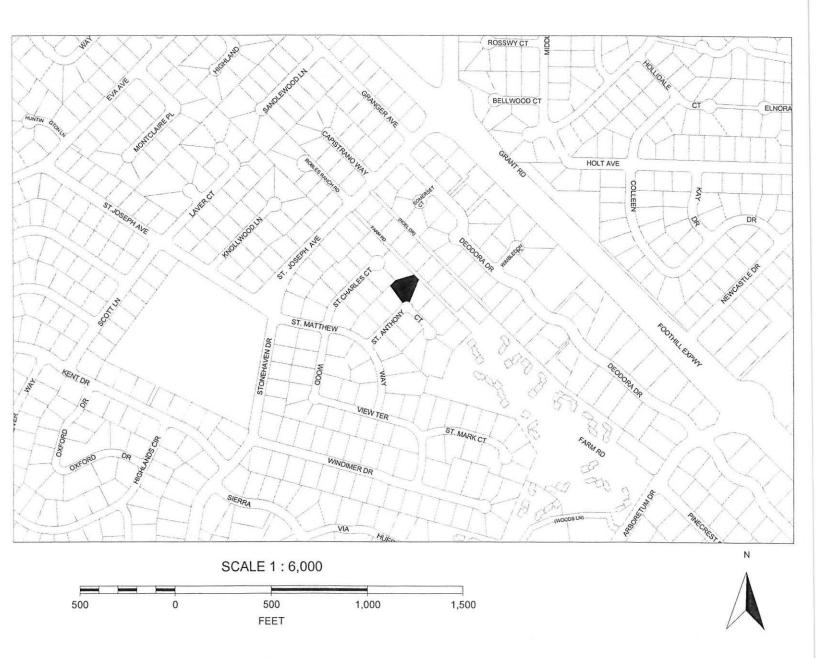
APPLICATION: 14-SC-26

APPLICANT: Timeline Design/ J. and G. Perry SITE ADDRESS: 1180 St. Anthony Court



Not to Scale

VICINITY MAP



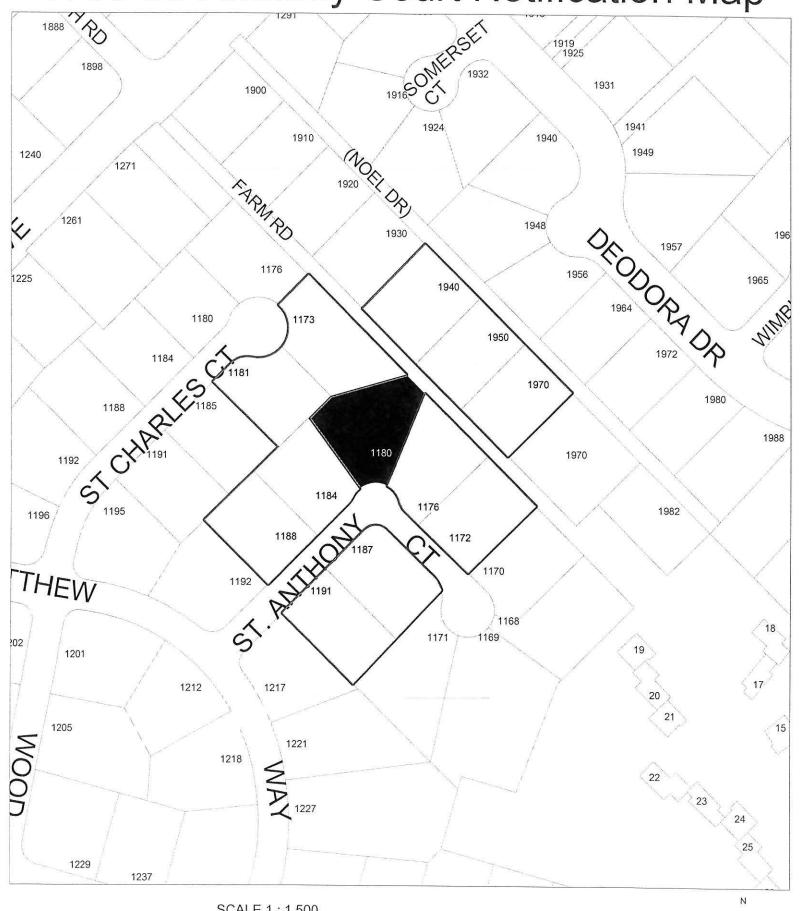
CITY OF LOS ALTOS

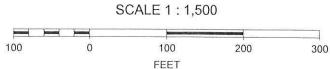
APPLICATION: 14-SC-26

APPLICANT: Timeline Design/ J. and G. Perry

SITE ADDRESS: 1180 St. Anthony Court

1180 St. Anthony Court Notification Map







ATTACHMENT C

APPROVED

Design Review Commission Wednesday, October 15, 2014 Page 1 of 4

MINUTES OF A REGULAR MEETING OF THE DESIGN REVIEW COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF LOS ALTOS, HELD ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 2014, BEGINNING AT 7:00 P.M. AT LOS ALTOS CITY HALL, ONE NORTH SAN ANTONIO ROAD, LOS ALTOS, CALIFORNIA

ESTABLISH QUORUM

PRESENT:

Chair BLOCKHUS, Vice-Chair KIRIK, Commissioners MEADOWS and

MOISON

ABSENT:

Commissioner WHEELER

STAFF:

Planning Services Manager KORNFIELD and Assistant Planner LIM

PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA

None.

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION/ACTION

CONSENT CALENDAR

1. <u>Design Review Commission Minutes</u>

Approve minutes of the regular meeting of October 1, 2014.

MOTION by Commissioner MEADOWS, seconded by Commissioner MOISON, to approve the minutes of the October 1, 2014 regular meeting as-amended to correct the vote for agenda item No. 3 to reflect a 4/0/1 passing vote, with Commissioner MEADOWS abstained. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

PUBLIC HEARING

2. 14-V-10 and 14-SC-25 - R. Mowat Associates - 452 University Avenue

Variance and Design Review applications for alterations and improvements to a designated Historic Landmark property. The project includes demolition of an existing detached garage, construction of a new detached garage over 12 feet in height, alterations to the rear elevation of the main house, including a new second-story balcony, and a variance to allow a patio in the side yard setback that exceeds six-inches above grade. *Project Planner: Dahl*

MOTION by Commissioner MEADOWS, seconded by Commissioner MOISON, to continue application 14-V-10 and 14-SC-25 per the applicant's request. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

DISCUSSION

3. 14-SC-17 – W. Hui and S. Chang – 178 Santa Rita Court

Design review for a new, two-story house. The project includes 2,055 square feet on the first story and 1,138 square feet on the second story. *Project Planner: Dahl*

Planning Services Manager KORNFIELD presented the staff report recommending approval of design review application 14-SC-17 subject to the findings and conditions.



Property owner Willy Hui spoke to his outreach with the neighborhood. Neighbor Lisa Liu stated that she preferred a one-story house, or raising the windows to six-foot sills on the second story. Neighbor Wendy Yu stated that she met with the applicant prior to the application, and expressed concern about the bulky second story, tall stair window, and two-story wall on the left side. There was no other public comment.

Commission discussion included noting the contrast of the lower key development on the street compared to the surrounding larger scale multiple-family development nearby, the designs attempted to mitigate bulk, the opportunity to increase the western side yard setback and to further minimize the bulk of the second story and garage.

MOTION by Commissioner MOISON, seconded by Chair BLOCKHUS, to approve design review application 14-SC-17 per the staff report findings and conditions. THE MOTION FAILED BY A 2/2 VOTE, WITH VICE-CHAIR KIRIK AND COMMISSIONER MEADOWS OPPOSED.

MOTION by Vice-Chair KIRIK to continue application 14-SC-17 with the following direction:

- Move the first story to the left.
- Reduce the shear walls.
- Reduce the bulk of the garage.

THE MOTION WAS WITHDRAWN BY VICE-CHAIR KIRIK.

MOTION by Commissioner MEADOWS, seconded by Vice-Chair KIRIK, to continue application 14-SC-17 with the following direction:

- Minimize the mass and bulk of the second story; and
- Minimize the bulk of the front facing garage.

THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

4. 14-SC-26 - Timeline Design - 1180 Saint Anthony Court

Design review for a new, two-story house. The project includes 2, 534 square feet on the first floor and 1,512 square feet on the second floor. *Project Planner: Gallegos*

Assistant Planner GALLEGOS presented the staff report recommending approval of design review application 14-SC-26 subject to the findings and conditions.

Project designer Steve Dias stated that he reoriented the house toward the south, met with the neighbors, noted that the existing second story deck is similar to the proposed, that the upper deck is for private use and that the lower deck is for entertaining. Neighbor Richard Lange spoke in support of the project. There was no other public comment.

The commissioners discussed the project and expressed their general support for the design. Commissioner MOISON commended the neighborhood outreach and Chair BLOCKHUS noted that the rear fence was rotten and tree No. 19 potentially impacts the pool. Vice-Chair KIRIK commended the applicant for their careful design.

MOTION by Commissioner MOISON, seconded by Commissioner MEADOWS, to approve design review application 14-SC-26 per the staff report findings and conditions. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.



5. <u>14-SC-27 – Studio 3 Design – 917 Stanley Avenue</u>

Design review for first and second story additions to a one-story house. The project includes an addition of 29 square feet on the first floor and 653 square feet on the second floor. *Project Planner: Gallegos*

Assistant Planner GALLEGOS presented the staff report recommending approval of design review application 14-SC-27 subject to the findings and conditions.

Project applicant and designer Bess Wiersema stated that the neighborhood context has dominant entries, that the turret is in scale with the proposed second story, that they could lower the turret and dining room by one foot, and objected to raising the windows because of the need for egress and not wanting to cut into the existing roof. Neighbor Fred Farman spoke with concern about the rear privacy impacts and direct line of sight. There was no other public comment.

The commissioners discussed the project and expressed their general support for the design. Commission discussion included noting the greater rear yard setback and orientation of the second story that maintained a reasonable degree of privacy, that the right side windows overlooked the roof of the adjacent structure and therefore were not a privacy concern, and that the turret and dining room roofs should be minimized in scale.

MOTION by Vice-Chair KIRIK, seconded by Chair BLOCKHUS, to approve design review application 14-SC-27 per the staff report findings and conditions, with the following change and additional conditions:

- Revise condition No. 6 to reduce the dining gable by two feet and make smaller transom windows and a minor reduction of the turret by one foot.
- Delete conditions Nos. 7 and 8.
- Provide equal size windows (egress size) for the side of master bedroom 3.

Commissioner MEADOWS objected to condition No. 6 being so prescriptive.

REVISED MOTION by Vice-Chair KIRIK, seconded by Commissioner MOISON, to approve design review application 14-SC-27 per the staff report findings and conditions, with the following change and modification:

- Delete conditions Nos. 7 and 8.
- Revise condition No. 6 to differentiate the dining gable and turret with review and approval by the Community Development Director.

THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

Vice-Chair KIRIK recused himself from the next agenda item due to a conflict of interest with 731 University Avenue.

6. 14-SC-30 – Pacific Peninsula Architecture, Inc. – 731 University Avenue

Design review to demolish an existing one-story house and construct a new, two-story house. The project includes 3,250 square feet on the first story and 815 square feet on the second story. *Project Planner: Lim*

Assistant Planner LIM presented the staff report recommending approval of design review application 14-SC-30 subject to the findings and conditions.



Project architect Eric Peterson spoke in support of the project. There was no other public comment.

The commissioners discussed the project and expressed their general support for the design. The Commission's discussion noted the high quality of the design and the careful balance of the project's size and scale with regard to fitting into the immediate surroundings.

MOTION by Commissioner MOISON, seconded by Commissioner MEADOWS, to approve design review application 14-SC-30 per the staff report findings and conditions. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY (3/0).

COMMISSIONERS' REPORTS AND COMMENTS

Commissioner MOISON spoke about the Laureles Drive appeal and said that the Design Review Commission's meeting attendance was of issue for the Council. Commissioner MEADOWS stated that the City Council approved the project knowing that it differed from the Residential Design Guidelines because of public support from the neighbors. Vice-Chair questioned why a Design Review Commission appeal does not go to the Planning and Transportation Commission instead of City Council.

POTENTIAL FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

None.

ADJOURNMENT

Chair BLOCKHUS adjourned the meeting at 9:19 PM.

David Kornfield, AICP

Planning Services Manager

ATTACHMENT D



DATE: October 15, 2014

AGENDA ITEM # 4

TO:

Design Review Commission

FROM:

Sean K. Gallegos, Assistant Planner

SUBJECT:

14-SC-26, 1180 Saint Anthony Court

RECOMMENDATION:

Approve design review application 14-SC-26 subject to the findings and conditions

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This is a design review application for a new two-story, single-family house. The following table summarizes the project's technical details:

GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION:

ZONING:

PARCEL SIZE:

MATERIALS:

Single-Family, Residential

R1-10

13,068 square feet

Metal standing seam roof, shingle siding,

painted cedar trim, stone veneer, and

wood clad windows

	Existing	Proposed	Allowed/Required
COVERAGE:	2,754 square feet	3,247 square feet	3,920 square feet
FLOOR AREA: First floor Second floor Total	2,552 square feet 993 square feet 3,545 square feet	2,534 square feet 1,512 square feet 4,046 square feet	4,056 square feet
SETBACKS: Front Rear Right side (1 st /2 nd) Left side (1 st /2 nd)	27 feet 40 feet 10 feet/21 feet 13/21 feet	25 feet 31 feet 18 feet/21 feet 11 feet/18 feet	25 feet 25 feet 10 feet/17.5 feet 10 feet/17.5 feet
HEIGHT:	16 feet	24 feet	27 feet

BACKGROUND

Neighborhood Context

The subject property is located in a Consistent Character Neighborhood, as defined in the City's Residential Design Guidelines. The houses in this neighborhood are a combination of one-story and two-story homes with simple architecture and rustic materials. The landscape along Saint Anthony Court is varied with no distinct street tree pattern. The property is on a downslope lot in a hillside area.

DISCUSSION

Design Review

In Consistent Character Neighborhoods, good neighbor design has design elements, material, and scale found within the neighborhood. Proposed projects should "fit in" and lessen abrupt changes.

The proposed project uses more contemporary architectural style and materials than those found in the surrounding neighborhood, but is designed in a way to be compatible with the area with such elements as a horizontally oriented roof, two-car garage, and porch. Although gable roofs are prominent in the neighborhood, the project uses a low sloped hipped roof with a flat top. The use of the hip roof form is a new element that ties together the contemporary style of the structure and has appropriate design integrity. The roof plan provides some variation of the eave line facing the street but its horizontal emphasis fits in with the context of the surrounding structures but slightly more complex.

The detailing and materials of the structure reflects a high level of quality and appropriate relationship to the rustic qualities of the area. The proposed building materials include metal standing seam roof, shingle siding, painted cedar trim, stone veneer, and wood clad windows are integral to the design. The proposal introduces a new material with a standing-seam, metal roof, which is a compatible, low profile and rustic material with the neighborhood character. Overall, the design incorporates a contemporary style with simple elements and compatible materials that produce an integrated appearance with the context of the area.

Due to the downslope nature of the lot, the project minimizes the bulk of the second story along street frontage by maintaining a one story appearance consistent with adjacent properties. The first story eaves are set relatively low, approximately eight to ten feet from the grade, from the right, center and left side of the structure. The entrance to the house is scaled appropriately at the single story.

Along the side and the rear of the structure, the proposed 24-foot height of the house is in scale with other houses within the surrounding neighborhood, and is minimized by cutting into the natural grade of the lot and lowering the grade approximately three feet. A recessed second story orients the massing toward the left side and rear of the property to reduce the prominence of the

second story. The massing of the structure is articulated and broken-up with second story decks, which helps mitigate bulk concerns.

The design findings also require that a project not unreasonably interfere with views. Unless there is a view shed or easement across a property, there are no "rights" to a particular view. The intent of the City's view finding is clarified in Section 4.1 of the Design Guidelines and relates to minimizing the visual impact of a project. In order to preserve views on hillside lots, the Design Guidelines suggest using landscaping that softens the view of the house and reduces privacy invasion, while not cutting off views entirely. On hillside lots, dwellings should reflect the topography by following the contours of the site. Moreover, on downslope lots such as the subject site, the roof should be minimized on downslope lots as the roof is more visually prominent.

The existing and proposed landscaping on-site provides screening from most sides of the property. The sides and rear is adequately screened with a row of trees and various landscaping. Further, smaller-scale roof elements minimize roof heights mitigate view impacts to properties from the upslope. The overall height of the project ranges from 16 feet to 24, which is three feet under the maximum height limit.

Privacy

On the left side elevation of the second story, there are four windows: one located in the master bathroom with three-foot sill height, one located in the kitchen with a four-foot sill height and two in the great room with four-foot sill heights. There are also three sets of doors, with one door opening from the master bathroom onto deck No. 1, and two sets of doors opening from the great room onto deck No. 2 is in a similar location to the existing second floor deck.

The views from the decks and windows are minimized by cutting into the grade around the structure to lower the grade approximately three feet, which results in a second story finished floor and deck approximately 1.5 feet lower than the existing finished floor height. The applicant has worked with staff to incorporate fast growing evergreen screening along the left property line, and the existing Italian Cypress trees will be maintained along the west property line.

The applicant has provided photos showing the following view from the location of decks: (1) photo No. P1 shows a view toward the northeast, 1950 Noel Drive and 1173 Saint Charles Court; (2) photo P2 and P3 shows the view to the immediate neighbor to the rear, 1173 Saint Charles Court and 1181 Saint Charles Court, and (4) photo P4 shows the view to the neighbor to the west, 1184 Saint Anthony Court. These photos show views oriented toward the rear yards from the porch as the site exists with the existing landscaping as seen on the drawings.

On the right side elevation of the second story, there are four windows: one window in bathroom and one window in the tuba room with a two-foot, one-half-inch sill heights, and a group of two windows in the master bathroom with three foot sill heights. In order to ensure that there are no unreasonable privacy impacts, the landscape plan retains four California Coastal Redwoods along

the right (east) side of the structure. Tree protection guidelines will be followed to maintain the trees during construction.

On the rear elevation, there are four windows: two windows in the master bedroom with a two-foot, one-half-inch, sill height and two windows in the master bathroom with a three-foot sill height, one in the master bathroom with a three-foot sill height, and one window in the master bedroom with a three-foot sill height. A twelve-foot deep by sixteen-foot wide second story deck is proposed along the rear, which can be accessed from the master bathroom. Due to the angled rear property line, the rear porch has setbacks ranging between 27 feet to 30 feet. The applicant has worked with staff to incorporate fast growing evergreen screening along the rear property line. In order to mitigate unreasonable privacy impacts, a condition is required ensure a faster growing evergreen screening will be planted along the right side property lines.

A site section has been provided to show the change in grade between the subject property and the immediate property to the rear (north). As shown, the existing and proposed landscaping combined with the location of the porch will adequately mitigate privacy impacts to properties on the down-slope.

Landscaping

The applicant is maintaining eight of twenty-one trees in the front, side and rear yard. The thirteen trees being removed from the site are the following: two Coast Redwood trees (No. 2 and 4), silk oak tree (No. 8), nine Baily Acacia trees (No. 9-17) and one Brush Cherry (Tree No. 18). Tree protection guidelines will be followed to maintain the trees during construction. Tree protection guidelines will be followed to maintain the trees during construction. The proposed landscape plan will meet the City's Landscaping and Street Tree Guidelines.

A new lap pool is proposed along the north property line to replace an existing swimming pool. The grading and drainage plan (Sheet C-2.0) shows the new pool will require cutting into the natural grade and a retaining wall be built along the north property line. The pool deck and pool will be three feet lower than the existing pool, which will further minimize impacts to adjacent properties.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

This project is categorically exempt from environmental review under Section 15303 of the Environmental Quality Act because it involves the construction of a single-family land use.

CC: Steven Diaz, Timeline Design, Applicant Jay and Goranka Perry, Property Owners

Attachments:

- A. Application
- B. Neighborhood Compatibility Worksheet
- C. Area Map and Vicinity Map
- D. Arborist Report, dated April 25, 2014
- E. Arborist Report, dated July 31, 2014

FINDINGS

14-SC-26 - 1180 Saint Anthony Court

With regard to the new two-story, single-family home, the Design Review Commission finds the following in accordance with Section 14.76.050 of the Municipal Code:

- a. The proposed structure complies with all provisions of this chapter;
- b. The height, elevations, and placement on the site of the propose structure, when considered with reference to the nature and location of residential structures on adjacent lots, will avoid unreasonable interference with views and privacy and will consider the topographic and geologic constraints imposed by particular building site conditions;
- c. The natural landscape will be preserved insofar as practicable by minimizing tree and soil removal; grade changes shall be minimized and will be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas;
- d. The orientation of the proposed structure in relation to the immediate neighborhood will minimize the perception of excessive bulk and mass;
- e. General architectural considerations, including the character, size, scale, and quality of the design, the architectural relationship with the site and other buildings, building materials, and similar elements have been incorporated in order to insure the compatibility of the development with its design concept and the character of adjacent buildings; and
- f. The proposed structure has been designed to follow the natural contours of the site with minimal grading, minimum impervious cover, and maximum erosion protection.

CONDITIONS

14-SC-26 - 1180 Saint Anthony Court

- 1. The approval is based on the plans received on October 2, 2014 and the written application materials provide by the applicant, except as be modified by these conditions.
- 2. Only gas fireplaces, pellet fueled wood heaters or EPA certified wood-burning appliances may be installed in all new construction pursuant to Chapter 12.64 of the Municipal Code.
- 3. The trees in the downslope of the left side, right side and rear yard shall be protected under this application and cannot be removed without a tree removal permit from the Community Development Director.
- 4. Evergreen screening, minimum 15-gallon size, shall be provided along the left (west) side, right (east) side and rear (north) property line, as approved by staff.
 - 5. Obtain an encroachment permit issued from the Engineering Division prior to doing any work within the public street right-of-way.
 - 6. The applicant/owner agrees to indemnify, defend, protect, and hold City harmless from all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the City or held to be the liability of City in connection with City's defense of its actions in any proceeding brought in any State or Federal Court, challenging any of the City's action with respect to the applicant's project.

7. Prior to building permit submittal, the plans shall include:

- a. The conditions of approval shall be incorporated into the title page of the plans;
- Verification that all new additions and altered square footage will comply with the California Green Building Standards pursuant to Section 12.26 of the Municipal Code and provide a signature from a Qualified Green Building Professional;
- c. The measures to comply with the New Development and Construction and Construction Best Management Practices and Urban Runoff Pollution Prevention program, as adopted by the City for the purposes of preventing storm water pollution (i.e. downspouts directed to landscaped areas, minimize directly connected impervious areas, etc);
- d. The location of any air conditioning units on the site plan and the manufacturer's sound rating for each unit.

8. Prior to final inspection:

- a. All front yard landscaping and privacy screening trees shall be maintained and/or installed as required by the Planning Division; and
- b. Submit verification that the addition was built in compliance with the City's Green Building Ordinance (Section 12.26 of the Municipal Code).

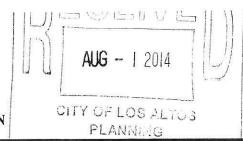


CITY OF LOS ALTOS GENERAL APPLICATION

Sidewalk Display Permit

Sign Review

TTACHMENT A



Multiple-Family Review

Rezoning R1-S Overlay

Type of Review Requested: (Check all boxes that apply)

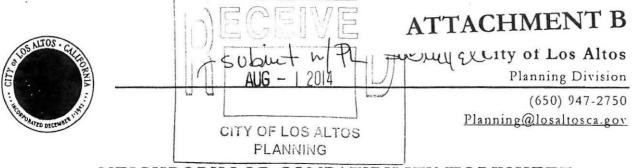
One-Story Design Review
Two-Story Design Review

Permit # 1106246

Lot Line Adjustment	Tenant Improvement	General Plan/Code Amendment
Tentative Map/Division of Land	Preliminary Project Review	Appeal
Subdivision Map Review	Commercial Design Review	Other:
Project Address/Location:	7.11. 10	
Project Proposal/Use: Single	LE FAMILY NEW HOME	
Current Use of Property: 944	LE FAMILY HAME	
Assessor Parcel Number(s) 242	2 - 36 - 0/2 Site A	rea:
New Sq. Ft.: 4046 Remo	deled Sq. Ft.: Existing	ng Sq. Ft. to Remain:
Total Existing Sq. Ft.: 3545	Total Proposed Sq. Ft. (include	ling basement): 4046
Applicant's Name: STEVEN 1	DIAZ - THEUNE DESIG	<u>ئا</u>
Home Telephone #:	Business Telep	
Mailing Address: 14401	314 BASIL WAY	
City/State/Zip Code: SAWAT	04A CA 95070	
Property Owner's Name: JA	T & GORANKA PEPRY	,
Home Telephone #:	Business Teleph	one #:
Mailing Address: 1190 SAIN	T Anntony Count	
City/State/Zip Code: los_	ALTOS CA 94024	
Architect/Designer's Name:		elephone #: 408 741-300 EFT 14 esidence or commercial building, a

* * * If your project includes complete or partial demolition of an existing residence or commercial building, a demolition permit must be issued and finaled prior to obtaining your building permit. Please contact the Building Division for a demolition package. * * *

(continued on back)



NEIGHBORHOOD COMPATIBILITY WORKSHEET

In order for your design review application for single-family residential remodel/addition or new construction to be successful, it is important that you consider your property, the neighborhood's special characteristics that surround that property and the compatibility of your proposal with that neighborhood. The purpose is to help you understand your neighborhood before you begin the design process with your architect/designer/builder or begin any formal process with the City of Los Altos. Please note that this worksheet must be submitted with your 1" application.

The Residential Design Guidelines encourage neighborhood compatibility without necessarily forsaking individual taste. Various factors contribute to a design that is considered compatible with a surrounding neighborhood. The factors that City officials will be considering in your design could include, but are not limited to: design theme, scale, bulk, size, roof line, lot coverage, slope of lot, setbacks, daylight plane, one or two-story, exterior materials, landscaping et cetera.

It will be helpful to have a site plan to use in conjunction with this worksheet. Your site plan should accurately depict your property boundaries. The best source for this is the legal description in your deed.

Photographs of your property and its relationship to your neighborhood (see below) will be a necessary part of your first submittal. Taking photographs before you start your project will allow you to see and appreciate that your property could be within an area that has a strong neighborhood pattern. The photographs should be taken from across the street with a standard 35mm camera and organized by address, one row for each side of the street. Photographs should also be taken of the properties on either side and behind your property from on your property.

This worksheet/check list is meant to help you as well as to help the City planners and Planning Commission understand your proposal. Reasonable guesses to your answers are acceptable. The City is not looking for precise measurements on this worksheet.

Project Address	1180	SAHT	AHTHONY	Carret	los Altos	CA.
Scope of Project: A				_or Nev	Home 4	04617
Age of existing hon	ne if this	s projec	t is to be an			
Is the existing house						The second secon

Address: 1190 SAINT 4- 17044 CT Date:
What constitutes your neighborhood?
There is no clear answer to this question. For the purpose of this worksheet, consider first your street, the two contiguous homes on either side of, and directly behind, your property and the five to six homes directly across the street (eight to nine homes). At the minimum, these are the houses that you should photograph. If there is any question in your mind about your neighborhood boundaries, consider a radius of approximately 200 to 300 feet around your property and consider that your neighborhood.
Streetscape
1. Typical neighborhood lot size*:
Lot area:
2. Setback of homes to front property line: (Pgs. 8-11 Design Guidelines)
Existing front setback if home is a remodel? 25' What % of the front facing walls of the neighborhood homes are at the front setback 100 % Existing front setback for house on left 25' ft./on right

3. Garage Location Pattern: (Pg. 19 Design Guidelines)

Indicate the relationship of garage locations in your neighborhood* only on your street (count for each type)

Garage facing front projecting from front of house face _____

Garage facing front recessed from front of house face _____

Garage in back yard ____

Garage facing the side ____

Number of 1-car garages ____; 2-car garages ____; 3-car garages _____

Do the front setbacks of adjacent houses line up? YES

Addr Date	ess: 1190 SAINT ANTITOHY OT
4.	Single or Two-Story Homes:
	What % of the homes in your neighborhood* are: One-story 40 Two-story 60
5.	Roof heights and shapes:
	Is the overall height of house ridgelines generally the same in your neighborhood*?
6.	Exterior Materials: (Pg. 22 Design Guidelines)
	What siding materials are frequently used in your neighborhood*? wood shinglestuccoboard & battenclapboardtilestonebrickcombination of one or more materials (if so, describe)STHE CR EPICK BASE WITH STYCK FASCADE
	What roofing materials (wood shake/shingle, asphalt shingle, flat tile, rounded tile, cement tile, slate) are consistently (about 80%) used? If no consistency then explain: FURT TILE 30%, ASHMT 30%
7.	Architectural Style: (Appendix C, Design Guidelines)
	Does your neighborhood* have a <u>consistent</u> identifiable architectural style? YES NO
	Type?RanchShingleTudorMediterranean/SpanishContemporaryColonialBungalowOther

Ad Da	dress: 1190 SAIN, ANTHONY OF
8.	Lot Slope: (Pg. 25 Design Guidelines)
	Does your property have a noticeable slope?
	What is the direction of your slope? (relative to the street) BACK AWAY FROM STREET
	Is your slope higher lower same in relationship to the neighboring properties? Is there a noticeable difference in grade between your property/house and the one across the street or directly behind?
9.	Landscaping:
U	Are there any frequently used or typical landscaping features on your stree (i.e. big trees, front lawns, sidewalks, curbs, landscape to street edge, etc.)? HOW SHOULD THES, SMALL THES, FRONT LAWNS
	How visible are your house and other houses from the street or back neighbor's property? VERY VISIBLE
	*** (********************************
	Are there any major existing landscaping features on your property and how is the unimproved public right-of-way developed in front of your property (gravel, dirt, asphalt, landscape)? COBLED SPANDWAY FRONT LAWN
10.	Width of Street:
	What is the width of the roadway paving on your street in feet? 501 Is there a parking area on the street or in the shoulder area? No Is the shoulder area (unimproved public right-of-way) paved, unpaved, gravel, landscaped, and/or defined with a curb/gutter? PAUSO

Addres Date:	ss:	1180 SAINI AHMENT CT
11.	Wha	at characteristics make this neighborhood* cohesive?
		Such as roof material and type (hip, gable, flat), siding (board and batten, cement plaster, horizontal wood, brick), deep front yard setbacks, horizontal feel, landscape approach etc.:
Gene	ral !	Study
j	Α.	Have major visible streetscape changes occurred in your neighborhood? YES NO
	B. same	Do you think that most (~ 80%) of the homes were originally built at the e time? YES D NO
(C.	Do the lots in your neighborhood appear to be the same size? YES NO
]	D.	Do the lot widths appear to be consistent in the neighborhood? YES NO
]	E.	Are the front setbacks of homes on your street consistent (~80% within 5 feet)? YES \(\sigma\) NO
J	F.	Do you have active CCR's in your peighborhood? (p.36 Building Guide) YES NO
(G.	Do the houses appear to be of similar size as viewed from the street? YES \(\sqrt{NO} \) NO
I	Н.	Does the new exterior remodel or new construction design you are planning relate in most ways to the prevailing style(s) in your existing neighborhood? YES NO

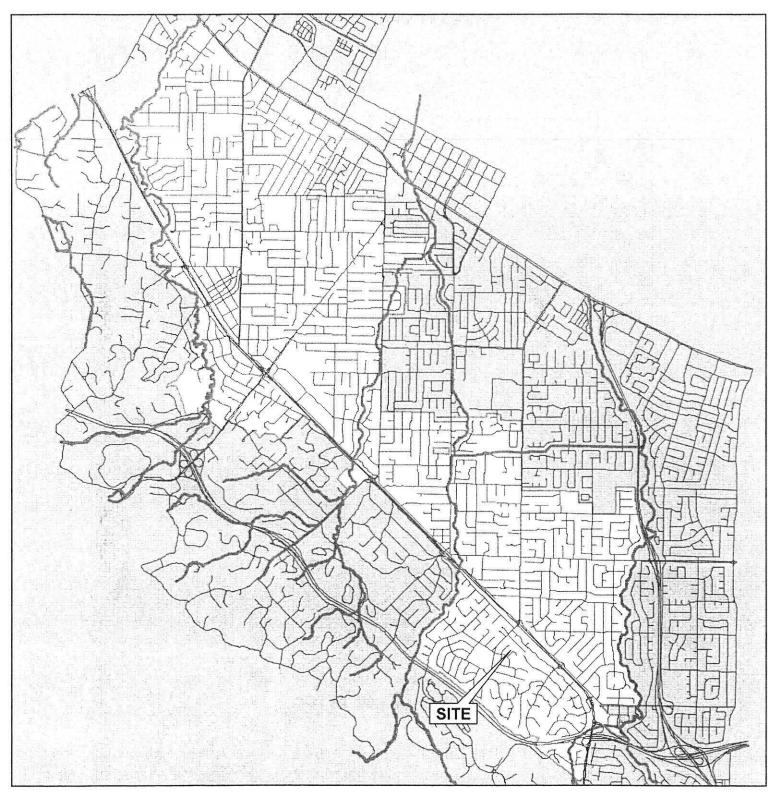
Address:	1180 St. ANTHONY COURT
Date:	

Summary Table

Please use this table to summarize the characteristics of the houses in your immediate neighborhood (two homes on either side, directly behind and the five to six homes directly across the street).

Address	Front setback	Rear setback	Garage location	One or two stories	Height	Materials	Architecture (simple or complex)
1188 STANTHONY CT.	35'-0"	25-0"	FRONT	2-STURY	27-0"	WITT SIDING	SIMPLE
1189 ST. AXITHONY CK.	25-0	25-0	FRONT	2-570RY	27-0"	CEMENT	SIMPLE
1176 ST. ANTHONY CT.	25-0"	25'-0"	FRENT	2-STORY	27-0"	COMENT PLASTER /BRICK	SIMPLE
1172 ST. ANTHONY CT	25'-0"	25-0	FRONT	J-STURY	27-0"	N - 242	SIMPLE
1181 ST. ENJARLES CT.	25-0"	25-0"	FRONT	7-5TORY	27-01	SIDING/STON	SIMPLE
1173 T. CHARLES Ct.	25'-0"	25'-0"	FRONT	2-STORY	27'-0	PLASTER	SIMPLE
1140 NOTE DRIVE	25'-0"	25'-0"	FRONT	1-STORY	18'-0"	CEMENT	SIMPLE
1150 NOEL DRIVE	35-D"	25-0"	FRONT	1-570RY	18-0	PLASTER	SMPCE
1191 STANTHONY O	36-0	25-0"	FRONT	2-5/02	27-0	PLASTER	SIMPLE
1187 ST, ANTHONY C	7.30-0	25'-0"	FRONT	2-STORY	27'-0	CEMENT PLASTER	SIMPLE
1183 St. ANTHONY	ct. 25'-C	35-0	" FRONT	ISTORY	27'-0	PLASTER	SIMPLE

A_ FACHMENT C AREA MAP



CITY OF LOS ALTOS

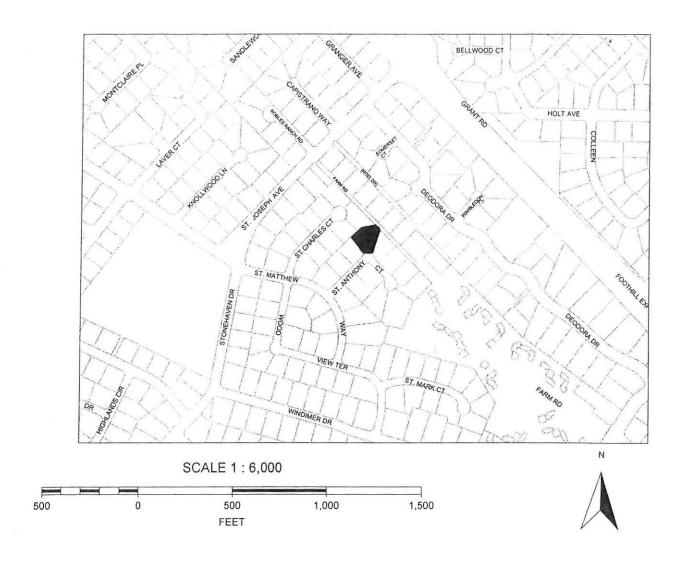
APPLICATION: 14-SC-26

APPLICANT: Timeline Design /J. and G. Perry SITE ADDRESS: 1180 Saint Anthony Court



Not to Scale

VICINITY MAP



CITY OF LOS ALTOS

APPLICATION: 14-SC-26

APPLICANT: Timeline Design /J. and G. Perry SITE ADDRESS: 1180 Saint Anthony Court



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www.drtrees.com

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Perry 1180 St. Anthony Court Los Altos, CA 94024

April 25, 2014

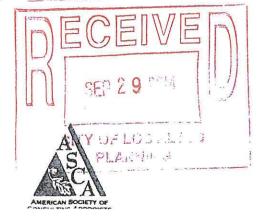
RE: Development impacts upon existing trees.

Greetings Mr. Perry,

Thank you for the opportunity to assist you with your tree related issue. On Friday April 4, 2014 I met with Mr. Ope Tani of Timeline Design at the above address to discuss your plans to construct a new residence and the probable development impacts of doing so upon existing trees. Based upon that meeting and subsequent site inspection I report the following.

Per Los Altos "Tree Protection Regulations: 11.08.040-Protected Trees," demolition of the existing structure and subsequent construction of the new residence with landscape improvements places at risk 7 protected trees—2 to be removed, 5 to be retained. All retained trees shall have tree protection and preservation efforts implemented prior to beginning demolition activities, see 11.08.120-Tree protection during construction, and my tree protection recommendations below.

The first tree in question is tree #7, a maturing single-stemmed Coast Live Oak (*Quercus agrifolia*) that appears to be approximately 24" in diameter at breast height measured at 48" above grade. The tree is located on the adjacent property along the front right hand side property line and exhibits those characteristics common to structurally and physiologically sound specimens. I did not access the neighboring property to physically measure the tree, which is in fact the largest of a group of 4 Oaks. See attached picture #2. It is the opinion of this Arborist that each of the 3 smaller Oaks appear to meet the minimum criteria for protected trees and should be treated as such.







Mr. and Mrs. Perry 4/25/14 Page 2

Trees in close proximity to property lines are commonly referred to as "Boundary Trees." As such, you and the owners of the trees are classified as *tenants in common*; each party subject to certain rights and *liabilities* related to the trees' long-term structural and physiological wellbeing. For these reasons I recommend tree protection and preservation efforts be directed toward your neighbors trees.

All four Oaks shall be protected by erecting a single contiguous Type I TPZ with a radius no less than 12' from the base of tree #7. See the section describing tree protection zones (TPZ) and the attached TPZ I diagram for a more thorough insight.

The remaining 6 trees at risk are a group of juvenile single-stemmed Coast Redwoods (*Sequoia sempervirens*) varying in size from 16.5" to 27.5" DBH all located in the back yard along the right hand side property line. See attached picture #1. Individual tree characteristics are documented in the attached tree inventory.

It is important and equally relevant to note that Coast Redwoods are one of the largest biological organisms on earth with the genetic potential to reach massive size above and below ground, equally capable to attain trunk diameters measured by tens-of-feet rather than inches, and with life spans measured by millennia rather than years. Furthermore, many Arborists including myself consider this species to be inappropriate for planting near infrastructure and/or property lines.

With these observations in mind, and per the criteria listed in *Section 11.08.090 A. 2, 5, and 6-Determination on Permit*, this group of six Redwoods are overpopulated and require selective thinning. More specifically, the location of trees #2 and #4 are in conflict with the proposed new foundation and should be removed.

I contend that the removal of both trees will not adversely impact the environmental and social benefits currently enjoyed by this stand of trees. I will argue that adherence to good urban forestry practices and fair uses of personal property are apropos, ultimately the basis of my recommendation, and are succinctly outlined in Los Altos *Tree Protection Regulations: 11.08.040 Protected Trees*.

The 4 remaining Redwoods shall be protected by erecting a single contiguous Type I TPZ fence with a radius no less than 14' from the base of the trees or as close as possible to the development area with mulch added to cover the trees' critical root zone.



Mr. and Mrs. Perry 4/25/14 Page 3

Tree Protection

Type I tree protection zones are fenced areas erected around trees to protect the roots and soil from being compacted, and to keep the trunk and branches clear from any construction or equipment damage. They are erected prior to beginning construction activities and are left in place until commencing the final landscape phase. A typical Type I TPZ consists of a six foot high fence (preferably chained link) that is securely installed in the ground and around the tree with a radius equal to (or as close as possible) the tree's drip line. A sign stating, "Tree Protection Zone-No Entry" is placed in clear view on the fence. Mulch to a depth of six inches is placed within the TPZ to further protect the roots and soil—do not cover the base of the trunk with the mulch. Storage of construction materials within the TPZ is strictly prohibited, and physical entry is limited to designated personnel only (one or two people preferably on a limited basis).

It is my professional opinion that the project as proposed is the best option available to ensure the protection and preservation of as many trees as possible. Should the tree protection and preservation recommendations stated throughout this report be clearly stated and understood by all personnel responsible for applying the practical aspects of your project, there is every reason to believe that the current level of health and condition of all protected trees will be maintained well into the future despite development activities.

We have enjoyed the opportunity to become involved with your tree related issue. Please do not hesitate to contact our office should you require any further assistance.

Sincerely,

David A. Laczko, BSIT

PN-ISA Certified Arborist #1233A

ISA Tree Risk Assessor Qualified

Member—American Society of Consulting Arborists

TREE INVENTORY 1180 ST. ANTHONY COURT LOS ALTOS, CA 94024

TREE #	COMMON NAME	SPECIES	DBH	SPREAD	CONDITION	PROTECTED	PRESCRIPTION
1	California Coast Redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	27.5"	70'	GOOD	YES	TPZ
2	California Coast Redwood	Sequola sempervirens	21"		GOOD	YES	REMOVE
3	California Coast Redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	24"	-	GOOD	YES	TPZ
4	California Coast Redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	23"		GOOD	YES	REMOVE
5	California Coast Redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	16.5"	-	GOOD	YES	TPZ
6	California Coast Redwood	Sequoia sempervirens	21"	•	GOOD	YES	TPZ
7	California Coast Live Oak	Quercus agrifolia	24"	60'	GOOD	YES	TPZ

Trees recommended for removal.

DBH-diameter at breast height, in Los Altos measured at 48 inches above grade.

SPREAD-measuring the diameter of the crown, measured from tip to tip of the longest lateral stems,

tree's #1 thru #6 have a combined canopy spread of approximately 70 feet.

CONDITION-visual assessment of a trees structural and physiological well-being.

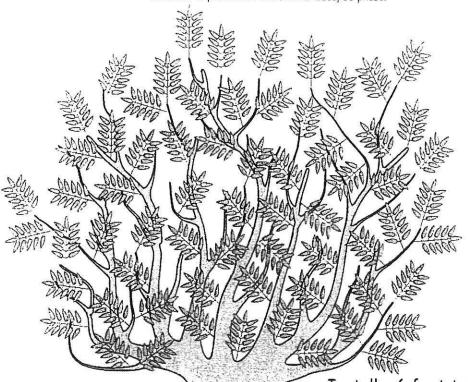
PROTECTED-in Los Altos protected trees are a minimum 48 inches DBH measured at 48 inches above grade.

PRESCRIPTION-the fate of a tree. TPZ = tree protection zone; or remove.



Type I Tree Protection Zone

TPZ's are erected to protect a tree above and below ground from development activities. They are erected prior to beginning construction activities then left in place until the final landscaped phase.



tpz radius = drip line

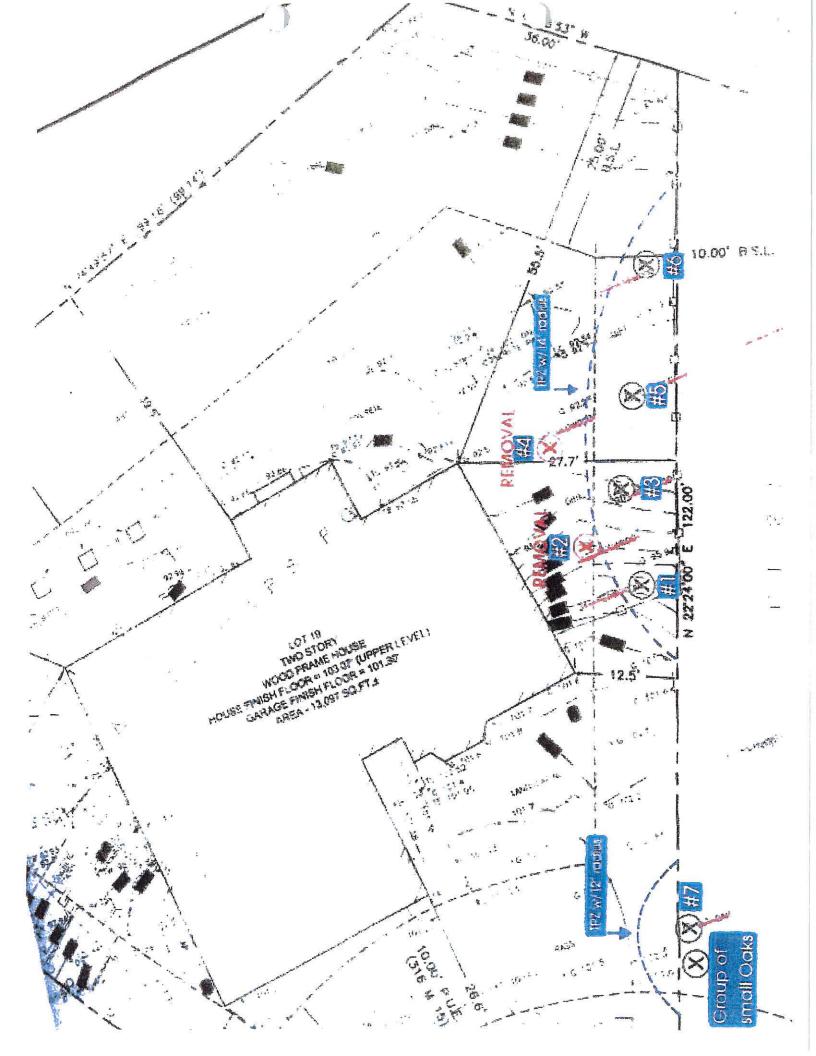
Install a 6 feet tall chained link fence using 2 inch diameter posts. Surround the whole tree.

Tree Protection Zone NO ENTRY

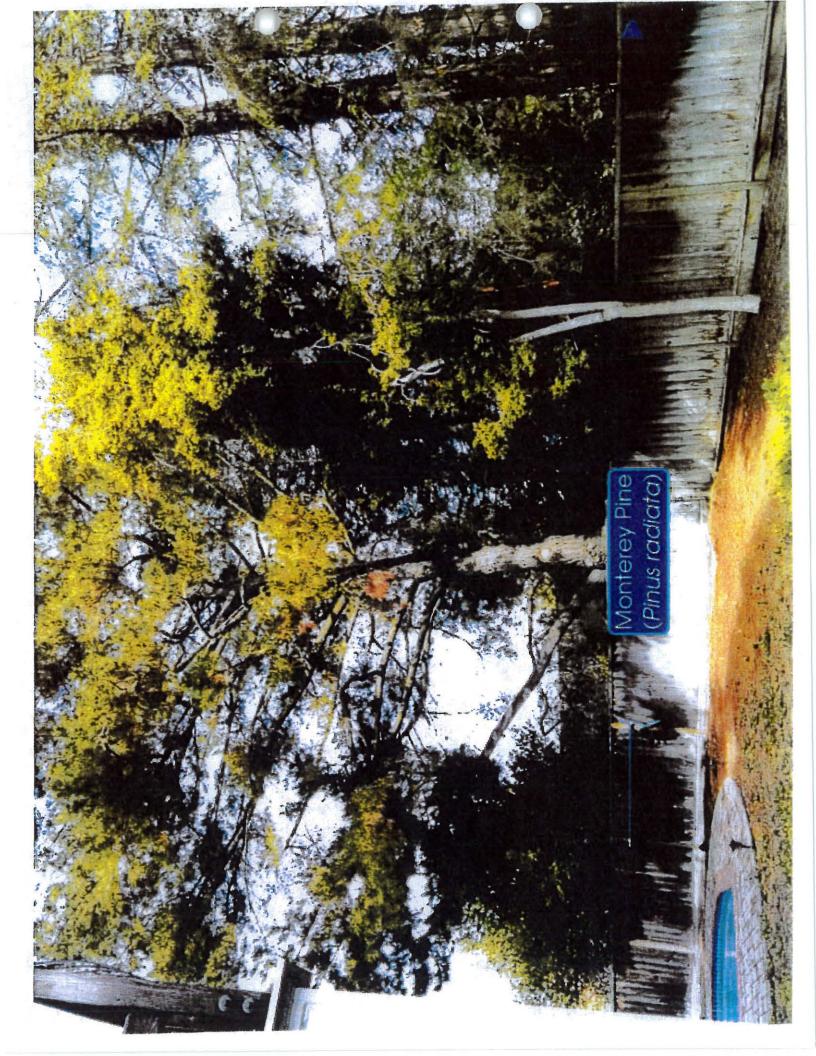
Tree Protection Zone NO ENTRY

TPZ signs visible from all points of ingress and egress.

Add 6 inches of mulch, do not bury the base of the tree.









ATTACHMENT E

ARBORICULTURAL CONSULTING

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CITY OF LOS ALTOS
PLANNING

July 31, 2014

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Perry 1180 St. Anthony Court Los Altos, CA 94024

RE: Addendum-Supplement to Arborist report dated April 25, 2014.

Greetings Mr. Perry,

Mr. Steve Diaz of Timeline Design contacted our firm to inform us that Mr. Ope Tani, formerly of Timeline Design, would no longer be our point of contact for this project. He requested that we review a new set of plans to determine if further tree protection and/or tree removal recommendations are required for your project. He further indicated concern for what the effects of a new pathway would be on the existing Redwoods and asked that we address that issue. Based upon that contact and review of the new plans, I report the following.

We were contacted by email with an attached "portable document format" (.PDF) file containing two sheets for our review. One named "Base Sheet" dated 7/17/14, and the second page called sheet A0.5, which also contained hand written notes. With that information I revisited the site on Friday July 25, 2014 to inventory and survey those trees not included in the above referenced Arborist report.

There are two additional trees meeting the criteria for a "Protected Tree." Both are Bailey Acacias (*Acacia baileyana*) measuring 22" and 20.5" in diameter at breast height measured at 48" above grade. This brings the total of protected trees on this property to 4. The Acacias appear to be structurally and physiologically sound, evidenced further by a vigorous and invasive spread of numerous volunteers sprouting along the property line. Both trees are located in the backyard along the rear fence line amongst a group of Acacias totaling 9 trees. These two protected trees are identified in the attached updated inventory as #9 and #11. See attached picture #3.







Mr. Perry 7/31/14 Page 2

Acacias grow vigorously and without added irrigation to such an extent that most species are considered invasive. It is my professional opinion that the Acacias located on your property are such an example, and therefore are inappropriate for their location. Based upon good urban forestry practices, I recommend that all specimens of this species be removed from this property and replaced with a more appropriate genus/species.

Regarding Mr. Diaz's pathway concerns, it is my understanding that the proposed pathway near the Redwoods will be installed using de-composed granite. De-composed granite is a preferred material for use when developing within a tree's critical root zone. Being pervious, it allows for the seepage of water to the roots and exchange of oxygen between the soil and the atmosphere. Installation of such a pathway using de-composed granite should not cause any adverse structural or physiological stresses upon the trees. However, grade changes to accommodate the pathway should not exceed 4" in depth. Should any roots 2" in diameter or greater be unearthed within the proposed 4" depth, stop activities in that area and contact our office for recommendations on how to proceed.

Other Observations

There are a number of trees residing on the adjacent property along the rear fence line that are in close proximity to development activities; a small group of Coast Redwoods (*Sequoia sempervirens*) and 1 Monterey Pine (*Pinus radiata*). See attached pictures #4 and #5. On the day of my visit the Redwoods appeared in distress with approximately 90% to 95% of the overall canopy appearing dead. I suspect water deprivation to be the root cause of the trees ill health. There are also distressed and dead shrubs along the fence line that appear to be of the genus *Pittosporum spp*. Any claim made in the future contending your development activities caused the death of either the Redwoods or nearby shrubs would in my opinion be inflammatory and lacking merit.

The Monterey Pine is located such that a significant portion of its canopy over hangs the existing pool. Roots from the tree have likely encroached as well. The tree appears to be in a good state of structural and physiological well-being. Care should be taken not to damage over hanging limbs while work crews fill-in the existing pool. I cannot recommend pruning the tree in a manner to gain clearance because of the time of year. No professional and licensed tree contractor should be trimming Pine trees during the hot summer months anywhere in the Bay Area—open pruning wounds will likely attract wood boring beetles.

Mr. Perry 7/31/14 Page 3

Excavation for the new lap pool should stay at least 22.5 feet or further away from the base of the Pine. Maintaining this distance should minimize the impact upon tree roots. Should roots be encountered then severed at this distance, any effect upon the trees physiological well-being would in the opinion of this Arborist be negligible and within acceptable parameters.

Should excavation be required within that 22.5 feet distance, a Certified Arborist should be onsite to advise work crews should they encounter large roots while excavating.

In any event, I would advise that you or some representative you deem responsible, water this Pine from your side of the yard prior to beginning development activities. Water deprivation is a well-known stressor of Monterey Pines in inland areas. We often see a return of color and vigor for those Pines that receive supplemental irrigation during summer months.

We are witnessing an increase in the mortality of Monterey Pines this year throughout the South Bay Peninsula, likely due to water deprivation. Your effort to water the tree will surely convey a sense of due diligence to protect and preserve surrounding trees from the effects of your development activities.

To conclude, there are a total of 4 trees meeting the criteria for "protected tree" located on your property, with 2 additional trees residing upon adjacent properties. It is my professional opinion that all 4 protected trees located on your property are proper candidates for removal and recommend as such. Tree protection and preservation efforts are required for the 2 trees located on adjacent properties, 1 Coast Live Oak in front, and 1 Monterey Pine in the rear. The required tree protection requirements for the Oak were described in the first Arborist report. No additional physical tree protection materials are required for the Monterey Pine in the backyard, but further discussion between Timeline Design and our office is required to ensure excavation for the new lap pool does not cause undue harm to the tree.

Please do not hesitate to contact our office at your earliest convenience should you have questions, comments, or concerns related to any recommendation or observation made herein.

Sincerely,

David A. Laczko, BSIT

PN-ISA Certified Arborist #1233A

pp David Laceko

ISA Tree Risk Assessor Qualified

Member—American Society of Consulting Arborists



19

20

21

Monterey Pine

Flowering Plum

Italian Cypress; 14 ea.

1180 ST. ANTHONY COURT LOS ALTOS, CA 94024 TREE # **COMMON NAME** SPECIES DBH SPREAD CONDITION PROTECTED PRESCRIPTION 1 California Coast Redwood Seguoia sempervirens 27.5" 70' GOOD YES Type II TPZ 2 California Coast Redwood 21" Sequoia sempervirens GOOD 3 California Coast Redwood Seguoia sempervirens 24" -GOOD YES Type II TPZ 4 California Coast Redwood Sequoia sempervirens 23" 5 California Coast Redwood Sequola sempervirens 16.5" GOOD YES Type I TPZ 6 California Coast Redwood Sequoia sempervirens 21" GOOD YES Type I TPZ 7 California Coast Live Oak Quercus agrifolia 24" 60' GOOD YES Type I TPZ 8 Silk Oak Grevillea robusta 14" 25' FAIR NO REMOVE 9 Bailey Acacia Acacia baileyana 22" 35' 10 Bailey Acacia Acacia baileyana 6.5" 60' GOOD NO REMOVE 11 Bailey Acacia Acacia bailevana 20.5" 12 **Bailey Acacia** Acacia baileyana 3.5" GOOD NO REMOVE 13 Bailey Acacia Acacia baileyana 9.5" GOOD NO REMOVE 14 Bailey Acacia 4" Acacia baileyana GOOD NO REMOVE 15 Bailey Acacia Acacia baileyana 9" GOOD NO REMOVE 16 **Bailey Acacia** Acacia baileyana 9.5" GOOD NO REMOVE 17 Bailey Acacia Acacia baileyana 10" GOOD NO REMOVE 18 **Brush Cherry** Syzygium congestum 7.5" 12' GOOD NO REMOVE

30ⁿ

10"

7"-10"

12'

12'

40"

GOOD

GOOD

GOOD

NO

NO

NO

See report.

NA

NA

TREE INVENTORY

Protected trees recommended for removal.

Protected trees requiring tree protection efforts.

DBH-diameter at breast height, in Los Altos measured at 48 inches above grade.

Pinus radiata

Prunus cerasifera 'var'

Cupressus sempervirens

SPREAD-measuring the diameter of the crown, measured from tip to tip of the longest lateral stems, trees #1 thru #6 have a combined canopy spread of approximately 70 feet; trees #9 thru #17 have a combined canopy spread of approximately 60 feet: the 14 Italian Cypress have a combined canopy spread of 40 feet.

CONDITION-visual assessment of a trees structural and physiological well-being.

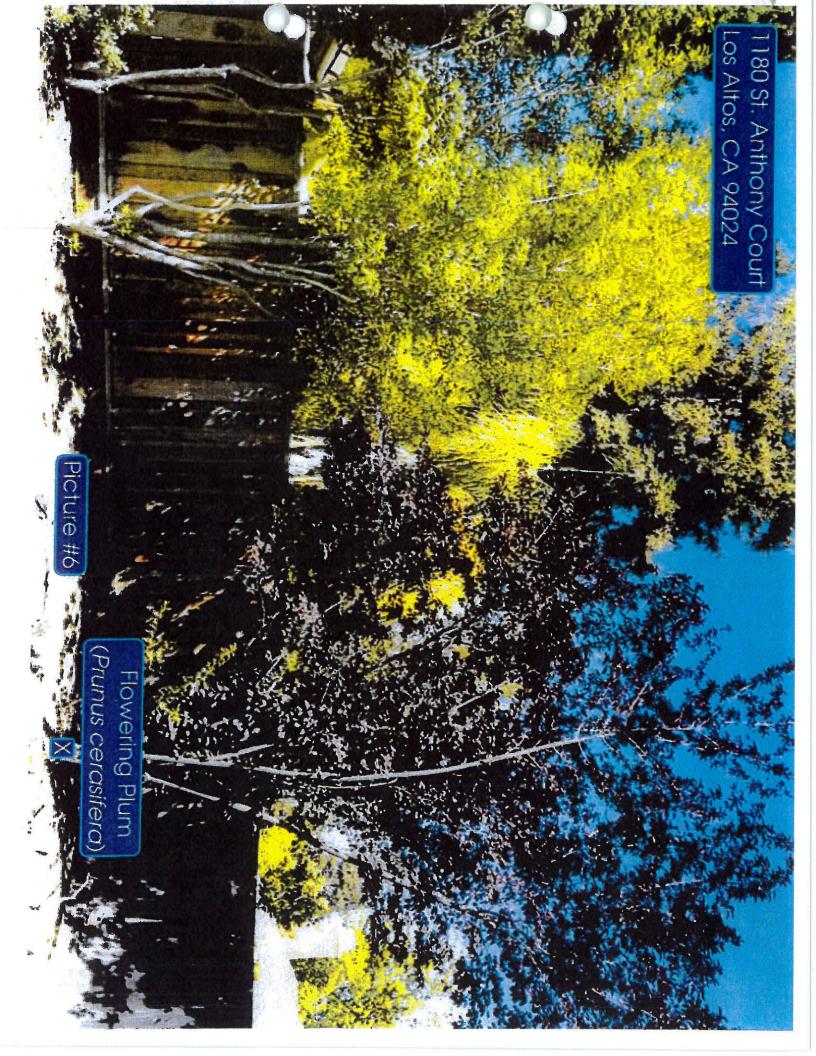
PROTECTED-in Los Altos protected trees are a minimum 48 inches in circumference measured at 48 inches above grade, aka 15" diameter. **PRESCRIPTION**-the fate of a tree. TPZ = tree protection zone; or remove.

> 7/31/14 Perry Report D. Laczko #1233A















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Mr. Rick Lambers Project Manager Timeline Design 14401 Big Basin Way Saratoga, CA 95070

May 10, 2016

RE: Excavation impacts upon existing trees. 1190 St. Anthony Court Los Altos, CA 94024

Greetings Mr. Lambers,

Per your request I visited the above referenced address on Tuesday May 10, 2016 to inspect existing trees that were the subject of an Arborist report authored by me dated April 25, 2014. You asked that I inspect then assess the effect that recent excavation activities have had upon trees #1 and 3. Subsequent to our meeting and my inspection of the site and trees, I report the following.

I arrived on site to find that soil was excavated in close proximity to trees #1 and 3. See attached picture #1. Close inspection of the cut revealed numerous structural roots originating from both trees were severed at a distance of no more than 18" to 24". It is my professional opinion that both trees are now structurally compromised and I recommend the immediate removal of both due to an increased potential for whole tree catastrophic failure.

Sincerely,

David A. Laczkó

PN-ISA Certified Arborist #1233A

ISA Tree Risk Assessor Qualified

Member—American Society of Consulting Arborists







