



CITY OF LOS ALTOS, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Prepared by

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DEPARTMENT







Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

INTRODUCTORY SECTION:

Letter of Transmittal	i
List of Principal Officials	vi
Organizational Chart	vii
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Activities	22
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	26
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet with the Statement of Net Position	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	28
Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds with the Statement of Activities	29
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	33
Statement of Cash Flows	34
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	36
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	37

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued):

Required Supplementary Information:

Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan:	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio as of the Measurement Date	80
Schedule of Contributions	81
Agent Multiple Employer Retiree Healthcare OPEB Plan:	
Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – Retiree Healthcare OPEB Plan	82
Schedule of Contributions	83
Notes to Schedule of Employer Contribution	83
Schedules of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
General Fund	84
In-Lieu Park Land Special Revenue Fund	85
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	86
Other Supplementary Information	
General Fund	
Combining Balance Sheet	90
Combining Schedule of Revenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	91
Non-major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	96
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	100
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual:	
Vehicle Impound FundSupplemental Law Enforcement Fund	
Gas Tax Fund	
Proposition 1B Fund	
Community Development Block Grant Fund	
Downtown Parking Fund	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued):

	Traffic Impact Fee Fund	110
	Estate Donation Fund	
	TDA Fund	
	PEG FundVehicle Registration Fees Fund	
	SB1 Road Maintenance Rehabilitation Fund	
	Traffic Congestion Relief Program Fund	
	Equipment Replacement Capital Projects Fund	
Interi	nal Service Fund:	
	Combining Statement of Net Position.	120
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	121
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	122
Fiduc	ciary Funds:	
	Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	124
STAT	TISTICAL SECTION:	
	Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	131
	Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	132
	Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	134
	Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	136
	Tax Revenues by Source – Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	138
	Assessed Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Fiscal Years	139
	Property Tax Dollar Breakdown	140
	Property Tax Dollars by Recipient Group	141
	Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates – Last Ten Fiscal Years	142
	Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	143
	Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	144
	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	145
	Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	146
	Legal Debt Margin – Last Ten Fiscal Years	147

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued):

Demographic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years	148
Principal Employers – Current Year	149
Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	150
Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	152
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	153
Γrust and Agency Debt Administration – Last Ten Fiscal Years	154



February 8, 2021

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Los Altos, California

We are pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Los Altos, California (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 with the Independent Auditors' Report. The CAFR was prepared by the City's Administrative Services Department. The information contained in this CAFR is based on a comprehensive framework of internal control established for this purpose. The objective is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, that the presentation fairly shows the financial position and the results of the City's operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that the included disclosures will provide the reader with an understanding of the City's financial affairs.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section of the CAFR and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A provides an important narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the Basic Financial Statements, and can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY AND ITS SERVICES

Tree-lined streets and a small village atmosphere characterize Los Altos, which is in the heart of world-famous Silicon Valley. Just 40 miles south of San Francisco, Los Altos is a residential community with a population of approximately 32,000 served by seven small retail areas. The seven-square mile residential city is developed with small businesses, schools, libraries and churches. Incorporated on December 1, 1952, Los Altos is a general law city operating under the Council-Manager form of government. There are five Council members elected at large, serving four-year overlapping terms. Municipal services provided include police, street maintenance, engineering, community development, parks, recreation and sewer. Fire protection is contracted with the Santa Clara County Central Fire Protection District.

SERVICE EFFORTS AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

Service Efforts

In FY 2019-20, the City continued its commitment to provide a high level of service to its residents and citizens, adhered to its adopted financial plan as evidenced by the budget-to-actual reporting presented within this document. Budgetary limits again were met with the General Fund reporting a healthy reserve over expenses this year while contingency reserves were strengthened. The latter half of FY 2019-20 saw the City face financial uncertainty due to COVID-19. Because of prudent decision making and planning during the early stages of the crisis, all major funds performed within acceptable limits through proper stewardship and integrity of funds.

Major Initiatives

Capital Improvements: FY 2019-20 marked another year of capital investment into the community with further resources applied to City-wide improvements. Some of the key capital expenditures of note during FY 2019-20 include the following:

- \$13,503,348.94 Hillview Community Center
- 916,963.97 CIPP Corrosion Replacement
- 809,625.17 Street Resurfacing
- 311,019.05 Sanitary Sewer Video Inspection
- 274,589.14 Civic Facilities
- 161,998.22 IT Initiatives
- 96,503.71 Root Foaming

Pedestrian Safety, Roads and Walkways: Los Altos is exceptional for investing a significant amount of resources on a variety of roadway, pedestrian and bikeway initiatives and improvements. Over \$1 million was applied to street resurfacing, sidewalk repairs and street lighting systems which enhanced safety lighting and street striping. These efforts support the City's highway condition index while increasing overall pedestrian, bicycle and vehicle safety.

Civic Facilities: This last fiscal year continues to confirm the priority of the City Council to address the City's aging facilities and buildings. In FY 2019-20, the City undertook the demolition and first stages of construction of a \$38 million state-of-the-art community center as well as began planning for design and construction of a new Emergency Operations Center.

FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Financial Policies: Throughout the years, the City has followed a fiscally conservative philosophy of building and maintaining healthy financial reserves. This practice has allowed the City to continue providing quality services to its residents while finally positioning itself to invest in the rehabilitation of its infrastructure. On an annual basis, the Council approves financial policies designed to promote sound financial management and ensure fiscal integrity over time. This CAFR reflects the implementation of these financial guidelines and presents all fund reserves and designations to define fund balance commitments and obligations as of the financial report date.

Internal Control Structure: City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining fiscal internal controls designed to safeguard the assets of the government from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that accounting data is accurately compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity

with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

Cash Management Policies: It is the City's practice to "pool" available cash from all funds for investment purposes. In accordance with the annually adopted investment policy, available cash is invested with the goal of safety, meaning protection of principal, as the priority, ensuring adequate liquidity as the second priority and maximizing yield as the third priority. This past year continued to display moderate growth in the historically low interest rates with Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) earnings rates around 1.5%. Staff continues to act on Council direction to engage investment advisory services and continues to diversify the City's investment portfolio as a means of mitigating the impact of interest rate swings. As always, the emphasis remains on preserving the safety of principal.

Strengthening Key Fund Reserves: This financial report reflects the attainment of judicious fiscal reserves noting increases in both capital and economic safety fund balances. As projected in the budget process, the results herein place the City in a position to maintain at least two months of budget expenditures in General Fund reserve. The City continues to prepare for the increase in the annual CalPERS payments by maintaining the CalPERS Reserve at \$5 million.

Risk Management: The City is insured for general liability through the Bay Cities Joint Powers Insurance Authority that covers claims in an amount up to \$10 million with a deductible or uninsured liability of up to \$100,000 per claim. The City is self-insured for Workers' Compensation and has an excess insurance policy for such claims up to the statutory limits. The City continues to maintain more than adequate funding levels to cover the cost of its actuarial obligations, but these rising cost areas will require continued attention in the coming years.

GASB 75 Compliance: This report complies with the provisions of Government Accounting Standard Board Statement #75 (GASB 75). This standard pertains to Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB) and requires the completion of an actuarial study to account for post employee benefit liabilities that exist. This reporting requirement is described in financial note 12 of the CAFR and the related liabilities reflected in the statements. As of June 30, 2020, the City's net OPEB obligation was valued at \$1.4 million, an amount reflected in the government-wide statements. The City has set aside \$1.5 million in reserves to address this liability funding. The City has moved this set aside to an irrevocable trust for OPEB with CalPERS.

EXECUTIVE FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

This executive financial overview is presented as a supplement to the more detailed and comprehensive analysis presented in the MD&A. This section highlights key financial performance indicators for our major funds.

General Fund

The General Fund, the primary operating fund of the City, favorably exceeded expectations with an operating surplus of \$6.5 million for Fiscal Year 2019-20. Currently, the City continues to fill vacant positions. Through our continued commitment to sound financial planning, conservative budgeting and faithful stewardship, annual surpluses are expected to continue. At year end, the total General Fund balance equaled \$36.5 million with an unassigned fund balance of \$7.9 million after commitments and assignments. As planned for in the budget process, this surplus margin will be allocated to maintain the City's Operating Reserve at 20% and allocating major funding to capital improvements, such as street maintenance and the new Emergency Operations Center.

After the transfer and use of reserve activity listed below, the final General Fund balance decreased by \$11.2 million. These non-operating and transfer activities are as follows:

- \$111,850 transfer in from public safety grant funds
- \$167,200 transfer out for general debt service payments
- \$16,656,800 transfer out for capital projects
- 982,518 transfer out for Workers' Compensation Insurance payments

The General Fund revenue streams continues to grow at a steady pace. Property tax, which accounts for nearly 56% of the City's revenues, continues to be the City's strong point with an increase of 8.41% in FY 2019-20 over the prior year.

Revenue (millions)	2020 Actual	2020 Actual	2019 Actual	Variance \$	Variance %
Property Tax	25,786,599	\$25.79	\$23.79	\$2.00	8.41%
Sales Tax	3,373,391	3.37	3.46	-0.09	-2.60%
Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT)	2,359,762	2.36	3.17	-0.81	-25.55%
Utility Users Tax	2,838,663	2.84	2.74	0.1	3.65%
Other Taxes	1,238,446	1.24	1.35	-0.11	-8.15%
Franchise Fees	2,286,957	2.29	2.22	0.07	3.15%
Interest	1,794,674	1.79	1.91	-0.12	-6.28%
Recreation	846,586	0.85	1.96	-1.11	-56.63%
License and Permits	4,670,417	4.67	4.14	0.53	12.80%
Other	841,253	0.84	0.97	-0.13	-13.40%
Total	46,036,748	\$46.04	\$45.71	\$0.33	0.72%

General Fund revenues increased by 0.7% overall in contrast to a 11.22% increase in the prior year. Revenues came in above of our annual budget estimates with interest, other revenues, and property tax being the front runners. Interest income showed a slight decrease. Property Tax showed an increase of 8.41% from the prior year. Sales tax showed a decrease of 2.60% mainly due to slowing of the economy during the COVID-19 pandemic. Interest income is expected to remain steady in the upcoming year. The City's other taxes, such as real estate transfer tax and documentary transfer tax, remained relatively stable. License and permit fees increased based on development activity and timing of payments within the City. Recreation programs declined 56.63% due to the cancellation of recreation programs because of the COVID-19 pandemic.

General Fund expenditures came in even less than the anticipated budget. As in years past, General Fund expenditures came in significantly below General Fund revenues. Although this is continued evidence of sound fiscal management, we continue to recommend prudence and caution in future fiscal planning, as well as a continual effort to look for opportunities to improve management of City funds.

Other Funds

Capital Project Funds: The Capital Projects Fund was very active, with expenditure levels reaching \$15.3 million, ending the year with a positive total fund balance of \$3,864,566.

Special Revenue, Internal and Enterprise Funds: All other Governmental and Business Type funds performed as expected. Non-major special revenue funds ended the year with a combined balance of \$5.0 million while Enterprise funds ended the year with combined net position of \$27.8 million.

Trust and Agency Funds: The City acts as a custodian of funds held for the benefit of others including the administration of the North County Library Authority (NCLA). The long-standing Raymundo and the Blue

Oak Lane Sewer special assessment district are classified in the trust and agency group in recognition of the limited nature of this debt which is fully collateralized by homeowner assessments without City obligation.

ECONOMIC TRENDS

The City continues to perform well financially overall and continues to maintain its target reserve levels. As we navigate FY 2020-21 and beyond, we remain constantly aware of the financial challenges that face all local municipalities in particular the financial challenges caused by COVID-19, the effects of which will impact the City for multiple years to come. In addition, we continue to monitor the significant rises in pension, healthcare and construction costs. Given the reliance on property tax revenues and the rising revenues in Community Development fees and other revenue streams, we must remain ever vigilant in monitoring economic trends and long-term financial issues. Through fiscal stewardship, proper budgeting and prudent use of our reserves, the City of Los Altos is set to continue its commitment of taking care of its capital needs and residents for the foreseeable future.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The public accounting firm of Maze and Associates performed the annual independent audit. The auditors' report on the City's financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. In the last 14 years, the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Division staff. Every member of the department deserves recognition and thanks for their commitment to the City and their profession. We also want to thank Maze and Associates, our independent auditors, for their professionalism in performing this year-end financial audit, as well as the members of the Financial Commission for their dedication and expertise to help shape policies and procedures. We would also like to thank the members of the City Council and Chris Jordan, former City Manager, along with Executive Team for their leadership and oversight in managing the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Jon Maginot

Deputy City Manager

City of Los Altos

List of Principal Officials **As of June 30, 2020**

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor	Jan Pepper
Vice Mayor	
City Council	
City Council	
City Council	

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

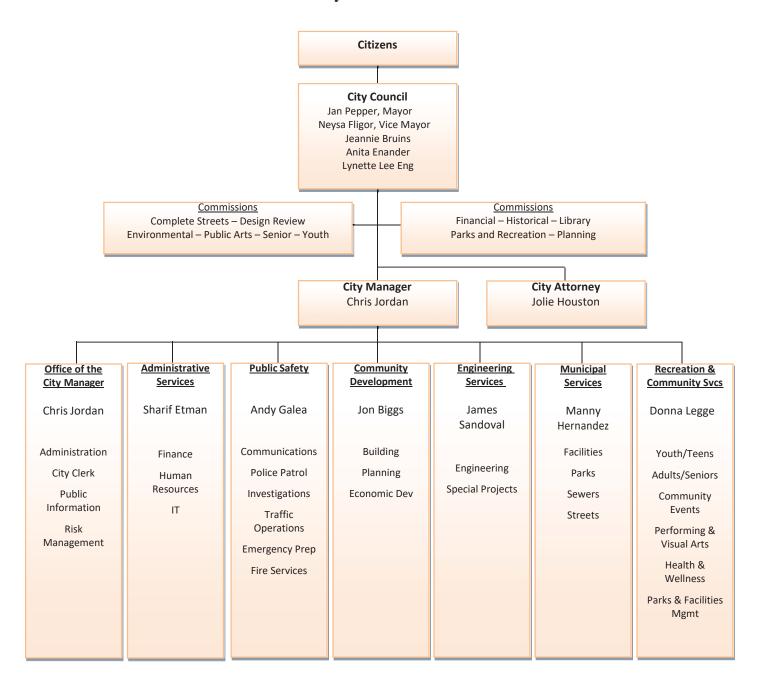
City Manager	Christopher Jordan
City Attorney	Jolie Houston

EXECUTIVE TEAM

Community Development Director	Jon Biggs
Deputy City Manager	Jon Maginot
Assistant City Manager	Vacant
Chief of Police	
Administrative Services Director	Sharif Etman
Engineering Services Director	James Sandoval
Human Resources Manager	Jennifer Leal
Recreation & Community Services	Donna Legge
Municipal Services Director	Manuel Hernandez



City of Los Altos





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Los Altos California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Los Altos, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Los Altos (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, and Other Required Supplementary information listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information, and Statistical Section listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 3, 2021, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pleasant Hill, California January 3, 2021

City of Los Altos Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The purpose of this discussion and analysis is to provide an overview of the City's financial performance and activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Readers are encouraged to consider this information in conjunction with the executive summary provided in the letter of transmittal that can be found on pages i to v of this report.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which is comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Reporting on the City as a Whole

Government-wide Financial Statements: The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all City assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, maintenance and public works services, planning, building, engineering and recreation. The City's business-type activities include water, wastewater, storm water and parking.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21 to 23 of this report.

Reporting on the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements: A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds; proprietary funds; and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds: *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 19 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, In-Lieu Park Land Special Revenue Fund, and Capital Project Fund, each of which are major funds. Data from the other 16 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these *non-major* governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in the fund financial statements section of this report.

The City adopts a budget annually for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, (except for the Storm Dram Deposits Fund), and Equipment Replacement Capital Projects Fund that is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for several key governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 to 29 of this report.

Proprietary Funds: The City maintains two types of *proprietary funds*. Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in the City's *enterprise funds*. These proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its City dental plan and unemployment insurance, as well as Workers' Compensation and Liability Insurance costs. Because these services predominantly benefit the governmental function, they have been included in the government-wide financial statements and related intrafund charges have been eliminated accordingly.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. All four internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The City's three enterprise funds (Sewer, Solid Waste and Storm Drain) are considered major funds and are presented as such in the fund financial statements. The City follows the practice of adopting annual budgets for these operations as well.

The combining statements referred to earlier in relation to non-major governmental funds, proprietary and internal service funds, are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 93 to 103 of this report.

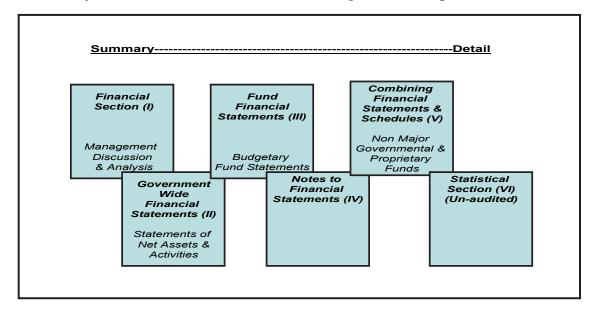
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. These can be found on pages 37 to 75 of this report.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's budget-to-actual financial comparisons for the General Fund. The City has elected to present this information within the basic financial statement and financial statement sections of the report.

The City as Trustee

Fiduciary Funds: The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the North County Library Authority (NCLA) and two special assessment districts – Raymundo and Blue Oak Sewer Lane improvements. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

In summary, the various sections of this financial report are arranged as follows:



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City ended its fiscal year on a government-wide basis with total revenues of \$58.6 million, which was an increase of \$2.7 million or 4.8% compared to prior year, and total expenses of \$54.5 million, an increase of \$8.5 million or 21.3%. The results represent combined government and business operations, with an overall increase in net position of \$4.1 million due to continuing strong revenues combined with contained expenditures City-wide. These favorable fiscal results have continued to strengthen the City's reserves and allow the City to continue proactive capital project plans.

Operational revenue gains were noted in property tax, hotel occupancy, and utility tax. The Capital Grants and Contributions increased by \$1.0 million due to a slight increase in revenues in the Engineering department. Sewer revenues increased \$1.5 million due to additional tax collected and solid waste revenues were stable and positioned to facilitate future operational and capital needs.

The increase in Government-wide expenses is the result of filling vacant full-time staff positions as well as additional expenses related to responding to COVID-19. Resource uses continue to reflect an emphasis on public safety, infrastructure maintenance, quality of life and community development activity.

The City has made significant progress on many capital improvement initiatives, which include maintenance and street resurfacing, streetscape and intersection improvements, and pedestrian and traffic safety enhancements throughout the City. Currently, the largest project is the Los Altos Community Center, which is scheduled to be completed Spring 2021. The City has also made significant capital investments in the maintenance and improvement of the City-wide sewer systems.

Government-Wide View

- Net position (excess of assets over liabilities) equaled \$129.2 million, an increase of \$4.1 million, or 3.3%. This is mainly attributed to the increase in tax revenue with the use of portions of those increased revenues for infrastructure maintenance and improvements. The City's net position represents its total net holdings, which are not necessarily unrestricted depending upon the source of the original funding.
- Unrestricted assets equaled \$20.7 million. Governmental unrestricted assets totaled \$5.2 million at year end, a decrease of \$16.5 million, while business activities-related unrestricted assets totaled \$15.5 million. The unrestricted net position, as presented in the government-wide section of the CAFR, does not account for local fund restrictions, project assignments and/or policy reserves as classified with the governmental fund section of the report.
- Governmental activities reported ending net position of \$101.5 million, an increase of \$0.7 million. The increase in government net position arises from positive operating results, fee collections and cost containment.
- Business activities reported ending net position of \$27.8 million, an increase of \$3.4 million due to positive operating results in the Sewer and Solid Waste Funds and substantial capital investments along with partial offsets of Storm Drain activity losses.
- On a combined basis, restricted net position amounted to \$15.4 million compared to \$11.4 million last year and represents the extent to which funds are categorically constrained.

Fund Level View

- The General Fund realized an operating surplus of \$5.5 million which was \$3.2 million lower than the prior year due to a decrease in revenue from property tax and sales tax while increasing spending related to recreation and admin/community development.
- General Fund revenues, excluding transfers, increased over prior year actuals by \$321,000 or 1.0% to \$46.0 million. Current year results also exceeded budget estimates by 1.2%. Related expenditures increased by \$3.7 million to \$40.6 million, or 9.7%, a result of increased normal costs and contract commitments.
- Total governmental fund balances equaled \$50.8 million at fiscal year-end, an \$8.2 million decrease from the prior year. The decrease is in the transfers out realized in the general fund.
- General government capital spending totaled approximately \$15.3 million. The level of
 capital reinvestment in Los Altos reflects a sustained focus on maintenance of streets,
 facilities, traffic calming efforts and safety. The Capital Improvements Projects Fund balance
 increased by \$3.4 million due to allocation of unassigned fund balance from the prior year to
 end the year at \$3.9 million.
- The Traffic Impact Fee Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$532,000 with revenues of \$44,000.
- The Gas Tax Fund balance increased by \$399,000 to \$1.6 million with funds used for capital projects including surplus revenue for the year.
- Sewer operations ended the year favorably in net position of \$22.7 million. Operating expenses increased by \$255,000 or 4.8% as a result of the City continued attention to system maintenance.
- As in the prior year, the Storm Drain Fund has exhausted available resources. These
 operations are now fully General Fund-subsidized and will continue to be absent until the
 implementation of a fee-based model.
- The Workers' Compensation Fund ended the year with an unrestricted net position of \$2.6 million, an increase of \$186,000. The General Liability Fund ended the year with unrestricted net position of \$1.1 million, a decrease of \$767,000. Both funds cover their actuarial valuations, which coupled with a proactive risk management program, make the City well positioned to address claim liabilities.
- Other Non-Major Governmental Funds ended the year with a total combined fund balance of \$6.0 million, a, increase of \$328,000 or 5.8%.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position at the City-wide level as presented in the statement of net position and statement of activities which are summarized below as of June 30, 2020. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. On a combined basis, the City experienced an increase of \$4.1 million or 3.3% in net position.

City of Los Altos Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				
		2020		2019			2020	2019
Cash and Investments	\$	63,268,249	\$	67,585,725		\$	16,839,877	\$ 14,394,397
Other Assets		6,411,971		3,704,472			217,015	226,493
Capital Assets		81,873,795		68,902,699			12,288,198	11,239,262
Total Assets		151,554,015		140,192,896			29,345,090	25,860,152
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Related to Pension (Note 11)		9,058,116		9,003,165			363,200	371,905
Related to OPEB (Note 12)		208,711		292,020			21,980	21,980
Bond Debt		125,000		1,005,000			_	_
Other Liabilities		56,288,158		45,425,065			1,830,382	1,766,735
Total Liabilities		56,413,158		46,430,065			1,830,382	1,766,735
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Related to Pension (Note 11)		2,328,812		2,232,373			107,854	109,833
Related to OPEB (Note 12)		477,907		47,430			3,570	3,570
Related to Revenue		150,713		52,724			-	-
Net Position								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		80,868,795		67,611,265			12,288,198	11,239,262
Net of Related Debt								
Restricted		15,365,129		11,381,422			-	-
Unrestricted		5,216,328		21,732,802			15,500,266	13,134,637
Total Net Position	\$	101,450,252	\$	100,725,489	:	\$	27,788,464	\$ 24,373,899

Governmental Activities investment in capital assets makes up the largest portion of the City's net position of seventy-nine percent (80%). These assets reflect land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment, less any associated outstanding debt. As these assets represent foundational infrastructure used in support of basic City services, they are generally not available for future spending.

A portion of the City's net position, consisting of fifteen percent (15%), represents resources subject to external spending restrictions. The remaining six percent (5%) of net position are defined as unrestricted and generally available for future capital projects and discretionary use with the caveat these funds are a composite of several governmental funds which may include assigned project commitments and assignments specifically associated with active and ongoing projects.

Some key entity-wide observations include the following:

- Cash and investments for the City overall have a decrease of \$1.9 million from last year's
 holdings, which included a decrease in governmental activities and an increase in
 business-type activities. The change was a factor of financial uncertainties due to COVID19, an increase in business-type charges for services, and the loss of revenue from charges
 for services in the governmental funds.
- Net position for the City overall equaled \$129.2 million, an increase of \$4.1 million or 3.3%, largely due to the increase in annual tax revenue and increase in sewer charges for services.
- Business-type activities reported net position of \$27.8 million at year end, a \$3.4 million, or 14.0% increase. The Sewer Master Plan has been completed along with a multi-year rate adjustment program to provide resources to address sewer infrastructure rehabilitation. Solid Waste revenues exceeded direct expenses allowing for future initiatives in this important environmental area of operations.

Governmental Activities

Governmental programs, which include public services, realized revenue increased by \$1.1 million, or 2.2%, and total expenses increased by \$8.5 million, or 21.3%. Including all sources and uses, governmental net position increased by \$0.7 million, or 0.72%, ending the year with a total net position of \$101.4 million.

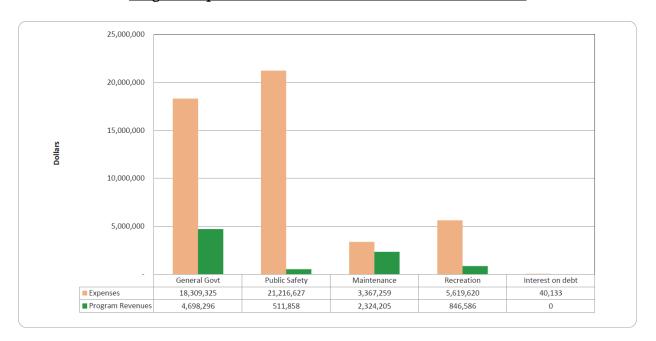
- Property tax continues to be the City's single largest source of revenue representing about 52.3% of general government-wide revenues. Property tax continued its aggressive growth increasing by \$2.0 million, or 8.4%.
- Charges for services, make up 12.0% of government revenues. The admin/community services revenue increased from the prior year amount due to increased project development throughout the City.
- Sales tax showed a decrease of \$88,000 or 2.5%, due to the timing of sales tax receipts from the state.
- Interest revenues increased from the prior year by \$369,000 or 16.6% given higher interest rates in line with the current Federal Reserve. This also includes unrealized gains / losses for the year.
- Government expenses, including allocated capital maintenance costs, increased by \$8.5 million or 21.3%. Interest on long-term debt decreased by \$11,000 or 21.5% remained flat, reflective of the City's low debt level.

A comparison of the governmental activities and business-type activities program revenues and expenses for the current year and prior year is presented below:

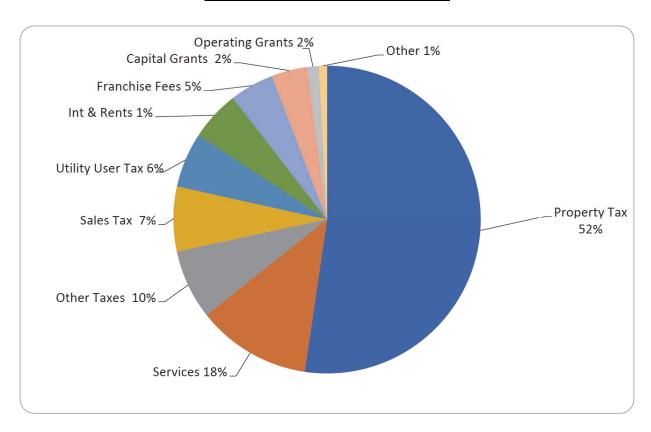
City of Los Altos Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020

	Governmenta	Governmental Activities Business-Type		Activities	
-	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Revenues					
Program Revenue					
Charges for Services	\$5,916,432	\$7,282,383	\$8,789,190	\$7,308,230	
Operating Grants/Contributions	608,466	691,244	-	-	
Capital Grants/Contributions	1,856,047	806,436	-	-	
General Revenue			-	-	
Property Tax	25,786,599	23,791,531	-	-	
Sales Tax	3,373,391	3,461,298	-	-	
Utility User Tax	2,838,663	2,743,570	-	-	
Other Taxes	3,598,208	4,514,395	-	-	
Franchise Fees	2,286,957	2,222,236	-	-	
Interest Income	2,594,932	2,225,556	578,748	476,701	
Miscellaneous	418,032	456,135	-	-	
Total Revenue	49,277,727	48,194,784	9,367,938	7,784,931	
Expenses					
Public Safety	21,216,627	18,945,293	-	-	
Public Works	3,367,259	6,534,135	-	-	
Recreation	5,619,620	3,060,606	-	-	
Community Development	6,596,157	5,547,127	-	-	
Admin/Community Services	11,713,168	5,904,541	-	-	
Interest on Long-Term Debt	40,133	51,100	-	-	
Sewer	-	-	5,527,276	5,272,610	
Solid Waste	-	-	426,097	465,528	
Storm Drain	-	-			
Total Expenses	48,552,964	40,042,802	5,953,373	5,738,138	
Excess/(Deficiency) before					
Transfers	724,763	8,151,982	3,414,565	2,046,793	
Transfers	-	-	-	-	
Loss on Disposal of Assets	-	-		-	
Change in Net Position	724,763	8,151,982	3,414,565	2,046,793	
Net Position - Beginning of					
Year	100,725,489	92,573,507	24,373,899	22,327,106	
Net Position - End of Year	\$101,450,252	\$100,725,489	\$27,788,464	\$24,373,899	

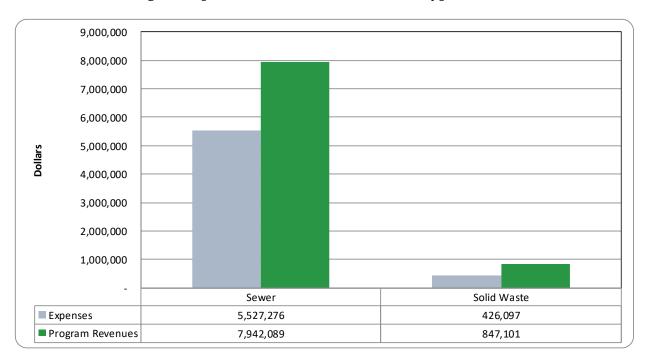
Program Expenses and Revenues - Governmental Activities



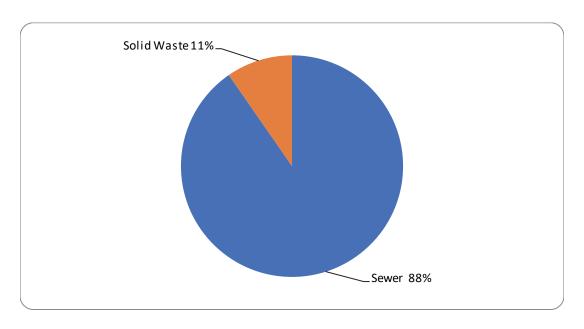
Government Revenues - All Sources



Program Expenses and Revenues - Business-Type Activities



Business Revenues - All Sources



Business-Type Activities

The programs for the business-type activities include sewer and solid waste collection management. These activities represent 21.3% of the total net position. The net position from the business-type activities increased by \$3.4 million or 14.0%.

- The Joint Sewer System Authority (JSSA) formed in 1968 by a joint exercise of powers among the Cities of Palo Alto, Mountain View and Los Altos, constructed, maintains and operates sewage treatment facilities serving its member cities. The City of Palo Alto acts as administrator for JSSA and bills each member its share of the operating costs. Los Altos is obligated through the year 2018 under an operating agreement with the City of Palo Alto for water treatment plant and sewer services. Payments under this agreement are based on expected usage and are adjusted annually based on actual use and site operating costs.
- Sewer revenue increased by \$1.5 million or 22.8% from the prior year as the result of a five-year sewer rate program.
- Sewer expenditures increased by \$255,000 or 4.8% from the prior year.
- Revenue for solid waste collections increased by \$6,000, in accordance with the City's agreement for administrative fee support, with a decrease in expenditures of \$39,000. Total net position in the fund increased by \$620,000.
- As projected in budgetary estimates and the prior year financial reports, the Storm Drain fund
 has exhausted its reserves. Currently, the Storm Drain and Urban Runoff Pollution Control
 Programs (URPP) are categorized as enterprise activities but are lacking a fee that pays for
 these services.

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned or committed fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for use at the end of the fiscal year. Fund balances have been re-categorized and presented in compliance with GASB 54.

The City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$50.8 million, which \$6.8 million remains unassigned.

The City has taken the prudent path of defining and assigning established key fund balance reserves as called out in adopted financial policies and projected in fiscal forecasts. These key reserves are defined as follows:

General Fund Contingency Reserves	June 30, 2020
Emergency and Operating	\$8,250,645
General Fund Capital and Equipment	18,567,066
Total General Fund Available Funds	\$26,817,711

The emergency and operating reserves, components of the General Fund, are safeguards in the event of an economic or financial crisis.

Overall favorable operating results have led to a total General Fund balance of \$35.5million, after transfers, and an unassigned fund balance of \$6.8 million. These amounts align closely with long-term budgetary forecast and the adopted biennial operating plan.

Beyond the General Fund, other restricted funds also have key balances of importance in supporting the City's fiscal plan. These are summarized as follows:

Other Key Fund Balances	June 30, 2020
Other Governmental Funds	\$5,963,270
Capital Projects Fund	3,864,566
In-Lieu Park Land Fund	5,537,293
Total	\$15,365,129

The reserve of in-lieu park funds, restricted as to parks, park land and recreation uses increased by \$207,000 or 3.7% to an ending balance of \$5.5 million; a result of the significant private development activity in Los Altos. These and the other dollars listed above, are anticipated to apply to future capital needs such as the Community Center which is currently being built.

The Capital Projects Fund balance varies materially as progress occurs on approved projects and external funding becomes available. In FY 2019-20, general government capital project spending approximated \$15 million, an increase from the prior year. Beyond funding previously approved projects, the City remains challenged to address the long list of identified and unfunded projects for future consideration.

Proprietary Funds: Proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but with more detail.

Unrestricted net position for the Sewer Fund ended the year at \$10.4 million including approved capital projects. The Storm Drain Fund balance remains dependent on the General Fund while the Solid Waste Fund increased to \$5.1 million. Factors concerning the changes in net position in these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Both the Sewer and Solid Waste funds receive revenues from the City as a customer for routine service operations. In FY 2019-20, the City paid approximately \$117,000 in sewer fees and \$1,000,000 in waste hauling and disposal services. These amounts are recorded within the "Charges for Services" revenue line item in the proprietary financial statements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at year-end amounts to \$94.2 million (net of accumulated depreciation).

Investments in capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, machinery, streets, infrastructure and equipment. Governmental capital assets totaled \$81.9 million and those of business-type activities totaled \$12.3 million. Capital assets increased by \$14.2 million overall with new additions outpacing depreciation. Additional information on capital assets can be found in footnote 5 of these financial statements as part of the summary listed below:

Capital Assets as of June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	2020 Total	2019 Total
Land	\$11,642,285	\$-	\$11,642,285	\$11,642,285
Work in Progress	24,125,740	1,341,596	25,467,336	14,226,705
Buildings	10,608,038	8,473,264	19,081,302	18,730,205
Improvements	3,945,479	-	3,945,479	4,123,154
Machinery & Equip	1,794,282	246,285	2,040,567	2,019,399
Infrastructure	29,757,971	3,197,482	32,955,453	29,233,779
Total Assets	81,873,795	13,258,627	95,132,422	79,975,527
Less Related Debt	-1,005,000	-	-1,005,000	<i>-</i> 1,245,000
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$80,868,795	\$13,258,627	\$94,127,422	\$78,730,527

Debt Administration: At the end of the current fiscal year, City bond and assessment debt decreased by approximately \$120,000. The total outstanding bond debt balance at year-end is approximately \$1.0 million and relates solely to the purchase of Rosita Park (formerly known as the Saint Williams site). No additional debt was incurred, and the City has no significant capital leases.

Other debt consists of long-term employee compensated absence obligations of \$1.5 million, for governmental and business activities, a factor of accumulated balances at year-end.

Additional information on long-term obligations can be found in footnotes 6 and 7 to these financial statements.

Long-Term Debt, Including Current Portion, as of June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	2020 Total	2019 Total
Certificate of Participation	\$1,005,000	\$0	\$1,005,000	\$1,125,000
Compensated Absences	1,990,680	72,084	2,062,764	1,572,276
Total	\$2,995,680	\$72,084	\$3,067,764	\$2,697,276

The City carries a year-end net Post-Retirement Health obligation (OPEB) of \$1.4 million. The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2019 that was rolled forward using standard update procedures to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020. This obligation is a factor of benefit levels.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The FY 2019-20 General Fund budget, adopted as part of the biennial plan, equaled \$42.5 million. Budget to actual results came in favorably with revenues exceeding estimates by \$562,000 or 12.4% and expenditures coming in at 4.3% below established limits, for year-end revenues over expenditures of \$5.4 million. Key budgetary variances noted below:

- Other tax revenue was under budget by approximately \$1 million due to loss of Sales Tax and Transient Occupancy Tax caused by COVID-19.
- Interest and rental revenue was over budget by approximately \$1.6 million due to budget projections being based on a 5% increase over the prior year budget and not based on actual revenue realized in prior years.
- Charges for services revenue was under budget by approximately \$534,000 due tocancellation of in-person programs and services caused by COVID-19.
- Public safety expenditures were under budget by approximately \$820,000 due to vacant staff positions and trainings not occurring due to COVID-19.
- Community development expenditures were under budget by approximately \$1.1 million due
 to vacant staff positions and lower consultant expenditures due to larger development projects
 not being submitted as previously anticipated.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND FY 2019-20 BIENNIAL BUDGET AND RATES

General Fund revenue is forecast to increase by 12%, while expenditures are budgeted to increase by 8%. The 2019-20 budget anticipates that the City will return to a staffing level that is currently budgeted at 136 positions. The City is also evaluating future funding to address aging city facilities and the fiscal impact of published and pending master plans.

The biennial budget was developed to maintain sound fiscal posture, present a balanced General Fund and enhance reserve levels to address aging infrastructure replacement. The budget continues to integrate a comprehensive five-year Capital Improvement Program and strategic forecasts. Key budget highlights are noted below:

- Revenues are expected to increase in line with current year results. The City strives to maintain
 a 20% General Fund reserve as endorsed by the City Council. The City continues to fund its
 OPEB reserve along with adding funds to the PERS reserve (currently \$5 million) to offset the
 impact of future increases in retirement costs. The City has also set aside funds for future
 capital investments in technology initiatives, such as a new financial Enterprise Resource
 Platform or ERP system and a new permitting software system.
- The budget projects an increase of 8% in property tax receipts, noting a steady improvement
 in property values. This projection includes secured property tax, unsecured property tax,
 homeowner property tax relief, property tax in lieu of vehicle license fees and supplemental
 property tax. Property tax makes up nearly half of all governmental funds' revenue.
- Utilizing the most recent data and regional and national trends, sales tax is expected to remain flat. The hotel tax is expected to increase as Los Altos voters recently approved Measure D, allowing the City to increase the Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) rate from 11% to 14%. This increase is expected to gain approximately \$700K in annual revenue, once fully implemented.

- Planning and building activity have shown significant development strength in the past couple of years, however it's increase is expected to plateau or slow soon and these projections have been included for this revenue base.
- Total authorized positions are currently budgeted at 136 full time equivalent employees.
- The two-year budget honors existing and new multi-year labor contracts. Salaries filled authorized positions remain within budget projections.
- General operational costs grew by 8% at the end of year two. The hiring of vacant positions along with rising pension and healthcare costs are the main contributors to the increase, with the City maintaining all other operating expenditures close to current levels.
- The budget also reflects increases for the City's normal pension costs. The recent announcement by CalPERS to lower the discount rate, which in turn asks for significant increases to the City's annual unfunded liability payments is currently being addressed by City Council and Executive Team leadership. Future budget adjustments will be needed to address these increases along with utilizing the newly created PERS Reserve (currently \$5 million) to help mitigate the year-over-year impact.
- Overall, PERS pension rates increased but were mitigated by the pay-down of the City's side-fund liability which was fully paid down in FY 2012-13. Rates for public safety and miscellaneous employees increased from prior year levels as recent changes in legislation and assumptions continue to drive pension costs. Health insurance rates are assumed to increase by at least 7.5%.
- The second-tier pension model (PEPRA) that lowers the level of benefit for new hires rendered material savings as the years evolve.
- The budget incorporates storm water-related costs into the General Fund budget.

For a more current discussion of the state of the economy beyond those assumptions made in the FY 2019-21 two-year budget process, the reader should also refer to the transmittal letter included in this document.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Los Altos citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or request for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Administrative Services Director, 1 North San Antonio Road, Los Altos, CA 94022.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES



CITY OF LOS ALTOS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Section Comment (Note 2)		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Scale and investments (Note 2)	ASSETS			
Accounts receivable 1,545,920 227,095 1,773,015 Prepaid items and inventory (Note 1H) 60,030 1,007,059 Internal receivable (Note 4) 1,767,659 1,767,659 Internal balances 10,0880 (10,080) 1,007,059 Internal balances 1,0080 (10,080) 1,007,059 Internal balances 1,0080 1,008,059 1,008,059 I Tolal current isasets 1,0080 1,008,059 1,008,059 Restricted cach and investments (Note 2) 1,028,589 2,857,849 2,857,849 I Bertificate (April 20,008) 1,008,059 1,008,059 1,009,059				
Prepair internal balances 7.574 7.574 7.574				
Perpaid items and inventory (Note 1H)			227,093	
Total current assets 10,080 10,08				
Total current assets: Society 17.056,892 83,716,404 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and investments (Note 2) 162,859				1,767,659
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and investments (Note 2) 162,859 2,857,849 2,				
Restricted cash and investments (Note 2)	Total current assets	66,659,512	17,056,892	83,716,404
Capital assets (Note 51)		4.50.000		4 62 0 20
Non-depreciable 15,768,025 1,341,506 37,109,621 Non-depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 46,105,770 10,946,602 57,052,372 Total noncurrent assets 34,804,503 12,288,198 97,182,701 Total noncurrent assets 15,540,15 29,345,000 180,809,105 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 208,711 21,950 230,697 Related to pension (Note 11) 9,058,116 363,200 9,421,216 Related to PER (Note 12) 208,711 21,950 230,697 Total deferred outflows of resources 9,266,827 385,180 9,652,007 LIABILITIES				
Non-depreciable \$35,768,025 \$13,41,596 \$71,09,421 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 46,105,770 10,946,602 Total noncurrent assetts \$4,894,503 12,288,198 97,182,701 Total Assets 151,554,015 29,345,990 180,899,105 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 20,087,11 21,980 230,691 Related to pension (Note 11) 20,087,11 21,980 230,691 Total deferred outflows of resources 9,266,827 385,180 9,265,207 Total deferred outflows of resources 9,459,502 121,663 9,581,165 Interest payable 9,459,502 121,663 9,581,165 Interest payable 9,495,502 121,663 9,581,165 Interest payable 9,497,670 18,021 19,395 Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 7) 497,670 18,021 19,595 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 9) 293,123 146,892 12,481,290 Total current liabilities 12,25000 125,000 Total current liabilities 12,25000 125,000 Total current liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities 14,499,499 14,499,499 14,499,499 Noncurrent liabilities 14,499,499 14,499,499 14,499,499 14,499,499 Noncurrent liabilities 14,499,499 14,499	1 ,	2,037,049		2,037,049
Total naneurrent assets 84,894,503 12,288,198 97,182,701 Total Assets 151,554,015 29,345,090 180,899,105 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 9,058,116 363,200 9,421,316 Related to pension (Note 11) 208,711 21,980 220,691 Total deferred outflows of resources 9,266,827 385,180 9,265,207 LIABILITIES Total carrier liabilities 800 800 800 Accounts payable 800 80 12,245,53 Other payable 101,958 103,958 103,958 Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 7) 497,670 18,021 151,569 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 9) 390,123 9,212,200 125,000 Total current liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,200 Noncurrent liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,200 Total current liabilities 14,93,010 54,063 1,547,073 Compensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 7) 1,493,010 54,083	• •	35,768,025	1,341,596	37,109,621
Total Assets	Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	46,105,770	10,946,602	57,052,372
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 9.058,116 363,200 9,421,316 Related to pension (Note 11) 208,711 21,980 230,691 Total deferred outflows of resources 92,668,27 385,180 9,652,007 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 800 800 800 Accrued liabilities 1,217,345 7,208 1,224,533 Other payable 103,958 103,958 103,958 Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 7) 497,670 18,021 155,691 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 9) 930,123 930,123 Total current liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Nongensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 7) 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgements, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgements, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 54,063 1,547,073	Total noncurrent assets	84,894,503	12,288,198	97,182,701
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 9,058,116 363,200 9,421,316 Related to pension (Note 11) 208,711 21,980 230,691 Total deferred outflows of resources 9,266,827 385,180 9,652,007 LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable 9,459,502 121,663 9,581,165 Interest payable 800 800 Accrued liabilities 1,217,345 7,208 122,455 Other payable 103,958 103,958 103,958 Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 7) 497,670 18,021 515,691 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 9) 930,123 930,123 Noncurrent liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Chairs and judgments, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 1 2,819,877 Net pension liability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,514,002 3,912,298 Net OPEB liability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1	Total Assets	151,554,015	29,345,090	180,899,105
Related to opension (Note 11) 9,088,116 363,200 9,421,316 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 208,711 21,980 230,691 Total deferred outflows of resources 9,266,827 385,180 9,652,007 LIABILITIES Total deferred outflows of resources 800 800 800 Increst payable 800 800 20,245,53 Other payable 103,988 103,988 103,988 Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 7) 497,670 18,021 15,691 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 9) 930,123 122,300 122,500 Total current liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgments, due in more than one year (Note 7) 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Total current liabilities 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Compensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 1,549,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB Ilability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,540,003 <	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Related to OPEB (Note 12) 208.711 21.980 230.691 Total deferred outflows of resources 9.266.827 385.180 9.652.007 ILBILITIES		9,058,116	363,200	9,421,316
Current liabilities:		208,711		
Current liabilities:	Total deferred outflows of resources	9,266,827	385,180	9,652,007
Current liabilities: Accounts payable 9,459,502 121,663 9,581,165 161,273,274 121,675 162,275 163,	LIARILITIES			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Interest payable				
Accrued liabilities		9,459,502	121,663	9,581,165
Other payable 103,958 103,958 Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 7) 497,670 18,021 515,691 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 6) 125,000 125,000 Total current labilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities: 2 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgements, due in more than one year (Note 7) 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgements, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 2,819,877 2,819,877 Net OPEB liability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 1,266,886 115,425 1,382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total deferred liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666				
Compensated absences, due in one year (Note 9) 497,670 18,021 515,691 Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 6) 125,000 125,000 Total current liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities: 8 14,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgements, due in more than one year (Note 7) 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgements, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 2,819,877 2,819,877 Net OPEB liability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 12,266,886 115,425 1382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 Total Indivities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to opension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to pension (Note 8) 3			7,208	
Claims and judgements, due in one year (Note 9) 930,123 (125,000) 930,123 (125,000) 930,123 (125,000) 125,000 (125,000) <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>18.021</td><td></td></t<>			18.021	
Long-term debt, due in one year (Note 6) 125,000 125,000 Total current liabilities 12,334,398 146,892 12,481,290 Noncurrent liabilities: 8 1,547,073 1,547,073 1,547,073 2,819,877 2,819,877 2,819,877 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 12,66,886 115,425 1,382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 45,762,250 880,000 45,762,250 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 46,662 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 46,662 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 46,662 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 46,662 47,790 3,570 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 47,907 3,570 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481,477 481			10,021	
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 7)		125,000	1	125,000
Compensated absences, due in more than one year (Note 7) 1,493,010 54,063 1,547,073 Claims and judgments, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 2,819,877 2,819,877 Net pension liability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 1,266,886 115,425 1,382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 38,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8 1,830,382 38,243,540 Related to OPEB (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to Pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 364,179 <tr< td=""><td>Total current liabilities</td><td>12,334,398</td><td>146,892</td><td>12,481,290</td></tr<>	Total current liabilities	12,334,398	146,892	12,481,290
Claims and judgments, due in more than one year (Note 9) 2,819,877 2,819,877 2,819,877 Net pension liability (Note 11) 37,618,987 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 1,266,886 115,425 1,382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 880,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to Pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Street	Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability (Note 12) 37,618,987 1,514,002 39,132,989 Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 1,266,886 115,425 1,382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8 107,854 2,436,666 Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 89,281 Public safety 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 2,		1,493,010	54,063	1,547,073
Net OPEB liability (Note 12) 1,266,886 115,425 1,382,311 Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 88,000 107,854 2,436,666 Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Public safety 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 2			1.514.000	
Long-term debt, due in more than one year (Note 6) 880,000 880,000 Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 0,909,666 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				
Total noncurrent liabilities 44,078,760 1,683,490 45,762,250 Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Total deferred inflows of RESOURCES 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) Secretain capital assets 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 90,666 Other 73,027 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 <td>• ` '</td> <td>, ,</td> <td>113,423</td> <td></td>	• ` '	, ,	113,423	
Total Liabilities 56,413,158 1,830,382 58,243,540 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 88,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,12			1 683 490	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION (Note 8) NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
Related to pension (Note 11) 2,328,812 107,854 2,436,666 Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources NET POSITION (Note 8) NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594		30,413,130	1,030,302	36,243,340
Related to OPEB (Note 12) 477,907 3,570 481,477 Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594		2 328 812	107 854	2 436 666
Related to revenue 150,713 150,713 Total deferred inflows of resources 2,957,432 111,424 3,068,856 NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
NET POSITION (Note 8) 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594	Total deferred inflows of resources	2 057 432	111 424	3 068 856
Net investments in capital assets 80,868,795 12,288,198 93,156,993 Restricted for: Debt service 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: Public safety 89,281 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 99,666 Other 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594		2,737,432	111,727	3,000,030
Restricted for: 364,179 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 89,281 Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594	,	90 969 705	12 200 100	02 156 002
Debt service 364,179 Special revenue programs: 89,281 Public safety 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594		80,808,793	12,288,198	93,130,993
Public safety 89,281 89,281 Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594		364,179		364,179
Recreation 5,537,293 5,537,293 Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594	Special revenue programs:			
Streets and roads 2,812,637 2,812,637 Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594	•			
Public education 1,046,661 1,046,661 Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594		, ,		
Housing 4,617 4,617 Parking 909,666 909,666 Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
Other 73,027 73,027 Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
Capital projects 4,527,768 4,527,768 Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
Total Restricted Net Position 15,365,129 15,365,129 Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594				
Unrestricted 5,216,328 15,500,266 20,716,594	* * *			4,527,768
	Total Restricted Net Position	15,365,129		15,365,129
Total Net Position \$101,450,252 \$27,788,464 \$129,238,716	Unrestricted	5,216,328	15,500,266	20,716,594
	Total Net Position	\$101,450,252	\$27,788,464	\$129,238,716

CITY OF LOS ALTOS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Program Revenues				
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Total	
Primary government:						
Governmental Activities:						
Public safety	\$21,216,627	\$323,741	\$188,117		\$511,858	
Public works	3,367,259	47,809	420,349	\$1,856,047	2,324,205	
Recreation	5,619,620	846,586			846,586	
Community development	6,596,157	3,498,421			3,498,421	
Admin / community services	11,713,168	1,199,875			1,199,875	
Interest on long-term debt	40,133					
Total Governmental Activities	48,552,964	5,916,432	608,466	1,856,047	8,380,945	
Business-type Activities:						
Sewer	5,527,276	7,942,089			7,942,089	
Solid waste	426,097	847,101			847,101	
Storm drain						
Total Business-type Activities	5,953,373	8,789,190			8,789,190	
Total primary government	\$54,506,337	\$14,705,622	\$608,466	\$1,856,047	\$17,170,135	

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes Sales and use taxes

Utility users' tax

Other taxes

Franchise fees

Total taxes

Interest income

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position-Beginning

Net Position-Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
(\$20,704,769) (1,043,054) (4,773,034) (3,097,736) (10,513,293) (40,133)		(\$20,704,769) (1,043,054) (4,773,034) (3,097,736) (10,513,293) (40,133)
(40,172,019)		(40,172,019)
	\$2,414,813 421,004	2,414,813 421,004
	2,835,817	2,835,817
(40,172,019)	2,835,817	(37,336,202)
25,786,599 3,373,391 2,838,663 3,598,208 2,286,957		25,786,599 3,373,391 2,838,663 3,598,208 2,286,957
37,883,818 2,594,932 418,032	578,748	37,883,818 3,173,680 418,032
40,896,782	578,748	41,475,530
724,763	3,414,565	4,139,328
100,725,489	24,373,899	125,099,388
\$101,450,252	\$27,788,464	\$129,238,716



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City in fiscal 2020. Individual non-major funds may be found in the Supplemental section.

GENERAL FUND

Accounts for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund supports essential City services such as police, fire, street and parks maintenance, maintenance services, community development and recreation activities. The General Fund also includes the Real Property Proceeds Funds, which accounts for the proceeds from the sale of real property and the Community Facilities Renewal Fund, which accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to the community facilities renewal efforts.

IN-LIEU PARK LAND FUND

Accounts for revenues received in lieu of park land dedications. The revenues are dedicated for purchasing or improving park or recreational facilities.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects and plans that are financed by resources other than proprietary funds.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

_	General	In-Lieu Park Land Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and investments (Note 2) Restricted cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	\$37,357,290	\$5,537,293	\$6,618,541	\$5,721,235 162,859	\$55,234,359 162,859
Accounts Interest	1,341,764 7,574		13,720	175,311	1,530,795 7,574
Prepaids (Note 1H) Note receivable (Note 4)	21,876 1,767,659				21,876 1,767,659
Inventory (Note 1H) Due from other funds (Note 3) Land held for development (Note 1J)	38,154 10,080 2,857,849				38,154 10,080 2,857,849
Total Assets	\$43,402,246	\$5,537,293	\$6,632,261	\$6,059,405	\$61,631,205
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Other payable Due to other funds (Note 3)	\$6,512,081 1,217,345 103,958		\$2,767,695	\$43,411	\$9,323,187 1,217,345 103,958
Total Liabilities	7,833,384		2,767,695	43,411	10,644,490
DEFERRAL INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows or revenues	97,989			52,724	150,713
Total Deferred Inflows	97,989			52,724	150,713
FUND BALANCES					
Fund balance (Note 8): Nonspendable	1,836,304				1,836,304
Restricted Assigned Unassigned	25,773,273 7,861,296	\$5,537,293	3,864,566	5,352,792 663,202 (52,724)	10,890,085 30,301,041 7,808,572
Total Fund Balances	35,470,873	5,537,293	3,864,566	5,963,270	50,836,002
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$43,402,246	\$5,537,293	\$6,632,261	\$6,059,405	\$61,631,205

CITY OF LOS ALTOS Reconciliation of the GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -- BALANCE SHEET with the STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$50,836,002
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current financial resources. Therefore, were not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:	
Land, buildings, property, equipment and infrastructure, net	81,873,795
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in the governmental funds balance sheet.	(800)
Deferred outflows below are not current assets of financial resources; and the deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds. Deferred outflows Deferred inflows	9,266,827 (2,806,719)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	
Long-term debt - current portion Long-term debt - noncurrent portion Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Compensated absences - current portion Compensated absences - noncurrent portion	(125,000) (880,000) (37,618,987) (1,266,886) (497,670) (1,493,010)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

4,162,700

\$101,450,252

of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the governmental-wide statement of net position.

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

CITY OF LOS ALTOS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	In-Lieu Park Land Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Property tax	\$25,786,599				\$25,786,599
Sales tax	3,373,391				3,373,391
Utility users	2,838,663				2,838,663
Other tax	3,598,208				3,598,208
Licenses, permits and fees	4,154,060			\$54,524	4,208,584
Intergovernmental	, ,			1,357,772	1,357,772
Grants and donations	88,117		\$1,279,686	, ,	1,367,803
Charges for services	3,649,900		. , ,	101,530	3,751,430
Fines and forfeitures	182,926			11,850	194,776
Interest and rentals	2,257,574	\$230,858		193,336	2,681,768
Other	107,310			11,423	118,733
Total Revenues	46,036,748	230,858	1,279,686	1,730,435	49,277,727
EXPENDITURES					
General government					
Public safety	18,795,499				18,795,499
Public works	1,177,457				1,177,457
Recreation	4,698,125				4,698,125
Community development	5,521,470			374,637	5,896,107
Admin / community development	10,421,904				10,421,904
Capital improvements		23,953	15,298,980	104,652	15,427,585
Debt service:					
Principal				120,000	120,000
Interest and fiscal charges				47,200	47,200
Total Expenditures	40,614,455	23,953	15,298,980	646,489	56,583,877
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	5,422,293	206,905	(14,019,294)	1,083,946	(7,306,150)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (Note 3)	111,850		17,467,597	167,200	17,746,647
Transfers (out) (Note 3)	(17,806,518)		17,107,557	(922,647)	(18,729,165)
				<u> </u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(17,694,668)		17,467,597	(755,447)	(982,518)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(12,272,375)	206,905	3,448,303	328,499	(8,288,668)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	47,743,248	5,330,388	416,263	5,634,771	59,124,670
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$35,470,873	\$5,537,293	\$3,864,566	\$5,963,270	\$50,836,002

CITY OF LOS ALTOS

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances of governmental funds	(\$8,288,668)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS	
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount of capital assets recorded in the current period.	15,495,858
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(2,358,328)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Principal payment	120,000
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):	
Compensated absences	(505,949)
Interest payable Not OPED liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.	7,067
Net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources Net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(248,098) (2,915,434)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities such as insurance, to individual funds. The net revenue of the	

See accompanying notes to financial statements

(581,685)

\$724,763

internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

Changes in net position of governmental activities



MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City reported all of its Enterprise Funds as major funds in fiscal 2020.

SEWER

To account for the operation (including waste water treatment) of the City's sewer treatment activities, a self-supporting activity which provides services on a user charge basis.

SOLID WASTE

To account for the collection and disposal of solid waste, a self-supporting activity that provides service on a user charge basis.

STORM DRAIN

To account for the operation of the City's urban runoff and storm drain activities.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	JOINE	30, 2020			
	Bus	iness-type Activit	ies-Enterprise Fu	nds	Governmental
	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Drain	Totals	Activities- Internal Service Funds
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash and investments (Note 2) Accounts receivable	\$11,742,301 143,330	\$5,097,576 83,765		\$16,839,877 227,095	\$8,033,890 15,125
Total Current Assets	11,885,631	5,181,341		17,066,972	8,049,015
Non-Current Assets: Capital assets (Note 5): Nondepreciable Depreciable Less accumulated depreciation	1,341,596 22,381,276 (11,434,674)		\$1,969,221 (1,969,221)	1,341,596 24,350,497 (13,403,895)	
Total capital assets, net	12,288,198			12,288,198	
Total non-current Assets	12,288,198			12,288,198	
Total Assets	24,173,829	5,181,341		29,355,170	8,049,015
DEFERRAL OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) Related to OPEB (Note 12)	363,200 17,270	1,570	3,140	363,200 21,980	
Total Deferred Outflows	380,470	1,570	3,140	385,180	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds (Note 3) Compensated absences (Note 7) Claims and judgements (Note 9)	72,276 7,208 18,021	49,387	10,080	121,663 7,208 10,080 18,021	136,315 930,123
Total Current Liabilities	97,505	49,387	10,080	156,972	1,066,438
Long-Term Liabilities Compensated absences (Note 7) Claims and judgements (Note 9) Net pension liabilities (Note 11) Net OPEB liabilities (Note 12)	54,063 1,514,002 90,692	8,245	16,488	54,063 1,514,002 115,425	2,819,877
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,658,757	8,245	16,488	1,683,490	2,819,877
Total Liabilities	1,756,262	57,632	26,568	1,840,462	3,886,315
DEFERRAL INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Related to pension (Note 11) Related to OPEB (Note 12)	107,854 2,805	255	510	107,854 3,570	
Total Deferred Inflows	110,659	255	510	111,424	
NET POSITION (Note 8)					
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	12,288,198 10,399,180	5,125,024	(23,938)	12,288,198 15,500,266	4,162,700
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$22,687,378	\$5,125,024	(\$23,938)	\$27,788,464	\$4,162,700

CITY OF LOS ALTOS PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Busin	unds	Governmental		
	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Drain	Totals	Activities- Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$7,942,089	\$847,101		\$8,789,190	\$274,595
Charges for services	\$7,942,009	\$647,101		\$6,769,190	\$274,393
Total Operating Revenues	7,942,089	847,101		8,789,190	274,595
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Outside services	4,148,825	422,344		4,571,169	120,830
Employee services	1,005,020	3,753		1,008,773	
Claims and insurance					1,601,443
Administration	272 121			252 421	116,525
Depreciation	373,431			373,431	
Total Operating Expenses	5,527,276	426,097		5,953,373	1,838,798
Operating Income (Loss)	2,414,813	421,004		2,835,817	(1,564,203)
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Interest	379,718	199,030		578,748	
interest	377,710	177,030		370,710	
Total Nonoperating Revenues	379,718	199,030		578,748	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (Note 3)					982,518
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					982,518
Change in Net Position	2,794,531	620,034		3,414,565	(581,685)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	19,892,847	4,504,990	(\$23,938)	24,373,899	4,744,385
ENDING NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$22,687,378	\$5,125,024	(\$23,938)	\$27,788,464	\$4,162,700

CITY OF LOS ALTOS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 $\,$

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds				
	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Drain	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payment employees for services Cash payments to claimants Insurance premiums, settlements and rebates	\$7,946,263 (4,197,724) (896,844)	\$852,405 (411,247) (3,753)		\$8,798,668 (4,608,971) (900,597)	\$215,820 (242,758) (1,217,549)
Cash Flows from (used for) Operating Activities	2,851,695	437,405		3,289,100	(1,244,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in					982,518
Cash Flows from (used for) Noncapital Financing Activities					982,518
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Acquisition of capital assets	(1,422,368)			(1,422,368)	
Cash Flows (used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,422,368)			(1,422,368)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received	379,718	199,030		578,748	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	379,718	199,030		578,748	
Net Cash Flows	1,809,045	636,435		2,445,480	(261,969)
Cash and investments at beginning of period	9,933,256	4,461,141		14,394,397	8,295,859
Cash and investments at end of period	\$11,742,301	\$5,097,576		\$16,839,877	\$8,033,890
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	\$2,414,813	\$421,004		\$2,835,817	(\$1,564,203)
cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation	373,431			373,431	
Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net Accounts payable and other accrued expenses Due to other funds	4,174 (48,899)	5,304 11,097		9,478 (37,802)	(3,196) 120,491 (55,579)
Net pension liability and deferred inflows and outflows Compensated absences Claims and judgments	123,637 (15,461)			123,637 (15,461)	258,000
Cash Flows from (used for) Operating Activities	\$2,851,695	\$437,405		\$3,289,100	(\$1,244,487)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUND

Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of the results of operations. It is used to account for assets held in an agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the City's programs.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and investments (Note 2) Restricted cash and investments (Note 2) Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$5,124,171 40,904 125 16,947
Total Assets	\$5,182,147
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Due to others	\$27,139 5,155,008
Total Liabilities	\$5,182,147

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Background

The basic financial statements of the City of Los Altos, California (the City), have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The City incorporated in 1952. The City operates under an elected Council and appointed City Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety, recreation, community development, public works, capital improvements, and general supporting administrative services. The City has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts which includes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with such provisions and managerial requirements.

Government-wide Statements: The City's Government-wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of governmental activities and business-type activities for the City, the primary government, accompanied by a total column. Fiduciary activities of the City are not included in these statements.

These basic financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position presents changes in the net position of the City. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability for goods or services is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the city in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position internal service fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following inter-fund activities have been eliminated:

- Due to, due from other funds
- Transfers in, transfers out
- Internal service fund transactions

Fund Financial Statements: Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds in the aggregate. An accompanying schedule is included to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The City's primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the City, are: property tax, sales tax, hotel tax, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, other taxes, interest revenue, rental revenue and certain charges for services. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and are accrued accordingly.

Deferred inflow of resources arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the revenue is recognized.

The reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach of GASB Statement No. 34.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Proprietary Fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for all proprietary funds.

A column representing the City's internal service funds, those funds that support agency wide shared service costs, is also presented in these statements. These internal service balances and activities are combined with the governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

Proprietary Funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which liability for goods or services is incurred.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges for customer services, including sewer charges, solid waste fees, and support charges. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: The City's Fiduciary Funds are comprised of agency funds used to account for the operating activities and for the special assessment collections pertaining to the North County Library Authority, Raymundo and Avalon Drive Curb and Gutter Districts, and Blue Oak Lane Sewer Improvements. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), do not involve the measurement of results of operations, and are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting.

Internal Service Funds: Internal Service Funds account for services provided to other departments pertaining to the employee self-insurance dental program, unemployment insurance, workers' compensation insurance and liability insurance, all of which are funded on a cost reimbursement basis as budget projections and valuations develop.

C. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund – Accounts for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for in another funds. The General Fund supports essential City services such as police, fire, street and parks maintenance, public works, and community development and recreation activities. The General Fund also includes the Real Property Proceeds Funds, which accounts for the proceeds from sale of real property and the Community Facilities Renewal Fund, which accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to the community facilities renewal efforts.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In-Lieu Park Land Fund – Accounts for revenues received in lieu of parkland dedications. The revenues are dedicated for purchasing or improving park or recreational facilities.

Capital Project Fund – Accounts for the acquisition and construction of major general government capital projects and plans that are financed by resources other than proprietary funds.

The City reported all of its enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

Sewer Fund – Accounts for the operation (including waste water treatment) of the City's sewer treatment activities, a self-supporting activity which provides services on a user charge basis.

Solid Waste Fund – Accounts for the administration and support of contracted solid waste services, a self-supporting user charge for services activity.

Storm Drain Fund – Accounts for operation of the City's urban runoff and storm drain activities.

D. Recognition of Interest Payable

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, interest expenditures on long-term debt are recognized when payment is made. In the Government-wide Financial Statements and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements interest expense is recognized as the liability is incurred.

E. Use of Restricted and Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California known as the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which has invested a portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Assetbacked Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

The City places liquid assets in a pooled investment account with the goal of enhancing the diversity of its investment holdings. This portfolio complies with state code investment requirements and is subject to a more restrictive City adopted investment policy. Such funds are held independently in City established investment custodial accounts.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers each fund's share in the cash and investments pool to be cash and cash equivalents including cash with fiscal agents.

G. Fair Value Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels based on the extent to which inputs used in measuring fair value are observable in the market.

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

If the fair value of an asset or liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

H. Inventories

Inventory, mainly consisting of vehicle fuel and paper supplies, is stated at cost on an average cost basis and is controlled by a perpetual inventory system which is adjusted to reflect periodic physical counts. Inventories are recorded as expenditures in the General Fund and charged to departments as consumed.

I. Restricted Cash

Fiscal agents acting on behalf of the City hold investment funds arising from the proceeds of long-term debt issuances. The funds may be used for specific capital outlays or for the payment of certain bonds, certificate of participation and have been invested only as permitted by specific State statutes or applicable City ordinance, resolution or bond indenture.

J. Land held for Redevelopment

999 Fremont Avenue is an approximately 8,000 sq. ft. parcel located in Loyola Corners in Los Altos. It is located in the Commercial Neighborhood zoning district.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

Government-wide Financial Statements: For governmental and business-type activities, compensated absences are recorded as expenses and liabilities as the time is earned by employees.

Fund Financial Statements: For Governmental Funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the years paid. The General Fund is typically used to pay out compensated absences that arise in the course of any one year. Unpaid and accumulated liabilities for some compensated absences accrue to future resources. In Proprietary Funds, compensated absences are expensed to the various funds in the period they are earned, and such fund's share of the unpaid liability is recorded as a long-term liability of the fund.

L. Property Taxes

Santa Clara County (County) assesses all properties in the City, and it bills, collects and distributes property taxes to the City. Both secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1. The County assesses properties and it bills, collects and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on July 1 for the fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and February 1, and it becomes delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. The City and the County adopted the "alternative method of property tax distribution" known as the Teeter Plan that authorizes the County to allocate 100% of the secured property tax based on levy instead of collection and to retain all delinquent penalties and interest. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1 and becomes delinquent after August 31. Distribution of the unsecured property taxes is based on collections. Collection of delinquent accounts is the responsibility of the County, which retains all penalties. The County also distributes both penalties and interest collected for delinquent unsecured property taxes.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. City policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets at \$5,000 for equipment, \$25,000 for building and facility improvements and \$100,000 for infrastructure.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings50 yearsImprovements30-50 yearsMachinery and Equipment3-10 yearsInfrastructure30-100 years

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has included all infrastructures in its Statement of Net Position.

The City defines infrastructure as basic physical assets that allow the City to function. The assets include the street system. Each major infrastructure system can be divided into subsystems. For example, the street system can be subdivided into pavement, streetlights and traffic control devices (signs, signals and pavement markings). These subsystems were not delineated in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The appropriate operating department maintains information regarding the subsystems.

For all infrastructure systems, the City has elected to use the Basic Approach, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, for infrastructure reporting. The valuation of the City's infrastructure assets are determined based on the original cost using one of the following methods:

- 1. Use of historical records where available
- 2. Standard unit costs appropriate for the construction/acquisition date of the asset
- 3. Present replacement cost indexed by a reciprocal factor of the price increase from the construction/acquisition date to the current date

Accumulated depreciation, defined as the total depreciation from the date of construction/acquisition to the current date, was computed on a straight-line method. The book value was then computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation from the original cost.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Long-Term Debt

Government-wide Financial Statements: Long-term debt and other financial obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities.

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable premium or discount.

Fund Financial Statements: The Governmental Fund Financial Statements do not present long-term debt, which are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Governmental Funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements use the same principles as those used in the Government-wide Financial Statements.

O. Unearned Revenue

Government-wide Financial Statements: In the Government-wide Financial Statements, unearned revenue is recognized for transactions for which revenue has not yet been earned.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

R. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT). For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

S. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2020.

Effect of New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 95 – Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. This Statement extended the implementation dates for 15 GASB Statements and Implementation Guides by 1 year or more. Of course, many of the Statements could be early implemented, as applicable.

Future Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB) Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Cash Deposits

The City's cash and investments at June 30, 2020 are presented as follows:

Cash and investments	\$80,108,126
Restricted cash and investments	162,859
Fiduciary funds:	
Cash and investments	5,124,171
Restricted cash and investments	40,904
Total cash and investments	\$85,436,060

Cash and investments consist of the following as of June 30, 2020:

Cash on hand		\$2,170
Deposits with financial institutions*		10,749,738
Investments:		
Liquid investments	\$10,731,360	
Managed investments	63,952,792	74,684,152
Total cash and investments		\$85,436,060

^{*}Workers' compensation imprest balances hold by Tristar in trust for City.

B. Authorized Investments

Under the provisions of the City's investment policy and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City is authorized to invest or deposit in the following, with the limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk:

		Maximum	Maximum	
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment	Minimum
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer	Rating
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	100%	\$65 million	N/A
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	3 years	50%	10%	A
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	20%	10%	N/A
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	5%	A-1
Repurchase Agreements	180 days	20%	10%	N/A
U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds	5 years	100%	N/A	N/A
Supra-National Agency Notes and Bonds	5 years	20%	N/A	AA
U.S. Government-Sponsored Enterprise	5 years	100%	20%	N/A
Agencies				
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	3%	A
Asset-backed Securities	5 years	20%	3%	AAA

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Interest Risk

Interest rate risk is the market rate changes that adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the sensitivity of an investment fair value to changes in market rates is greater when the maturity of the investment is longer.

Investments held in City Treasury grouped by maturity date at June 30, 2020, are shown below:

	One Year	13 months to	25 months	37 months	
Investment Type	or Less	24 months	to 36 months	to 60 months	Total
Money Market Mutual Fund	\$213,592				\$213,592
Government Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:					
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds (FHLB)		\$336,605			336,605
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes (FNMA)		1,350,969	\$2,021,479		3,372,448
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)		353,827	4,740,407	\$254,363	5,348,597
U.S. Treasury Notes		10,838,843	13,220,421		24,059,264
Supra-National Agency Notes and Bonds			442,588		442,588
Certificate of Deposit	2,495,079	578,571	1,782,024		4,855,674
Corporate Notes	4,174,076	3,957,258	4,671,013	697,401	13,499,748
Asset-Backed Securities	91,465	1,036,144	2,412,398	4,004,654	7,544,661
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	10,731,360				10,731,360
NCLA Treasurer's Investment*	4,279,615				4,279,615
Total investments	\$21,985,187	\$18,452,217	\$29,290,330	\$4,956,418	74,684,152
Demand Deposits and Cash on Hand					10,751,908
Total cash and investments					\$85,436,060

^{*}NCLA is being held by Santa Clara County. The City does not decide how to invest.

NOTE 2 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Fair Value Hierarchy

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The following is a summary of the fair value hierarchy of the fair value of investments of the City as of June 30, 2020:

Investments by Fair Value Level:	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Government Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:			
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds (FHLB)		\$336,605	\$336,605
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes (FNMA)		3,372,448	3,372,448
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC)		5,348,597	5,348,597
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$24,059,264		24,059,264
Supra-National Agency Notes and Bonds		442,588	442,588
Corporate Notes		13,499,748	13,499,748
Asset-backed Securities		7,544,661	7,544,661
Total Investments	\$24,059,264	\$30,544,647	54,603,911
Investments Measured at Amortized Cost:			
Certificates of Deposit			4,855,674
Money Market Mutual Fund			213,592
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)			10,731,360
NCLA Treasurer's Investment			4,279,615
Cash in banks and on hand			10,751,908
Total Cash and investments			\$85,436,060

Investments above classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset. Investments above classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a quoted price in a non-active market for an identical asset. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the custodian bank. Certificates of Deposit, Money Market Mutual Fund and LAIF are valued at amortized cost and therefore, exempt from being classified under GASB 72.

E. Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is usually measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At June 30, 2020, the City's deposit and investments were rated as follows:

	Credit Quality Ratings		_
Investment Type	Moody's	S&P	Market Value
Securities of Government Sponsored Enterprise Agencies:			
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds (FHLB)	Aaa	AA+	\$336,605
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporate Notes (FHLMC)	Aaa	AA+	5,348,597
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes (FNMA)	Aaa	AA+	3,372,448
U.S. Treasury Notes	Aaa	AA+	24,059,264
Corporate Notes:			
Branch Banking & Trust	A3	A-	624,054
American Express	A3	BBB+	557,675
National Rural	A2	A	361,425
United Parcel Service	A2	A-	324,081
Morgan Stanley	A3	BBB+	558,961
Charles Scwab	A2	A	276,048
Boeing Co.	Baa2	BBB-	136,222
Caterpillar Financial	A3	A	463,316
3M Company	A1	A+	335,815
Burlington North Santa Fe	A3	A+	210,938
Pfizer Inc.	A1	AA-	532,776
Bank of America	A2	A-	552,216
Boeing Co.	Baa2	BBB-	162,458
Citigroup	A3	BBB+	461,392
American Honda	A3	A-	619,964
Merck & Co.	A1	AA-	283,583
Paccar Financial	A1	A+	443,603
Home Depot	A2	A	162,563
Exxon Mobil Corp	Aal	AA	436,396
US Bancorp	A1	A+	313,135
Goldman Sachs	A3	BBB+	304,157
IBM Corp	A2	A	313,775
Northern Trust Company	A2	A+	285,334
Honeywell International	A2	A	124,168
Bank of NY Mellon	A1	A	597,611
Walt Disney	A2	A-	153,493
Toyota Motor	A1	A+	487,607
Apple Inc.	Aal	AA+	356,677
Clorox Company	Baa1	A-	237,305
Adobe Inc.	A2	A	207,175
John Deere Capital	A2	A	383,424
JP Morgan Chase	A2 A2	A A-	623,277
Pepsico Inc.	A2 A1	A- A+	151,356
Chevron Corp	A1 Aa2	A+ AA	380,969
General Dynamics Corp	Aa2 A2	A	242,581
Amazon Inc.	A2 A2	NR	314,798
Aliazoii ilie.	A2	INK	(Contin

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Comcast	A3	A-	221,813
PNC Bank	A2	A	297,607
Certificates of Deposit			
Swedbank (New York)	P-1	A-1	553,846
MUFG Bank	P-1	A-1	610,889
Credit Agricole	P-1	A-1	610,801
Royal Bank of Canada	P-1	A-1+	719,543
Societe Generale NY	A1	A	578,571
Nordea Bank	Aa3	AA-	592,462
Skandinav Enskilda Bank	Aa2	A+	592,585
DNB Bank	Aa2	AA-	596,977
Asset-backed Securities	Aaa	AAA	2,508,219
Asset-backed Securities	Not Rated	AAA	3,468,255
Asset-backed Securities	AAA	Not Rated	1,568,187
Supra-National Agency Notes and Bonds	Aaa	AAA	442,588
Money Market	Aaa	AAAm	213,592
Subtotal			59,673,177
Not Rated:			
Cash on hand	Not Rated	Not Rated	2,170
US Bank General Checking	Not Rated	Not Rated	10,688,531
Money Market (Sweep Account)	Not Rated	Not Rated	61,207
Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF)	Not Rated	Not Rated	10,731,360
NCLA Treasurer's Investment*	Not Rated	Not Rated	4,279,615
Total Investments			\$85,436,060

F. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits.

As of June 30, 2020, the City's bank balance was \$10,462,551 and the corresponding carrying book balance was \$10,291,884. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$10,041,884 was collateralized.

Investments: The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments.

NOTE 2 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in LAIF that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool as reported in the accompanying financial statements is based upon the Entity's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio).

As of June 30, 2020, the City held \$10,731,360 in LAIF. The LAIF fair value factor of 1.004912795 was used to calculate the fair value of the investments in LAIF and average maturity of 191 days.

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Transfers

Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Fund Making Transfers	Fund Receiving Transfers	Amount	_
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$16,656,800	(A)
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	167,200	(B)
	Workers' Compensation Insurance Internal Services Fund	982,518	(D)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund	111,850	(C)
	Capital Projects Fund	810,797	(A)
		\$18,729,165	

Interfund transfers were principally used for the following purposes,

- (A) To fund capital projects
- (B) To maintain minimum fund balance in Debt Service
- (C) Public safety related funds paid to the General Fund
- (D) To fund insurances cost

B. Due to/from other funds

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business, to fund projects until the borrowing fund receives revenues to repay the lending fund and to assist funds with negative cash balance at the fiscal year end. The following is a summary of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020:

Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	Amount
General Fund	Storm Drain Enterprise Fund	\$10,080
General I unu	Internal Service Fund	50,082
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	53,184
	Total	\$113,346

NOTE 4 – NOTE RECEIVABLE

The City entered into a loan agreement with the City Manager on November 1, 2016, to provide the City Manager a long-term loan of up to \$2,000,000 to finance the acquisition of his personal residence located within the City. The loan is secured by a deed of trust on the property. The loan is due upon sale of the property, within six to twelve months after the termination of the City Manager's employment with the City depending on the cause of termination, or 30 years from the date of the loan agreement execution, whichever occurs first. The loan bears an interest rate at the 5 Year Treasury Rate as of September 1, 2016 amortized over a thirty-year period and recalculated to the 5 year Treasury Rate every five years of the original date of the loan. At June 30, 2020, the outstanding balance of this loan was \$1,770,156.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Government-wide Financial Statements

At June 30, 2020, the City's capital assets consisted of the following:

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Nondepreciable assets:			
Construction in progress	\$24,125,740	\$1,341,596	\$25,467,336
Land	11,642,285		11,642,285
Total nondepreciable assets	35,768,025	1,341,596	37,109,621
Depreciable assets:			
Buildings	21,637,868	18,930,408	40,568,276
Improvements	6,537,672		6,537,672
Machinery and equipment	6,879,232	1,066,804	7,946,036
Infrastructure	44,962,073	5,323,714	50,285,787
Total depreciable assets	80,016,845	25,320,926	105,337,771
Less accumulated depreciation	(33,911,075)	(13,403,895)	(47,314,970)
Total depreciable assets, net	46,105,770	11,917,031	58,022,801
Total capital assets	\$81,873,795	\$13,258,627	\$95,132,422

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The following is a summary of capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not depreciated:					
Land	\$11,642,285				\$11,642,285
Construction in progress	13,319,831	\$15,400,370	(\$353,856)	(\$4,240,605)	24,125,740
Total capital assets, not depreciated	24,962,116	15,400,370	(353,856)	(4,240,605)	35,768,025
Buildings	21,637,868				21,637,868
Improvements	6,537,672				6,537,672
Machinery and equipment	6,501,173	449,344	(71,285)		6,879,232
Infrastructure	40,721,468			4,240,605	44,962,073
Total cost of depreciable assets	75,398,181	449,344	(71,285)	4,240,605	80,016,845
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(10,631,353)	(398,477)			(11,029,830)
Improvements	(2,414,518)	(177,675)			(2,592,193)
Machinery and equipment	(4,797,205)	(359,030)	71,285		(5,084,950)
Infrastructure	(13,780,956)	(1,423,146)			(15,204,102)
Total accumulated depreciation	(31,624,032)	(2,358,328)	71,285		(33,911,075)
Net depreciable assets	43,774,149	(1,908,984)		4,240,605	46,105,770
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$68,736,265	\$13,491,386	(\$353,856)		\$81,873,795

The governmental activities depreciation expenses for capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Functions/Programs	Total
Public safety	\$151,535
Public works	1,499,297
Recreation	473,809
Community development	815
Admin / community services	232,872
Total depreciation expense	\$2,358,328

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The following is a summary of capital assets for business-type activities:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital assets, not depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$906,874	\$1,422,368		(\$987,646)	\$1,341,596
Total capital assets, not depreciated:	906,874	1,422,368		(987,646)	1,341,596
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	17,959,980	970,428			18,930,408
Machinery and equipment	1,066,804				1,066,804
Infrastructure	4,336,068			987,646	5,323,714
Total cost of depreciable assets	23,362,852	970,428		987,646	25,320,926
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(10,236,290)	(220,854)			(10,457,144)
Machinery and equipment	(751,374)	(69,145)			(820,519)
Infrastructure	(2,042,800)	(83,432)			(2,126,232)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,030,464)	(373,431)			(13,403,895)
Net depreciable assets	10,332,388	596,997		987,646	11,917,031
Business-type Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$11,239,262	\$2,019,365			\$13,258,627

Depreciation expense for business-type activities related to the Sewer Fund amounted to \$373,431 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Fund Financial Statements do not present capital assets, which are shown in the Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The capital assets of the Enterprise Funds in the Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are the same as those shown in the business-type activities of the Government-wide Financial Statements.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt

Summary of changes in governmental activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance at		Balance at	Due Within	Due in More
Direct Placements:	June 30, 2019	Retirements	June 30, 2020	One Year	Than One Year
Certificate of					
participation	\$1,125,000	(\$120,000)	\$1,005,000	\$125,000	\$880,000

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

2004 Refunding Certificate of Participation: On November 1, 1996, the City issued \$2,630,000 principal amount of Certificates of Participation (ABAG 38 COPs). The purpose of the ABAG 38 COPs was to finance the partial purchase of the 5.5 acre Saint William School site for public purposes and uses. During 2004 the City issued \$2,500,000 of 2004 Refunding Certificates of Participation to advance refund \$2,390,000 of outstanding principal on the ABAG 38 Certificates of Participation, set up reserve funds, and to pay related issuance costs. The entire ABAG 38 Certificates of Participation had been paid off by June 30, 2004. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total future debt service payments.

The Certificates of Participation are limited obligations of the City, payable from appropriations budged for in the City's annual adopted budget. The Certificate covenants contain events of default that may result in the termination of the lease, collection of rent due and other monetary charges and terminate the City's right to possession of the leased property as applied by the Trustee and specified in the terms of the agreement if any of the following conditions occur: default on debt service payments; the failure of the City to observe or perform the conditions, covenants, or agreement terms of the debt; bankruptcy filing by the City; or if any court or competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the City. There were no such events occurred during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

At June 30, 2020, future debt service requirements for the 2004 Refunding were as follows:

Year ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$125,000	\$42,400	\$167,400
2022	130,000	37,400	167,400
2023	140,000	31,875	171,875
2024	140,000	25,925	165,925
2025	150,000	19,975	169,975
2026 - 2027	320,000	20,612	340,612
Total	\$1,005,000	\$178,187	\$1,183,187

B. Non-City Obligations

The following bonds are not reported in the City's financial statements as they are special obligations payable solely from and secured by specific revenue sources as described in the resolutions and official statements of the respective issues. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged for payment of these obligations.

	Balance		Balance	Due Within	Due in More
	June 30, 2019	Retirements	June 30, 2020	One Year	Than One Year
Raymundo Curb and Gutter	\$49,000	(\$24,000)	\$25,000	\$25,000	
Blue Oak Lane	515,000	(15,000)	500,000	15,000	\$485,000
Total	\$564,000	(\$39,000)	\$525,000	\$40,000	\$485,000

Raymundo Special Assessment Districts: The Raymundo Curb and Gutter Assessment District Improvement Bonds were issued on August 3, 2005 to provide financing for the street improvements in that District. The bonds are payable from a special property tax levied to those residents living within the respective District.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Blue Oak Lane Special Assessment District: On November 5, 2009, Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds were issued for a newly formed Blue Oak Lane Sewer Assessment District (series 2009) to finance the acquisition and construction, by the City, of sanitary sewer improvements serving properties within the subject assessment District. These bonds are issued upon and secured by individual parcel levied assessments to be included in the annual property tax billings annually. The Bonds mature in 2039, were issued in a principal amount of \$662,880 and are subject to semi-annual debt service payments administered by the City.

NOTE 7 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES PAYABLE

The City's compensated absences at June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Balance at July 1, 2019 Additions	\$1,484,731 1,291,565	\$87,545 33,357	\$1,572,276 1,324,922
Payments Balance at June 30, 2020	(785,616) \$1,990,680	(48,818) \$72,084	(834,434) \$2,062,764
Current Portion	\$497,670	\$18,021	\$515,691
Long-Term Portion	\$1,493,010	\$54,063	\$1,547,073

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

A. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The City Council, as the highest level of decision making authority for the City, can commit fund balances through the adoption of a formal action in accordance with the adoption of its annual Financial Policy. This formal action includes committing funds through budget adoption or by resolution. This policy authorizes the City Manager to assign fund balances and has set the budgetary level of control at the Fund and Capital Project level for the governing body and the department level for the City Manager and assignees.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

B. General Fund Reserve

The City Council has established a General Fund Reserve goal level of 20% of annual operating expenditures has set funds aside accordingly through its annual budgetary actions. These funds would be available for use in such conditions to mitigate negative economic fiscal impacts or State takeaways and can be activated within any one budget cycle through Council action. An economic downturn would entail a projected and/or sudden drop in core revenues (major tax and service revenue loss) of equal to or greater than 5% (including the impact of inflation) and/or a change in economic parameters (such as interest rates, debt service rates, commodity prices, pension rates) that cause a material change in expenditures of 5% or more, or the occurrence of a local natural disaster or unexpected financial claim requiring the immediate use of cash balances of 5% or more, or the occurrence of a local natural disaster or unexpected financial claim requiring the immediate use of cash balances. In fiscal year 2018/19, in line with budget approval, the City reallocated the pre-established State Budget Stabilization reserve into the aforementioned General Fund reserve. This results in the establishment of one Reserve balance to assist in periods of economic downturn or extraordinary need. The City achieved its reserve goal of 20% during fiscal year 2019/20.

C. Classifications

In the Government-wide Financial Statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position – This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2020, fund balances for government funds are made up of the following:

- Non-spendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term notes receivable and land.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City Council's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

- Assigned Fund Balance comprised of amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the City Council or (b) a body (for example: a budget or finance committee) or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance conveys the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. General fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In governmental funds other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, a negative unassigned fund balance is reported in that fund.

D. Policies

Order of Use

The standard also requires governments to disclose the accounting policies that indicate the order in which restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned amounts are spent. The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when expenditures are incurred and both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. Additionally, the City considers committed amounts to have been spent first, assigned amounts to have been spent second, and unassigned amounts to have been spent last when an expenditure is incurred for purposes of which committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance is available. In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Assignment and Commitment Authority

The City Council has approved by resolution a financial policy authorizing the City Manager to assign fund balances to facilitate year-end reporting requirements. The City Council, as the highest level of decision making authority for the City, has the ability to commit fund balances through the adoption by resolution. The same action must be taken to modify or rescind the commitment.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

E. Fund Balances

Fund balances for all the major and non-major governmental funds as of June 30, 2020 were distributed as follows:

ionows.				Other	
	G 1	In Lieu	Capital	Governmental	T 1
Fund Balance Classifications	General	Park Land	Projects	Funds	Total
Nonspendables:					
Inventory and prepaids	\$60,030				\$60,030
Notes receivable	1,767,659				1,767,659
Veteran Memorial	8,615				8,615
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances	1,836,304				1,836,304
Restricted for:					
Debt service				\$364,179	364,179
Special revenue programs and projects		\$5,537,293		4,988,613	10,525,906
Total Restricted Fund Balances		5,537,293		5,352,792	10,890,085
Assigned to:					
Emergency and operating	7,206,207				7,206,207
OPEB	1,500,000				1,500,000
PERS reserve	5,000,000				5,000,000
Technology reserve	1,412,090				1,412,090
Capital and equipment (Note 8I):					
Capital and equipment reserve				663,202	663,202
Construction in progress reserve			\$3,864,566		3,864,566
Community center reserve	10,654,976			· ——— –	10,654,976
Total Assigned Fund Balances	25,773,273		3,864,566	663,202	30,301,041
Unassigned	7,861,296			(52,724)	7,808,572
Total Unassigned Fund Balances	7,861,296			(52,724)	7,808,572
Total Fund Balances	\$35,470,873	\$5,537,293	\$3,864,566	\$5,963,270	\$50,836,002

F. Net Deficit

The funds listed in the table below had fund balance deficits at June 30, 2020. These deficits are expected to be eliminated by future revenues.

	Fund
Fund	Deficit
TDA Special Revenue Fund	\$52,724
Storm Drain Enterprise Fund	23,938
Dental Reimbursement Internal Service Fund	50,082

G. OPEB Reserves

As of June 30, 2020, \$1.5 million in General Fund reserves have been assigned in recognition of existing Post-Retirement Health actuarial liability.

NOTE 8 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

H. Capital Projects Reserves

As of June 30, 2020 the City had set-aside \$10,654,976 for the construction of a new community center that is financed by resources other than proprietary funds. This amount was from the City's Real Property Proceeds Fund, which are presented with the General Fund in the financial statements. While these funds are not restricted by outside funding sources, the fund balance is assigned for the new community center.

	Real Property Proceeds Fund	Community Facilities Renewal Fund
Beginning Fund Balance as of July 1, 2019	\$10,910,179	\$12,785,246
Revenues		
Interest Income	462,900	
Total Revenues	462,900	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Trans fers out	(718,103)	(12,785,246)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(718,103)	(12,785,246)
Ending Fund Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$10,654,976	

I. Encumbrances

The City utilized an encumbrance system during fiscal year 2020 to assist in controlling expenditures. Under this system, governmental funds are encumbered when purchase orders, contracts, or other commitments are signed or approved. The General fund had an encumbrance balance at June 30, 2020, of \$256,296, which is reflected in the fiscal year 2021 budget.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Bay Cities Joint Powers Insurance Authority

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and floods for which the City is insured through Bay Cities Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Bay Cities).

The City has joined Bay Cities for general liability, property, errors and omissions, crimes and automobile physical damage coverage in the current year. Bay Cities is a public agency created in 1986 by and among various municipalities in Northern California to provide a pooled approach to liability insurance pursuant to the California Government Code. It is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of appointed officials from the member entities. The purpose of the pool is to provide various levels of liability coverage, claims administration, and loss control support to member agencies. Annually, each member pays an actuarially determined premium based on a formula which takes into account the prior three years' loss experience, annual payroll, and population.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Bay Cities provides coverage for its Members in excess of the member's retained limit, or self-insured retention (SIR), up to \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Each Member retains the portion of every loss that falls within their SIR, ranging from \$2,500 to \$1,000,000. Bay Cities is also a member of the California Affiliated Risk Management Authorities (CARMA), a risk sharing joint powers authority. When losses exceed the \$1,000,000 per occurrence limit, CARMA provides coverage up to \$28,000,000.

The City self-insures the first \$100,000 of each liability loss. Once the City's deductible is met, Bay Cities becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the upper limit. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City contributed \$110,211 or current year coverage.

The City continues to carry excess insurance policy for Workers' Compensation claims through the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA up to the statutory limits and does so using the services of a contracted third-party administrator. The City has a \$250,000 deductible as of June 30, 2020. During the year, the City contributed \$1,816,238 for current year coverage.

As of June 30, 2020, \$7,093 of revolving funds was held in trust on behalf of the City by the workers' compensation third-party claims administrator. \$20,000 is also being held by Bay Cities in the procurement of liability and claims coverage. The City will receive these funds upon termination of services subject to final withdrawal adjustments.

The Bay Cities financial statements may be obtained from Bay Cities Joint Powers Insurance Authority, Bickmore, 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95833. CSAC Excess Insurance Authority financial statements may be obtained from CSAC Excess Insurance Authority, 75 Iron Point Circle Suite 200, Folsom, CA 95630.

B. Liability for Uninsured Claims

The GASB requires municipalities to record their liability for uninsured claims and to reflect the current portion of this liability as an expenditure in their financial statements. As discussed in the section above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible or uninsured portion, of these claims. The current accounting standards require that this amount be separately identified and recorded as a liability. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past three years were as follows:

June 30

		June 50,	
	2020	2019	2018
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$3,492,000	\$3,580,000	\$3,433,475
Incurred claims and changes in estimates	816,675	247,742	779,259
Claim payments	(558,675)	(335,742)	(632,734)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$3,750,000	\$3,492,000	\$3,580,000
Current Portion	\$930,123	\$827,371	\$831,733
Long-Term Portion	\$2,819,877	\$2,664,629	\$2,748,267

In conformance with current accounting standards the City obtained an independent actuarial valuation of all outstanding Workers Compensation and Liability claims. The Workers Compensation report presented a valuation as of December 31, 2019 and projected values through fiscal years 2020 and 2021. The fiscal year 2019-2020 values presented above reflect the estimated present value of open claims as developed in this actuarial report. The General Liability report presented a valuation as of December 31, 2019 and projected values through fiscal years 2020 and 2021. The estimated amount of claims and judgments due within one year is \$930,123.

NOTE 10 – SELF-FUNDED REIMBURSEMENT DENTAL AND VISION PLAN

The City provides a self-funded reimbursement based dental and vision plans. The City's contribution for these plans are accounted for in the Dental Reimbursement Fund. The City contributed \$75 per month for each fulltime budgeted position. The funds accumulated are used to reimburse full-time salaried employees and their dependents, as well as council members for covered dental and vision claims. There are no administrative charges for this plan. The Dental Reimbursement Fund has a negative fund balance of \$50,082 in fiscal year 2020 due to the plans operating on a calendar year basis. Contributions and reimbursements for the past five fiscal years as follows:

	Contribution	Reimbursement
Fiscal year ended June 30,	Amount	Amount
2016	\$122,400	\$155,793
2017	121,350	125,208
2018	127,800	177,094
2019	125,324	238,064
2020	258,874	253,377
Total	\$755,748	\$458,095

The dental and vision plan year commences January 1st of each calendar year. An annual maximum dental and vision reimbursements of \$1,858 are provided for each employee and \$1,238 for each of their dependents. Any remaining balance in the fund for each plan year is carried forward to the following year. In subsequent years, the maximum coverage for both employees and dependents is increased annually based on the Consumer Price Index but not to exceed 3%.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions – All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's Miscellaneous and Safety Tier I, Tier II and PEPRA Employee Pension Rate Plan. The City's Miscellaneous Rate Plan is part of the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (PERF C), which is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). PERF C consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Individual employers may sponsor more than one miscellaneous and safety rate plan. The employer participates in one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan regardless of the number of rate plans the employer sponsors. The City sponsors three miscellaneous and three safety rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous - Tier 1
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2012
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% - 2.700%
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%
Required employer contribution rates	13.182%
	Miscellaneous - Tier 2
	January 1, 2012 -
Hire date	December 31, 2012
Benefit formula	2% @ 60
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.092% - 2.418%
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%
Required employer contribution rates	8.081%
	Miscellaneous - PEPRA
Hire date	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.000% - 2.500%
Required employee contribution rates	6.750%
Required employer contribution rates	6.985%
	3.50270

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Required employer contribution rates

	Safety - Tiers 1 and 2
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2012
Benefit formula	3% @ 50
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	3.000%
Required employee contribution rates	9.000%
Required employer contribution rates	21.927%
	Safety - Tier 3 January 1, 2012 -
Hire date	December 31, 2012
Benefit formula	3% @ 55
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.400% - 3.000%
Required employee contribution rates	9.000%
Required employer contribution rates	18.928%
	Safety - PEPRA
Hire date	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.000% - 2.700%
Required employee contribution rates	12.000%

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis. The City's required contribution for the unfunded liability and side fund was \$2,479,980 in fiscal year 2020.

13.034%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Contributions - employer	\$2,356,569	\$1,962,129

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share
	of Net Pension Liability
Miscellaneous	\$21,628,592
Safety	17,504,397
Total Net Pension Liability	\$39,132,989

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018 and 2019 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.53%	0.28%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.54%	0.28%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.01%	0.00%

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$7,357,769. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Miscellaneous Plan

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$2,356,569	
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,502,197	(\$116,390)
Changes in assumptions	1,031,351	(365,605)
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions		(531,077)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		(378,135)
Adjustments due to differences in proportion	298,461	(149,568)
Miscellaneous Total	\$5,188,578	(\$1,540,775)
Safety Plan	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$1,962,129	
Differences between actual and expected experience	1,142,879	
Changes in assumptions	717,475	(\$140,015)
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's		
proportionate share of contributions		(471,785)
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		(240,803)
Adjustments due to differences in proportion	410,255	(43,288)
Safety Total	\$4,232,738	(\$895,891)
Grand total	\$9,421,316	(\$2,436,666)

CITY OF LOS ALTOS NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

\$4,318,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	TOTAL
Year Ended	Annual	Annual	Annual
June 30	Amortization	Amortization	Amortization
2021	\$1,364,903	\$1,187,393	\$2,552,296
2022	(320,825)	(46,349)	(367,174)
2023	170,746	186,821	357,567
2024	76,410	46,853	123,263
	\$1,291,234	\$1,374,718	\$2,665,952

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2019, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2018 total pension liability. The June 30, 2018 total pension liability is based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

	Miscellaneous & Safety	
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method	
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Discount Rate	7.15%	
Inflation	2.50%	
Salary Increase	(1)	
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (2)	
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds (3)	
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies	

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a December 2017 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2015. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for the Plan was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate for the Plan assumed that contributions from all plan members in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) will be made at the current member contribution rates and the contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the expected real rate of return by asset class.

Asset Class (a)	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(b)	Real Return Years 11+(c)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%		-0.92%
Total	100%		

- (a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$32,181,167	\$25,878,058
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$21,628,592	\$17,504,397
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$12,918,188	\$10,639,306

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Subsequent Event – CalPERS Pension Contribution Rates – The CalPERS Board of Administration has adopted a new amortization policy effective with the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation. The new policy shortens the period over which actuarial gains and losses are amortized from 30 years to 20 years with the payments computed using a level dollar amount. In addition, the new policy removes the 5-year ramp-up and ramp-down on UAL bases attributable to assumption changes and non-investment gains/losses. The new policy removes the 5-year ramp-down on investment gains/losses. These changes will apply only to new UAL bases established on or after June 30, 2019. As a result of these changes, the City's contribution rates for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 are expected to increase over the fiscal year 2020 contribution rates.

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

A. General Information about the City's Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description – The City's Post Employment Benefit Plan is an agent-multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT).

Benefits Provided – The provisions and benefits of the City's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follow:

	All Bargaining Units
Eligibility	Retire directly from the City under CalPERS
	(age 50 ¹ and 5 years of service or disability)
Benefit	- 5% of active contribution times years in PEMHCA
	(increase each year not greater than \$100 per month)
	- Joined PEMHCA in 2001
	- 100% of PEMHCA minimum in 2021
	- Monthly amounts:
	Year Actives Retirees
	2020 \$ 132 \$ 124
Surviving Spouse Benefit	Surviving spouse coverage continues based on CalPERS
	retirement plan election
Other	- No dental, vision & life or Medicare reimbursement
	- Implicit rate subsidy included

 $^{^{1}}$ Age 52 for Miscellaneous PEPRA members

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City's contributions to the Plan were \$118,972.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – Membership in the plan consisted of the following at the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

Active employees	132
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefit payments	49
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	75
Total	256

NOTE 12 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

B. Net OPEB Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The City net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated January 1, 2019 that was rolled forward using standard update procedures to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions	June 30, 2019 Measurement Date
Valuation Date	• January 1, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Contribution Policy	City contributes full Actuarial Determined Contribution through CERBT #1
Discount Rate and Long Term Expected Rate	• 6.75% at June 30, 2019
of Return on Assets	• 6.75% at June 30, 2018
of Return on Assets	• Expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
General Inflation	• 2.75% annually
Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-18
Salary Increases	Aggregate - 3% annually
Salary increases	Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Medical Trend	• Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
Wedlear Frend	• Medicare - 6.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	• 4.25% annually
Healthcare participation	• 60%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	57.0%	4.82%
Fixed income	27.0%	1.47%
TIPS	5.0%	1.29%
Commodities	3.0%	0.84%
REITs	8.0%	3.76%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2018 Measurement Date	\$3,453,000	\$1,805,000	\$1,648,000
Changes Recognized for the Measurement Period:			_
Service Cost	162,743		162,743
Interest on the total OPEB liability	238,629		238,629
Changes in benefit terms			0
Differences between expected and actual experience	(524,133)		(524,133)
Changes of assumptions	128,646		128,646
Contributions from the employer		162,000	(162,000)
Net investment income		110,961	(110,961)
Benefit payments	(161,000)	(161,000)	0
Administrative expenses		(1,387)	1,387
Net changes	(155,115)	110,574	(265,689)
Balance at June 30, 2019 Measurement Date	\$3,297,885	\$1,915,574	\$1,382,311

The City paid \$162,000 for retiree healthcare plan benefits, including \$71,000 in premium payments for retirees, \$90,000 for implied subsidies, and \$1,000 for administrative costs. The plan does not issue separate financial statements.

D. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current discount rate:

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)			
Discount Rate -1%	Current Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%	
(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	
\$1.837.756	\$1,382,311	\$1,006,086	

NOTE 12- OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

The healthcare cost trend are as follows:

- Non-Medicare: 7.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years.
- Medicare: 6.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years.

Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
1% Decrease Current Healthcare Cost 1% Increase						
Trend Rates						
\$939,515	\$1,382,311	\$1,932,993				

E. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$248,098. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	\$118,972	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on		
plan investments		\$26,309
Differences between expected and actual experience		455,168
Changes in assumptions	111,719	
Total	\$230,691	\$481,477

\$118,972 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as part of OPEB expense as follows:

Year	Annual
Ended June 30	Amortization
2021	(65,865)
2022	(63,865)
2023	(54,865)
2024	(49,866)
2025	(52,038)
Thereafter	(83,259)
Total	(\$369,758)

NOTE 13 – CONTINGENCIES

As of June 30, 2020, there were two court orders involving 40 Main LLC and California Renters Legal Advocacy and Education Fund. One court order imposed a damage award to the Petitioners of \$490,001, which the City made the payment on September 10, 2020. The second court order awarded the Petitioners' attorneys' fees in the amount of \$554,436.90, which the City made the payment on January 5, 2021.

The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are reasonably sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to the audits by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act as amended and applicable State requirements. In addition, these programs are subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 14 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. Joint Powers Agreements

The City participates in joint ventures through Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these JPAs exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreement, including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Obligations and liabilities of the JPAs are not those of the City.

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of representatives from each member agency. Each board controls the operations of its respective JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence of member agencies beyond their representation of the board.

City of Palo Alto Regional Water Quality Control Plant: The City has an agreement with the City of Palo Alto to purchase treatment capacity at the Palo Alto Regional Water Quality Control Plant. It was formed in 1968 by a joint exercise of powers among the cities of Palo Alto, Mountain View, and Los Altos, constructed, maintains and operates sewage treatment facilities serving its member cities. The agreement provides that the City will purchase capacity for 50 years. The City of Palo Alto acts as administrator and bills each member its share of the operating costs. The audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting the City of Palo Alto at P.O. Box 10250, Palo Alto, CA 94303.

NOTE 14 – OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

North County Library Authority (NCLA): The NCLA, formed in 1985 by a joint exercise of powers agreement between the City and the Town of Los Altos Hills, provides library services for member residents. The NCLA was created to provide financing for capital improvements and additional services by the public libraries serving the area. Although the City owns the libraries and their sites, the County of Santa Clara (County) is responsible for all library operations. However, since 1985, the NCLA has levied a voter approved special parcel tax to compensate for service reductions due to cutbacks by the County. The special tax has been collected by the County, transferred to the City, on behalf of NCLA, and then transferred back to the County for the specifically requested services provided by the libraries within the NCLA's service area. The City performs administrative and accounting services for NCLA. In 1991, the NCLA issued Special Tax Bonds in the amount of \$3,645,000. The Special Tax Bonds were repaid off as of June 30, 2012. In 2010, NCLA successfully passed an updated twenty year parcel tax extending the assessment term to 2030. No new debt was issued in association with this election. The audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting the NCLA at One North San Antonio Road, Los Altos, CA 94022.

Community Health Awareness Council (CHAC): CHAC was organized as a joint powers agency between the City of Los Altos, City of Mountain View, Town of Los Altos Hills, Los Altos School District, Mountain View Whisman School District, and Mountain View-Los Altos High School District. CHAC provides prevention and intervention services concentrating on positive alternatives to health abuse and self-destructive behaviors within the communities served. The audited financial statements can be obtained by contacting CHAC at P.O. Box 335, Mountain View, California, 94042.

Silicon Valley Clean Energy Authority: The Silicon Valley Clean Energy Authority (SVCEA) was established in 2016 by 12 agencies in Santa Clara County including the City of Los Altos. The purpose of SVCEA is to enable the member agencies to pool the electricity demand within their jurisdictions to directly procure or generate electrical power supplies on behalf of the residents and businesses in their communities, thus allowing those agencies to provide a clean energy option for residents at a competitive price with traditional energy sources. As part of the implementation of SVCEA, the City of Los Altos paid \$100,000 for its portion of the start-up costs. These funds are to be reimbursed to the City once the Authority has achieved financial sustainability.

NOTE 15 – OTHER COMMITMENTS

A summary of remaining authorized CIP project balances at June 30, 2020 for all City funds by service area are as follows:

Construction in progress:

1 0		
Streets and Roadways		\$3,416,067
Pedestrian Safety		6,203,892
Infrastructure and Facilitie	es	8,232,929
Parks		401,643
Sewer		5,342,652
Technology		2,597,066
Community Development		1,388,781
	Total	\$27,583,030

Γotal \$27,583,030



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

COST-SHARING EMPLOYER DEFINED PENSION PLAN:

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIO

This schedule reports the proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the employer's covered employee payroll, the proportionate share (amount of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered employee payroll and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

This schedule reports the cost sharing employer's contributions to the plan which are actuarially determined, the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions, and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered employee payroll.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio as of the Measurement Date

Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan Last 10 Years*

					Miscellaneous Pool		
Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.42907%	0.50595%	0.20298%	0.51409%	0.52958%	0.54011%	
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$10,604,408	\$13,880,661	\$17,564,072	\$20,265,838	\$19,958,437	\$21,628,592	
Plan's Covered Payroll	7,736,180	7,806,721	8,434,058	8,337,461	9,734,936	9,569,932	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	137.08%	177.80%	208.25%	243.07%	205.02%	226.01%	
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	83.03%	78.28%	73.20%	75.39%	77.69%	77.73%	
			Safety	Pool			
Measurement Date	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	
Plan's proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.24026%	0.25820%	0.16023%	0.26642%	0.27582%	0.28041%	
Plan's proportion share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$9,011,972	\$10,639,010	\$13,864,825	\$15,919,233	\$16,183,695	\$17,504,397	
Plan's Covered Payroll	3,607,754	3,645,893	3,885,679	3,686,478	4,233,297	4,320,366	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	249.79%	291.81%	356.82%	431.83%	382.30%	405.16%	
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	81.46%	78.52%	73.96%	71.74%	73.39%	73.37%	
i Chalon Liability	01.70/0	10.32/0	13.7070	/1./ 4/0	13.37/0	13.31/0	

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Pension Plan As of fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 Last 10 Years* SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

		Miscellaneous Pool				
	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$1,081,811	\$1,456,475	\$1,544,680	\$1,769,644	\$1,974,752	\$2,356,569
determined contributions	(1,081,811)	(1,456,475)	(1,544,680)	(1,769,644)	(1,974,752)	(2,356,569)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$7,806,721	\$8,434,058	\$8,337,461	\$9,734,936	\$9,569,932	\$10,185,806
covered payroll	13.86%	17.27%	18.53%	18.18%	20.63%	23.14%
Notes to Schedule						
Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018
			G .C	. D. 1		
	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	ety Pool Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2019	Fiscal Year 2020
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$924,466	\$1,134,277	\$1,205,365	\$1,390,429	\$1,605,370	\$1,962,129
determined contributions	(1,076,741)	(1,134,277)	(1,205,365)	(1,390,429)	(1,605,370)	(1,962,129)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	(\$152,275)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$3,645,893	\$3,885,679	\$3,686,478	\$4,233,297	\$4,320,366	\$4,135,400
covered payroll	29.53%	29.19%	32.70%	32.85%	37.16%	47.45%
Notes to Schedule						
Valuation date:	6/30/2013	6/30/2014	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll

Remaining amortization period 15 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases (1)
Investment rate of return 7.15% (2)

Mortality Derived using CalPERS Membership Data
Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.75% until

Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.75%

thereafter

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Retiree Healthcare OPEB Plan - Agent Multiple Employer Last 10 fiscal years*

Measurement Date	6/30/17	6/30/18	6/30/19
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$154,000	\$158,000	\$162,743
Interest	207,000	223,000	238,629
Actual vs. expected experience			(524,133)
Assumption changes			128,646
Benefit payments	(134,000)	(142,000)	(161,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	227,000	239,000	(155,115)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,987,000	3,214,000	3,453,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$3,214,000	\$3,453,000	\$3,297,885
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$135,000	\$143,000	\$162,000
Net investment income	160,000	134,000	110,961
Administrative expense	(2,000)	(4,000)	(1,387)
Benefit payments	(134,000)	(142,000)	(161,000)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	159,000	131,000	110,574
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	1,515,000	1,674,000	1,805,000
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$1,674,000	\$1,805,000	\$1,915,574
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$1,540,000	\$1,648,000	\$1,382,311
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.1%	52.3%	58.1%
Covered-employee payroll	\$12,546,000	\$14,000,000	\$15,000,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.27%	11.77%	9.22%

 $[\]ast$ Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Retiree Healthcare OPEB Plan - Agent Multiple Employer Last 10 fiscal years*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2018	2019	2020	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$304,000	\$313,000	\$333,000	
actuarially determined contribution	143,000	314,000	118,972	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$161,000	(\$1,000)	\$214,028	
Covered-employee payroll	\$14,000,000	\$15,000,000	\$15,000,000	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.02%	2.10%	0.80%	

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION Retiree Healthcare OPEB Plan - Agent Multiple Employer Methods and Assumptions for Actuarially Determined Contribution

Valuation Date	• 1/1/2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal, Level Percentage of Payroll
Amortization Method	• Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	• 13.9-year average fixed period for 2019/20
Asset Valuation Method	Investment gains and losses spread over 5-year rolling period
Discount Rate	• 6.75%
General Inflation	• 2.75%
Medical Trend	• Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 • Medicare - 6.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Mortality, Retirement, Disability,	-
Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement	Mortality Improvement Scale MP-18
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	• 4.25% annually
Healthcare participation	• 60%

CITY OF LOS ALTOS GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Property tax	\$25,639,810	\$25,639,810	\$25,786,599	\$146,789
Sales tax	3,301,400	3,301,400	3,373,391	71,991
Utility users	2,781,000	2,781,000	2,838,663	57,663
Other tax	4,600,950	4,600,950	3,598,208	(1,002,742)
Licenses, permits and fees	8,633,080	4,264,540	4,154,060	(110,480)
Grants and donations	-,,	, - ,	88,117	88,117
Charges for services		4,183,910	3,649,900	(534,010)
Fines and forfeitures		178,110	182,926	4,816
Interest and rentals	386,900	386,900	2,257,574	1,870,674
Other		137,996	107,310	(30,686)
Total revenues	45,343,140	45,474,616	46,036,748	562,132
Expenditures:				
General government:				
Public Safety	19,615,686	19,615,686	18,795,499	820,187
Public Works	2,964,442	1,447,898	1,177,457	270,441
Recreation	2,666,978	5,139,218	4,698,125	441,093
Community development	3,840,000	6,624,312	5,521,470	1,102,842
Admin/community services	6,547,399	9,648,450	9,377,466	270,984
Total expenditures	35,634,505	42,475,564	39,570,017	2,905,547
Excess of revenues over				
expenditures	9,708,635	2,999,052	6,466,731	3,467,679
Other financing sources (uses):			111.050	111.070
Transfers in			111,850	111,850
Transfers out			(17,806,518)	(17,806,518)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(17,694,668)	(17,694,668)
Net change in fund balance	\$9,708,635	\$2,999,052	(11,227,937)	(\$14,226,989)
Fund balance at beginning of year			47,743,248	
Fund balance at end of year			\$36,515,311	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS IN-LIEU PARK LAND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Interest and rentals Intergovernmental		\$500,000	\$230,858	\$230,858 (500,000)
Total Revenues		500,000	230,858	(269,142)
Expenditures: Capital improvement			23,953	(23,953)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		500,000	206,905	(245,189)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		\$500,000	206,905	(\$245,189)
Beginning fund balance			5,330,388	
Ending fund balance			\$5,537,293	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

1. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts a budget annually for General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, (except for the Storm Drain Deposits Fund), and Equipment Replacement Capital Projects Fund that is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted and controlled at the fund level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various City departments. The City Council may amend the budget during the fiscal year. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amount between departments and line items within any fund to achieve a balanced budget; however, any revisions which alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Transfers between funds must be approved by the City Council. All appropriations lapse at year-end unless otherwise authorized by the City Council and the City Manager, except for capital improvement projects and open purchase order commitments for which appropriations endure until the project or obligation is completed.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except for capital projects funds, which are adopted on a project length basis, which means budgets are used until the project's completion for the entire project amount.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



GENERAL FUND

General Fund – Accounts for all financial resources necessary to carry out basic governmental activities of the City that are not accounted for in other funds. The General Fund supports essential City services such as police, fire, street and parks maintenance, maintenance services, community development and recreation activities. The General Fund also includes the Real Property Proceeds Funds, which accounts for the proceeds from the sale of real property and the Community Facilities Renewal Fund, which accounts for the revenues and expenditures related to the community facilities renewal efforts.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

_	General	Community Facilities Renewal Fund	Real Property Proceeds	Total General Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$26,702,314		\$10,654,976	\$37,357,290
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	1 241 564			1 2 41 5 64
Accounts	1,341,764			1,341,764
Interest Prepaids	7,574 21,876			7,574 21,876
Notes receivable	1,767,659			1,767,659
Inventory	38,154			38,154
Due to other funds	10,080			10,080
Land held for development	2,857,849			2,857,849
Total Assets	\$32,747,270		\$10,654,976	\$43,402,246
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$6,512,081			\$6,512,081
Accrued liabilities	1,217,345			1,217,345
Other payable	103,958			103,958
Total Liabilities	7,833,384			7,833,384
DEFERRAL INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows or revenues	97,989			97,989
Total Deferred Inflows	97,989			97,989
FUND BALANCES				
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable	1,836,304			1,836,304
Assigned	15,118,297		\$10,654,976	25,773,273
Unassigned	7,861,296			7,861,296
Total Fund Balances	24,815,897		10,654,976	35,470,873
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$32,747,270		\$10,654,976	\$43,402,246

CITY OF LOS ALTOS GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	General	Community Facilities Renewal	Real Property Proceeds	Intra-Fund Transaction Elimination	Total General Fund
REVENUES					
Property tax	\$25,786,599				\$25,786,599
Sales tax	3,373,391				3,373,391
Utility users	2,838,663				2,838,663
Other tax	3,598,208				3,598,208
Licenses, permits and fees	4,154,060				4,154,060
Grants and donations	88,117				88,117
Charges for services	3,649,900				3,649,900
Fines and forfeitures	182,926				182,926
Interest and rentals	1,794,674		\$462,900		2,257,574
Other _	107,310				107,310
Total Revenues	45,573,848		462,900		46,036,748
EXPENDITURES					
General government					
Public safety	18,795,499				18,795,499
Public works	1,177,457				1,177,457
Recreation	4,698,125				4,698,125
Community development	5,521,470				5,521,470
Admin / community development	10,421,904				10,421,904
Total Expenditures	40,614,455				40,614,455
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	4,959,393		462,900		5,422,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	111,850				111,850
Transfers (out)	(4,303,169)	(\$12,785,246)	(718,103)		(17,806,518)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(4,191,319)	(12,785,246)	(718,103)		(17,694,668)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	768,074	(12,785,246)	(255,203)		(12,272,375)
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	24,047,823	12,785,246	10,910,179		47,743,248
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$24,815,897		\$10,654,976		\$35,470,873



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

VEHICLE IMPOUND FUND

To account for revenues collected from arrest and towing fees that are dedicated for public safety purposes.

SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

To account for revenues from the Citizen's Option for Public Safety Program in support of additional front-line law enforcement services.

GAS TAX FUNDS

To account for the revenues received from the State gas taxes under the provision of the Streets and Highways Codes. These revenues are restricted to uses related to construction and improvements, an maintenance and repair of local streets.

PROPOSITION 1B FUND

To account for the allocated bond fund amount from the State under the Proposition 1B provisions.

STORM DRAIN DEPOSITS FUND

To account for fees collected from new subdivision development. All funds are restricted to construction and improvement of the storm drain system.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

To account for grant funds received from the federal government specifically for the housing rehabilitation loan programs, the human services programs through local nonprofit agencies, and the accessibility improvements in compliance with the American with Disabilities Act.

DOWNTOWN PARKING FUND

To account for revenues received from the lease of the public parking plazas and in-lieu program fees. The revenues are dedicated for the construction and improvement of downtown parking facilities.

TRAFFIC IMPACT FEE FUND

To account for revenues received from development. The revenues are dedicated for transportation improvements within the City.

ESTATE DONATION FUND

To account for donations received that are dedicated for purposes specified by the donors.

TDA FUND

To account for State Transportation Development Act, Article 3 funds for bike route and pedestrian facilities improvements.

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

PEG FUND

To account for fees collected by local Cable Television franchise. All funds are restricted for public education and government access programming.

VEHICLE REGISTRATION FEES FUND

To account for fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles from registrations in Santa Clara County. All funds are restricted to street projects.

SB 1 ROAD MAINTENANCE REHABILITATION FUND

To account for revenues received from the State Streets and Highways Codes. These revenues are restricted to address deferred maintenance on the State Highway System and the local street and road system.

TRAFFIC CONGESTION RELIEF PROGRAM FUND

To account for revenues received from the State. These revenues must be used only for maintenance or reconstruction costs on public streets or roads.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

To account for the revenues and expenditures related to the replacement of certain City equipment and vehicles.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

GENERAL DEBT SERVICE

To account for the accumulation of revenues for periodic payment of principal and interest on Certificates of Participation and related authorized costs.



CITY OF LOS ALTOS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

ASSETS	Vehicle Impound	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Gas Tax	Proposition 1B
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	(\$460)	\$89,281	\$1,619,766	\$44,428
Accounts	460			
Total Assets		\$89,281	\$1,619,766	\$44,428
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable Due to other funds			\$19,494	
Total Liabilities			19,494	
DEFERRAL INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows or revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows				
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted: Debt service Special revenue programs and projects Assigned Unassigned		\$89,281	1,600,272	\$44,428
Total Fund Balances		89,281	1,600,272	44,428
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances		\$89,281	\$1,619,766	\$44,428

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Storm Drain Deposits	Community Development Block Grant	Downtown Parking	Traffic Impact Fee	Estate Donation	TDA
\$56,086	\$4,617	\$899,360	\$531,504	\$16,941	(\$52,724)
		11,309			52,724
\$56,086	\$4,617	\$910,669	\$531,504	\$16,941	
		\$1,003			
		1,003			
					\$52,724
					52,724
\$56,086	\$4,617	909,666	\$531,504	\$16,941	
		,			(52,724)
56,086	4,617	909,666	531,504	16,941	(52,724)
\$56,086	\$4,617	\$910,669	\$531,504	\$16,941	

(Continued)

CITY OF LOS ALTOS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
ASSETS	PEG	Vehicle Registration Fees	SB1 Road Maintenance Rehabilitation	Traffic Congestion Relief Program	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectibles:	\$1,018,336	\$382,384	\$118,151	\$106,129	
Accounts	28,325		82,493		
Total Assets	\$1,046,661	\$382,384	\$200,644	\$106,129	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to other funds				_	
Total Liabilities					
DEFERRAL INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows or revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows					
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted: Debt service Special revenue programs and projects Assigned Unassigned	\$1,046,661	\$382,384	\$200,644	\$106,129	
Total Fund Balances	1,046,661	382,384	200,644	106,129	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$1,046,661	\$382,384	\$200,644	\$106,129	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	
Equipment Replacement	General	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
\$686,116	\$201,320 162,859	\$5,721,235 162,859
£(0(11(F264 170	175,311
\$686,116	\$364,179	\$6,059,405
\$22,914		\$43,411
22,914		43,411
		52,724
		52,724
663,202	\$364,179	364,179 4,988,613 663,202 (52,724)
663,202	364,179	5,963,270
\$686,116	\$364,179	\$6,059,405

CITY OF LOS ALTOS NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS					
	Vehicle Impound	Supplemental Law Enforcement	Gas Tax	Proposition 1B		
REVENUES						
Charges for services Licenses, permits and fees						
Intergovernmental	¢11.050	\$100,000	\$682,501			
Fines and forfeitures Interest and rentals	\$11,850		79,783	\$1,809		
Other						
Total Revenues	11,850	100,000	762,284	1,809		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Community development Capital improvements			50			
Debt service:			30			
Principal						
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total Expenditures			50			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	11,850	100,000	762,234	1,809		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						
Transfers (out)	(11,850)	(100,000)	(363,458)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(11,850)	(100,000)	(363,458)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			398,776	1,809		
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES		89,281	1,201,496	42,619		
ENDING FUND BALANCES		\$89,281	\$1,600,272	\$44,428		

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Storm Drain Deposits	Community Development Block Grant	Downtown Parking	Traffic Impact Fee	Estate Donation	TDA
		\$34,231	\$20,293		
		46,400 11,423	23,849	\$690	
		92,054	44,142	690	
		2,295	62,102		
		2,295	62,102		
		89,759	(17,960)	690	
			(4,540) (4,540)		
		89,759	(22,500)	690	
\$56,086	\$4,617	819,907	554,004	16,251	(\$52,724)
\$56,086	\$4,617	\$909,666	\$531,504	\$16,941	(\$52,724)

(Continued)

CITY OF LOS ALTOS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				
	PEG	Vehicle Registration Fees	SBI Road Maintenance Rehabilitation	Traffic Congestion Relief Program	
REVENUES Charges for services Licenses, permits and fees Intergovernmental	\$101,530		\$540,207	\$35,064	
Fines and forfeitures Interest and rentals Other	40,805				
Total Revenues	142,335		540,207	35,064	
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development Capital improvements Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges					
Total Expenditures					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	142,335		540,207	35,064	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in					
Transfers (out)	(36,680)		(406,119)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(36,680)		(406,119)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	105,655		134,088	35,064	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	941,006	\$382,384	66,556	71,065	
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$1,046,661	\$382,384	\$200,644	\$106,129	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	DEBT SERVICE FUND	
Equipment Replacement	General	Total Non-major Governmental Funds
		\$101,530 54,524 1,357,772 11,850 193,336 11,423
		1,730,435
\$372,342 42,500		374,637 104,652
	\$120,000 47,200	120,000 47,200
414,842	167,200	646,489
(414,842)	(167,200)	1,083,946
	167,200	167,200 (922,647)
	167,200	(755,447)
(414,842)		328,499
1,078,044	364,179	5,634,771
\$663,202	\$364,179	\$5,963,270

CITY OF LOS ALTOS VEHICLE IMPOUND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
			(1.18)
REVENUES:			
Fines and forfeitures	\$20,000	\$11,850	(\$8,150)
Total Revenues	20,000	11,850	(8,150)
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	20,000	11,850	(8,150)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(11,850)	(11,850)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(11,850)	(11,850)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$20,000		(\$20,000)
Beginning fund balance			
Ending fund balance			

CITY OF LOS ALTOS SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental	\$100,000	\$100,000	
Total Revenues	100,000	100,000	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	100,000	100,000	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(100,000)	(\$100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(100,000)	(100,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$100,000		(\$100,000)
Beginning fund balance		89,281	
Ending fund balance		\$89,281	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS GAS TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Duager	7 Totaar 7 Hillounts	(Tregutive)
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Interest and rentals	\$680,000	\$682,501 79,783	\$2,501 79,783
Total Revenues	680,000	762,284	82,284
EXPENDITURES Capital improvements		50	(50)
Total Expenses		50	(50)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	680,000	762,234	82,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(363,458)	(363,458)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(363,458)	(363,458)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$680,000	398,776	(\$281,224)
Beginning fund balance		1,201,496	
Ending fund balance		\$1,600,272	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS PROPOSITION 1B FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Interest and rentals		\$1,809	\$1,809
Total Revenues		1,809	1,809
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		1,809	1,809
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,809	\$1,809
Beginning fund balance		42,619	
Ending fund balance		\$44,428	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Grants and donations	\$623,933		(\$623,933)
Total Revenues	623,933		(623,933)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	623,933		(623,933)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$623,933		(\$623,933)
Beginning fund balance		\$4,617	
Ending fund balance		\$4,617	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS DOWNTOWN PARKING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Licenses, permits and fees Interest and rentals	\$40,000	\$34,231 46,400	(\$5,769) 46,400
Other		11,423	11,423
Total Revenues	40,000	40,000 92,054	
EXPENDITURES			
Current: Community development		2,295	(2,295)
Total Expenses		2,295	(2,295)
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	40,000	89,759	49,759
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$40,000	89,759	\$49,759
Beginning fund balance		819,907	
Ending fund balance		\$909,666	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS TRAFFIC IMPACT FEE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Licenses, permits and fees Interest and rentals	\$950,000	\$20,293 23,849	(\$929,707) 23,849
Total Revenues	950,000	44,142	(905,858)
EXPENDITURES Capital improvements		62,102	(62,102)
Total Expenses		62,102	(62,102)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	950,000	(17,960)	(967,960)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(4,540)	(4,540)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,540)	(4,540)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$950,000	(22,500)	(\$972,500)
Beginning fund balance		554,004	
Ending fund balance		\$531,504	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS ESTATE DONATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Interest		\$690	\$690
Total Revenues		690	690
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		690	690
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		690	\$690
Beginning fund balance		16,251	
Ending fund balance		\$16,941	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS TDA FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final	A ctual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES: Grants and donations			
Total expenditures			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)			
Total other financing sources (uses)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			
Beginning fund balance		(\$52,724)	
Ending fund balance		(\$52,724)	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS PEG FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Interest income		\$40,805	\$40,805
Charges for services		101,530	101,530
Fines and forfeitures		-	
Total revenues		142,335	142,335
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		142,335	142,335
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(36,680)	(36,680)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(36,680)	(36,680)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		105,655	\$142,335
Beginning fund balance		941,006	
Ending fund balance		\$1,046,661	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS VEHICLE REGISTRATION FEES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:			
Grants and donations	\$396,653		(\$396,653)
Total revenues	396,653		(396,653)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	396,653		(396,653)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$396,653		(\$396,653)
Beginning fund balance		\$382,384	
Ending fund balance		\$382,384	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS SB1 ROAD MAINTENANCE REHABILITATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:			
Intergovernmental		\$540,207	\$540,207
Total revenues		540,207	540,207
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(406.110)	(40 (110)
Transfers (out)		(406,119)	(406,119)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(406,119)	(406,119)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES		134,088	134,088
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		134,088	\$134,088
Beginning fund balance		66,556	
Ending fund balance		\$200,644	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS TRAFFIC CONGESTION RELIEF PROGRAM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:		***	\$2.5 0.54
Intergovernmental		\$35,064	\$35,064
Total revenues		35,064	35,064
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		35,064	35,064
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		35,064	\$35,064
Beginning fund balance		71,065	
Ending fund balance		\$106,129	

CITY OF LOS ALTOS EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES Community development Capital improvements	\$353,935 322,000	\$372,342 42,500	(\$18,407) 279,500
Total expenditures	675,935	414,842	261,093
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(675,935)	(414,842)	261,093
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(\$675,935)	(414,842)	\$261,093
Beginning fund balance		1,078,044	
Ending fund balance		\$663,202	



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one City department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other government units on a cost-reimbursement basis (including depreciation).

DENTAL REIMBURSEMENT

To account for costs of the City's self-insurance dental program. Funds are provided primarily from charges to departments.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

To account for the unemployment insurance premiums and claims made against the City. Funds are provided primarily from charges to departments.

WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE

To account for the premium costs and self-insured claim losses made against the City for workers compensation. Funds are provided primarily from charges to departments.

LIABILITY INSURANCE

To account for the premium costs and self-insured claim losses made against the City for property-related and general liability. Funds are provided primarily from charges to departments.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Dental Reimbursement	Unemployment Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Liability Insurance	Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable	(\$50,082)	\$554,292	\$6,035,728 5,968	\$1,493,952 9,157	\$8,033,890 15,125
Total Assets	(50,082)	554,292	6,041,696	1,503,109	8,049,015
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Claims and judgements Due to other funds			99,225 686,309	37,090 243,814	136,315 930,123
Noncurrent Liabilities: Claims and judgements			2,669,691	150,186	2,819,877
Total Liabilities			3,455,225	431,090	3,886,315
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted	(50,082)	554,292	2,586,471	1,072,019	4,162,700
Total Net Position	(\$50,082)	\$554,292	\$2,586,471	\$1,072,019	\$4,162,700

CITY OF LOS ALTOS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Dental Reimbursement	Unemployment Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Liability Insurance	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$258,874			\$15,721	\$274,595
Total Operating Revenues	258,874			15,721	274,595
OPERATING EXPENSES Outside services Claims and insurance Administration	253,377	\$6,316	\$680,238 116,525	120,830 661,512	120,830 1,601,443 116,525
Total Operating Expenses	253,377	6,316	796,763	782,342	1,838,798
Operating Income (Loss)	5,497	(6,316)	(796,763)	(766,621)	(1,564,203)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (Note 3)			982,518		982,518
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			982,518		982,518
Change in Net Position	5,497	(6,316)	185,755	(766,621)	(581,685)
BEGINNING NET POSITION	(55,579)	560,608	2,400,716	1,838,640	4,744,385
ENDING NET POSITION	(\$50,082)	\$554,292	\$2,586,471	\$1,072,019	\$4,162,700

CITY OF LOS ALTOS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Dental Reimbursement	Unemployment Insurance	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Liability Insurance	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from other funds Cash payments to vendors Insurance premiums, settlements, and rebates	\$203,295 (253,377)	(\$10,026)	(\$3,196) 33,475 (588,138)	\$15,721 (12,830) (629,411)	\$215,820 (242,758) (1,217,549)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(50,082)	(10,026)	(557,859)	(626,520)	(1,244,487)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in			982,518		982,518
Cash Flows from (used for) Noncapital Financing Activities			982,518		982,518
Net Cash Flows	(50,082)	(10,026)	424,659	(626,520)	(261,969)
Cash and investments at beginning of period		564,318	5,611,069	2,120,472	8,295,859
Cash and investments at end of period	(\$50,082)	\$554,292	\$6,035,728	\$1,493,952	\$8,033,890
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows from operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:	\$5,497	(\$6,316)	(\$796,763)	(\$766,621)	(\$1,564,203)
Accounts receivable Accounts payable Due to other funds Claims and judgments payable	(55,579)	(3,710)	(3,196) 92,100 150,000	32,101 108,000	(3,196) 120,491 (55,579) 258,000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(\$50,082)	(\$10,026)	(\$557,859)	(\$626,520)	(\$1,244,487)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AGENCY FUNDS

NORTH COUNTY LIBRARY AUTHORITY

This fund accounts for the operating activities and the special assessment collection pertaining to the North County Library Authority.

RAYMUNDO CURB AND GUTTER

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the debt service related to the construction and installation of curbs and gutters. The revenue is derived from the special assessment levied to property owners within that improvement district.

BLUE OAK LANE SEWER

This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for payment of the debt service, construction and installation of sanitary sewer systems on Blue Oak Lane funded via November 2009 limited obligation assessment district bonds. The revenue is derived from the special assessment levied to property owners within that improvement district.

CITY OF LOS ALTOS AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

North County Library Authority	Balance 6/30/2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2020
Assets				
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$4,603,045 2,917	\$769,877 16,947	\$315,845 2,917	\$5,057,077 16,947
Total assets	\$4,605,962	\$786,824	\$318,762	\$5,074,024
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Due to others	\$315,845 4,290,117	\$13,419 773,405	\$315,845 2,917	\$13,419 5,060,605
Total liabilities	\$4,605,962	\$786,824	\$318,762	\$5,074,024
Raymundo Curb and Gutter <u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaids	\$32,367 61 50 1,129	\$12,778 125	\$13,720 61 50 1,129	\$31,425 125
Total assets	\$33,607	\$12,903	\$14,960	\$31,550
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Due to others	\$13,720 19,887	\$13,720 (817)	\$13,720 1,240	\$13,720 17,830
Total liabilities	\$33,607	\$12,903	\$14,960	\$31,550

	Balance 6/30/2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance 6/30/2020
Blue Oak Lane Sewer	0.00.2019			0.20.2020
Assets				
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Interest receivable	\$32,554 40,929 51	\$3,115 (25)	\$51	\$35,669 40,904
Total assets	\$73,534	\$3,090	\$51	\$76,573
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to others	\$73,534	\$3,090	\$51	\$76,573
Total liabilities	\$73,534	\$3,090	\$51	\$76,573
Totals - All Agency Funds <u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaids	\$4,667,966 40,929 61 3,018 1,129	\$785,770 (25) 125 16,947	\$329,565 61 3,018 1,129	\$5,124,171 40,904 125 16,947
Total assets	\$4,713,103	\$802,817	\$333,773	\$5,182,147
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable Due to others	\$329,565 4,383,538	\$27,139 775,678	\$329,565 4,208	\$27,139 5,155,008
Total liabilities	\$4,713,103	\$802,817	\$333,773	\$5,182,147



STATISTICAL SECTION



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax:

- 1. Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds
- 2. Assessed Value of Taxable Property
- 3. Property Tax Dollar by Break Down
- 4. Property Tax Dollars by Recipient Group
- 5. Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates
- 6. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 7. Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt
- 3. Legal Debt Margin

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-Time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program
- 2. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 3. Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program
- 4. Trust and Agency Debt Administration

Sources

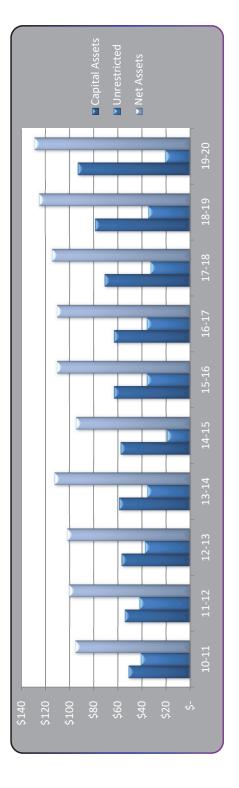
Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.



City of Los Altos Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting; amounts expressed in thousands)

										FISCAL YEAK	, YŁ	AK								
	20	2010-11	2	2011-12	200	2012-13(a)	7	2013-14	7	2014-15	2	2015-16	30	2016-17	7	2017-18	201	2018-19	2019-20	-20
Governmental activities		0	•	, F 7	•) 7 1	•	r C	•	0	€	, ,	-		•	, (,	7	č	0
Net investment in capital assets	€	46,011	Ð	48,511	Ð	50,102	Ð	50,164	s	49,079	S	53,409	•	54,725	Ð	61,525	.	67,611	∞	80,869
Restricted		3,057		3,926		7,406		17,629		17,815		14,447		11,498		10,620	<u>΄</u>	11,381	H	15,365
Unrestricted		33,448		34,634		29,883		27,624		10,746		15,583		24,047		20,429	. 1	21,733	Δ)	5,216
Total governmental activities net position	8	82,516	8	87,071	&	87,391	\$	95,417	&	77,640	8	83,439	8	90,270	\$	92,574	\$ 10	.00,725	100	101,450
Business-type activities																				
Net investment in capital assets	8	5,197	8	5,952	8	6,773	\$	8,718	8	8,662	\$	8,726	8	8,403	*	9,450	\$	11,239 \$	17	12,288
Unrestricted		7,625		7,539		7,843		8,087		8,472		11,259		11,907		12,644		13,135	15	15,500
Total business-type activities net position	8	12,822	8	13,491	\$	14,616	\$	16,805	\$	17,134	8	19,985	8	20,310	\$	22,094	\$	24,374	2.	27,788
Primary government																				
Net investment in capital assets	8	51,208	8	54,463	8	56,875	\$	58,882	8	57,741	\$	62,135	8	63,128	8	70,975	8	78,850 \$	6	93,157
Restricted		3,057		3,926		7,406		17,629		17,815		14,447		11,498		10,620	Γ,	11,381	H	15,365
Unrestricted		41,073		42,173		37,726		35,711		19,218		26,842		35,954		33,073	(,)	34,868	2(20,716
Total primary government net position	\$	95,338	\$ 10	100,562	\$	102,007	\$	112,222	8	94,774	\$	103,424	\$	110,580	8	114,668	\$ 12	125,099	129	129,238



Source:

City of Los Altos Finance Department

Note:

(a) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "Net Assets" with the term "Net Position"

City of Los Altos Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting; amounts expressed in thousands)

(accinat ousis of acconnents), amounts expressed in monsainas)	, richonsun	/s/					14	FISCAL YEAR	YEAR							
	2010-11	11	2011-12	I	2012-13	2013-14	201	2014-15	2015-16	l I	2016-17	2017-18	l I	2018-19	201	2019-20
Expenses																
Governmental activities:																
Public safety	\$ 14		\$ 14,	14,797 \$	15,144	\$ 14,884	s		\$ 15,791	791 \$	15,224	s	19,928 \$	18,945	s	21,217
Public works	5	5,451	5,	5,157	5,557	6,453		7,058	5,	5,816	7,832		6,217	6,534		3,367
Recreation	2,	2,503	7,	2,193	2,108	2,656		2,976	2,	2,744	2,613	3	3,402	3,061		5,620
Community development	4	4,052	ε,	3,583	4,514	4,038		4,590	5,	5,758	4,243	9	6,440	5,547		965'9
Admin/Community services	E)	3,837	4,	4,034	5,675	3,804		4,002	4,	4,882	4,411	5	2,687	5,905		11,713
Interest on long-term activities		98		69	95	71		89		63	51		64	51		40
Total governmental activities expenses	30	30,030	29,	29,833	33,093	31,906		34,330	35,	35,054	34,374		41,738	40,043		48,553
Business-type activities:																
Sewer	4	4,520	4	4,386	4,529	4,574		4,789	4,	4,607	6,754	4	4,970	5,273		5,527
Solid waste		717		341	355	396		347		376	438		461	465		426
Storm drain		200		213	232	165		215		·	1		1	-		-
Total Business-type activities expenses	5	5,437	4,	4,940	5,116	5,105		5,351	4,	4,983	7,193	5	5,432	5,738		5,953
Total primary government expenses	\$ 35	35,467	\$ 34,	34,773 \$	38,209	\$ 37,011	÷	39,681	\$ 40,	40,037 \$	41,567	÷	47,170 \$	45,781	÷	54,506
Program Revenues																
Governmental activities:																
Charges for services:	•														-	
Public safety	€		s	394 \$	344	\$ 417	s		€	462 \$	363	€	330 \$	488	S	324
Public works		191		32	34	09		33		22	42		51	51		48
Recreation	1	1,763	1,	1,808	1,865	1,952		2,167	7	2,123	2,070	7	2,021	1,963		847
Community development	7,	2,650	ω,	3,260	7,431	5,196		3,625	3	3,412	3,112	4	4,589	4,027		3,498
Admin/Community services	1	1,061		875	947	942		954	1,	1,033	1,082		950	753		1,200
Operating grants and contributions:																
Public safety		100		112	109	116		109		437	392		409	401		188
Public works		685		829	669	606		504		336	262		298	286		420
Recreation		•		,	•	•		1		7	5		5	5		•
Community development		168		21	26	36		343		∞	148		170	•		1
Admin/Community services		64		36	28	9		•		,	'			'		•
Capital grants and contributions:																
Public safety		ı		,	1	'		1		,	•		ı	•		•
Public works		711		268	492	747		498	1,	1,522	807		641	806		1,856
Recreation		٠			•	•		ı		,	1		1	'		1
Community development		ı	κ,	3,400	80	3		30		^	1		62	•		ı
Admin/Community services		28		92	1	83		'		 	1		 	1		'
Total governmental activities program revenues	7	7,816	11,	11,740	12,118	10,467		9,161	6	9,397	8,283	6	9,526	8,780		8,381

(accrual basis of accounting; amounts expressed in thousands) Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Los Altos

(mentions of mechanics expressed in the meaning)	(connection)							FISCAL YEAR	IL YI	EAR							
	2010-11	``	2011-12	200	2012-13	20.	2013-14	2014-15	7	2015-16	2016-17	-17	2017-18	2018-19		2019-20	ا ا
Business-type activities: Charges for services:																	
Sewer	\$ 4,813	\$	4,503	&	5,121	8	6,347	\$ 6,328	\$	986′9	\$	6,703 \$	698'9	°,	6,467 \$	7,942	42
Solid waste	992	61	821		879		754	786		752		774	812		841	8	847
Storm drain					1		12			1		'	1		ا ا		'
Total business-type activities program revenues	5,805	10	5,324		6,000		7,113	7,116		7,738		7,477	7,181	7,7	7,308	8,789	68
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 13,621	\$	17,064	\$	18,118	\$	17,580	\$ 16,277	8	17,135	\$ 1.	15,760 \$	16,707	\$ 16,088	\$ 88	17,170	70
Net (expense)/revenue:			0	+	Í I					Î I							ĺ
Governmental activities Business-tyne activities	\$ (22,214) 368	æ æ	(18,093)	€	(20,975)	.	(21,439)	\$ (25,170) 1.766		(25,657)	Ž ♣	(26,091) \$ 284	(32,212)	\$ (31,263) 1,570	31,263) \$ 1.570	(40,172) 2,836	(7 / 5)
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (21,846)	 	(17,709)	8	(20,091)	\$	(19,431)	\$ (23,404)	\$	(22,902)	\$ (2)	(25,807) \$	()	\$		(37,336)	36)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position] I															
Governmental activities:																	
Taxes:																	
Property taxes	\$ 12,794	\$	13,302	&	14,130	\$	15,586	\$ 17,480	8	18,776	\$	19,863 \$	(1	\$ 23,	23,792 \$	25,787	87
Sales taxes	2,588	~	2,746		2,926		2,809	2,943		3,196		3,278	3,244	Š,	3,461	3,37	73
Utility users taxes	2,543	~	2,548		2,600		2,600	2,523		2,672		2,680	2,732	2,	744	2,83	39
Other taxes	2,910	_	2,868		3,301		3,542	3,732		3,909	•	4,330	4,535	4	4,514	3,598	86
Franchise fees	1,814		1,731		1,770		1,905	1,808		2,029		2,083	2,207	2,	2,222	2,28	87
Sale of Capital Assets-net			(545)		(8)		2,846	•		•		ı	•		ı		ı
Interest income	275		115		174		66	200	_	438		233	320	2,	2,226	2,595	95
Miscellaneous	388	~	131		382		212	1,124		435		454	452	•	456	41	418
Transfers	(65)	(e)	(247)		(232)		(152)	(196)		-		'	-		'		'
Total governmental activities	23,247		22,649		25,043		29,447	29,614		31,455	3.	32,921	34,919	39,415	115	40,897	97
Business-type activities:																	
Interest income	71	_	37		10		•	•		•		1	•		ı	57	226
Miscellaneous			•		1		28	40	_	96		40	70		477		ı
Transfers	65		247		232		152	196		1		'	1		 '		4
Total business-type activities	136	, (284		242		180	236		96		40	70		477	57	579
Total primary government	\$ 23,383	& &	22,933	÷	25,285	\$	29,627	\$ 29,850	8	31,551	\$ 3.	32,961	34,989	\$ 39,892	392 \$	41,476	92
Change in Net Position	7	+	i i	+	,	+	0		€) 1 1	+	000	1	ć	(L	1	L

City of Los Altos Finance Department

Total primary government

Governmental activities Business-type activities

725 3,415 4,140

8,152

6,830 324

5,798 8,649

4,444 2,002 6,446

8,008 2,188 10,196

4,068 5,194

s

4,556 899 5,224

1,033 504 1,537

8

8

10,199 2,047

2,707 1,819 4,526

City of Los Altos

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting; amounts expressed in thousands)

(Pre GASB 54 Presentation - For Years Before 2011-12)

										FISCAL YEAR	∠ Yŀ	AK								
	201	2010-11	7	2011-12	۲4	2012-13	2	2013-14	2	2014-15	2	2015-16	20	2016-17	20	2017-18	2	2018-19	20	2019-20
General fund																				
Reserved	\$	48 \$	\$	46	\$	49	\$	27,195	\$	30,010	\$	29,588	\$	37,637	\$	40,519	\$	40,902	\$	27,610
Unreserved/Unrestricted		7,836		7,439		8,453		1,433		4,789		8,535		6,039		4,875		6,841		7,861
Total general fund	\$	7,884 \$	\$	7,485	\$	8,502	\$	28,628	\$	34,799	\$	38,123	\$	43,676	\$	45,394	\$	47,743	\$	35,471
All other governmental funds																				
Restricted	\$	2,780 \$	8	3,926	8	7,406	8	364	\$	364	\$	364	\$	364	\$	364	\$	364	8	364
Reserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds		892'9		6,911		7,415		9,644		12,737		6,605		9,281		9,744		10,654		11,188
Capital projects funds	•	16,868		17,213		15,676		7,621		4,714		4,477		1,993		512		416		3,865
Debt service funds		1		1		1		ı		ı		ı		1		1		ı		1
Unreserved/Unrestricted		1		_		-		-		-		-		-		-		(52)		(52)
Total all other governmental funds		26,416		28,050		30,497		17,629		17,815		14,446		11,638		10,620		11,382		15,365

Source:

50,836

\$

59,125

s

56,014

\$

55,314

8

52,569

\$

52,614

46,257

8

38,999

8

35,535

34,300

\$

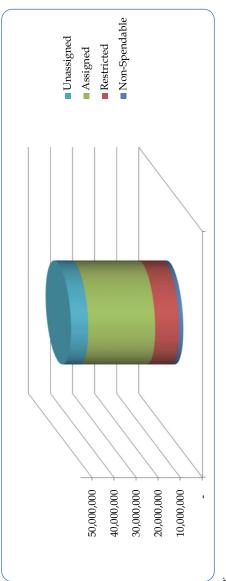
Total all governmental funds

City of Los Altos Finance Department

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Los Altos

(modified accrual basis of accounting amounts expressed in thousands) (GASB 54 Presentation - 2019-20)

		In Lieu Park	Capital	Other Govt	
	General Fund	Land	Projects	Funds	Total
Inventory & Prepaids	(60,030)	\$	€	\$	(60,030)
Notes Receivable	(1,767,659)	ı	1	•	(1,767,659)
Veteran Memorial	(8,615)	1	1	1	(8,615)
Non-Spendable	(1,836,304)	1	'		(1,836,304)
Debt Service				(364,179)	(364,179)
Special Revenue Programs and Projects	1	(5,537,293)	1	(4,988,613)	(10,525,906)
Restricted		(5,537,293)		(5,352,792)	(10,890,085)
Continuing CIPS		'	'		1
Committed	1	1	1	•	1
Gonoral Fund Rosorno	(706 207)	ı	'	,	(706 202)
ODER	(1 500 000)				(1 500 000)
OFEB	(1,300,000)	•	•	•	(000,000,1)
PERS Reserve	(2,000,000)	•	•	•	(2,000,000)
Technology	(1,412,090)	•	1	1	(1,412,090)
Capital and Equipment	1	1	1	(663,202)	(663,202)
CIP Reserve	1	1	(3,864,566)	1	(3,864,566)
Capital Project Reserve - Community Center	(10,654,976)	1	1	1	(10,654,976)
Assigned	(25,773,273)	1	(3,864,566)	(663,202)	(30,301,041)
Unassigned	(7,861,296)	1	1	52,724	(7,808,572)
Total Fund Equity	\$ (35,470,873)	\$ (5,537,293)	\$ (3,864,566)	\$ (5,963,270)	\$ (50,836,002)



Source: City of Los Altos Finance Department

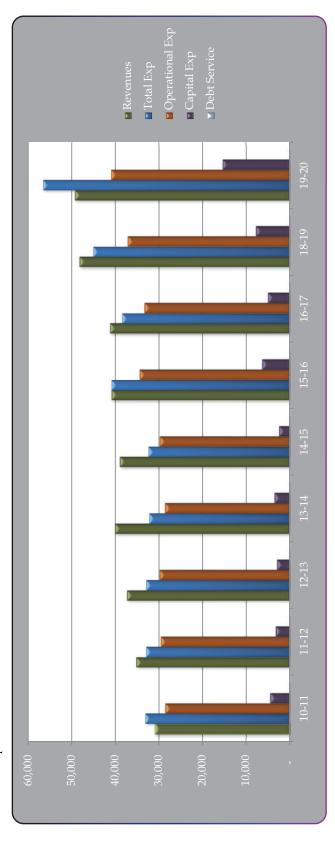
City of Los Altos Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting; amounts expressed in thousands)

יוויסמילובת מבכו שמו כמצוצ כל מבכסמונית לי מוויסמיני בעלו בצבת ו		(can)			Fisc	Fiscal Year				
	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 17,714	\$ 18,250	\$ 19,444	\$ 21,950	\$ 26,690	\$ 28,565	\$ 30,151	\$ 31,939	\$ 34,511	\$ 35,597
License, permits and park-in-lieu	3,187	3,204	3,312	4,531	3,925	3,784	3,786	4,195	4,207	4,209
Intergovernmental	3,988	4,333	4,513	4,861	1,027	973	742	2,087	1,557	1,358
Grants and donations	929	4,242	650	788	873	1,863	1,214	928	396	1,368
Charges for services	4,020	3,780	4,480	4,572	4,698	4,659	4,577	4,620	4,850	3,751
Fines and forfeitures	148	231	171	214	161	264	213	178	191	195
Interest and rentals	333	169	135	159	291	558	230	360	2,269	2,680
Other	521	973	4,616	2,989	1,306	187	291	137	214	119
Total revenues	30,840	35,182	37,320	40,064	38,971	40,853	41,204	44,444	48,195	49,277
Expenditures										
General government										
Public Safety										
Police	8,616	6,588	9,178	8,891	9,167	9/6′6	896′6	10,744	11,107	11,465
Fire Services	5,259	5,375	5,513	5,714	5,961	6,219	6,473	6,722	7,011	7,330
Public works	4,793	4,826	4,831	4,353	4,307	4,859	5,299	5,784	5,535	1,177
Recreation	2,062	2,429	2,102	2,186	2,389	2,423	2,343	2,509	2,469	4,698
Community development	3,973	3,726	4,553	3,885	4,221	6,087	4,653	5,747	5,361	2,896
Administration/Community services	3,845	3,624	3,655	3,552	3,770	4,852	4,567	4,773	5,673	10,422
Capital improvements	4,475	3,212	2,916	3,492	2,435	6,313	4,992	7,299	7,756	15,428
Debt service										
Principal	85	06	95	95	100	105	105	110	120	120
Interest and fiscal charges	80	77	75	72	69	64	09	26	52	47
Total expenditures	33,188	32,947	32,918	32,240	32,419	40,898	38,460	43,744	45,084	56,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,348)	2,235	4,402	7,824	6,552	(45)	2,744	700	3,111	(7,306)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Payment to refunded bonded escrow agent		1 1		' '		' '				
Transfers in	3,509	1,887	2,443	2,119	3,632	1,752	092)	5,714	8,243	17,747
Tignistics out	£ 10'0)	(2,174)	(526,2)	(2,002)	(3,020)	(1,1,02)	(100)	(0,/14	(0,440)	(500)
1 otal Other financing sources (uses)	(c9)	(747)	(487)	(990)	(196)	'				(387)

City of Los Altos Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting; amounts expressed in thousands)

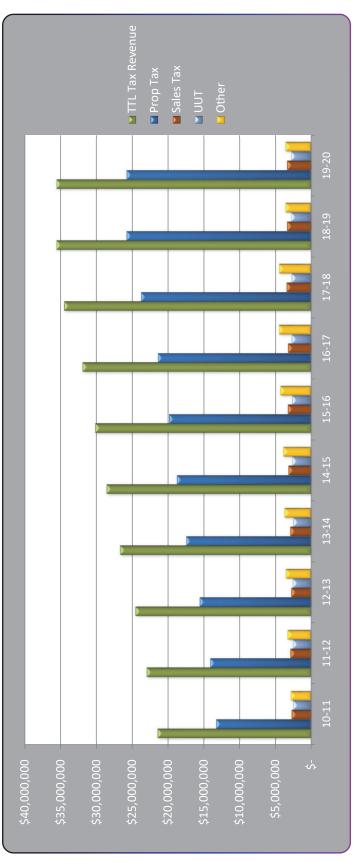
					H	Fiscal Year					
	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	l I	2019-20
Special items											
CalPERS Side Fund Pay Down	1	(850)	(620)	•	•		•	•			ı
Sale of capital assets-net	300	100	492	'	•		•	•		-	•
Total special items	300	(750)	(458)	1						-	'
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,113)	\$ 1,238	\$ 3,463	\$ 7,258	\$ 6,356	\$ (45)	\$ 2,744	\$ 700	3,111	1.	(8,288)
Debt service as a percentage of										 	
non-capital expenditures	89.0	%9 .0	%9.0	%9.0	%9.0	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5	%	0.4%

Source: City of Los Altos Finance Department



City of Los Altos Tax Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Sales	Business	Utility	Transient	Real Estate	Real Estate Motor Vehicle	Building	Special	
Year	Property	Tax	Licenses	Users	Occupancy	Transfer Tax	License Tax	Development	Assessments	Total
2010-11	\$ 12,793,603	3 2,587,889	\$ 399,461 \$	2,543,287	\$ 1,517,579	\$ 387,905	\$ 145,798	\$ 459,935	\$ -	20,835,457
2011-12	13,301,950	2,746,374	442,824	2,547,777	1,782,018	468,006	ı	175,499	1	21,464,448
2012-13	14,130,040	2,926,441	519,828	2,600,054	1,946,484	587,422	15,102	247,992	1	22,973,363
2013-14	15,586,329	2,809,489	475,298	2,600,034	2,168,556	583,581	12,639	314,271	1	24,550,197
2014-15	17,479,882	2,942,764	453,201	2,522,536	2,450,488	616,500	12,281	212,187	1	26,689,839
2015-16	18,775,472	3,195,628	520,687	2,672,236	2,608,368	617,355	12,119	162,981	1	28,564,846
2016-17	19,863,197	3,278,430	539,989	2,679,961	2,985,201	668,242	14,046	122,071	1	30,151,137
2017-18	21,428,501	3,243,554	547,065	2,732,325	3,072,982	732,409	16,530	165,900	1	31,939,265
2018-19	23,791,531	3,461,298	540,262	2,743,570	3,166,067	679,424	15,054	113,589	1	34,510,795
2019-20	25,786,599	3,373,391	517,818	2,838,664	2,359,762	579,948	24,686	115,994	1	35,596,861



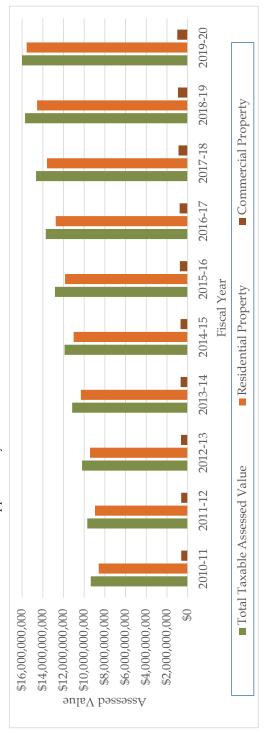
Source: City of Los Altos Finance Department

City of Los Altos Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

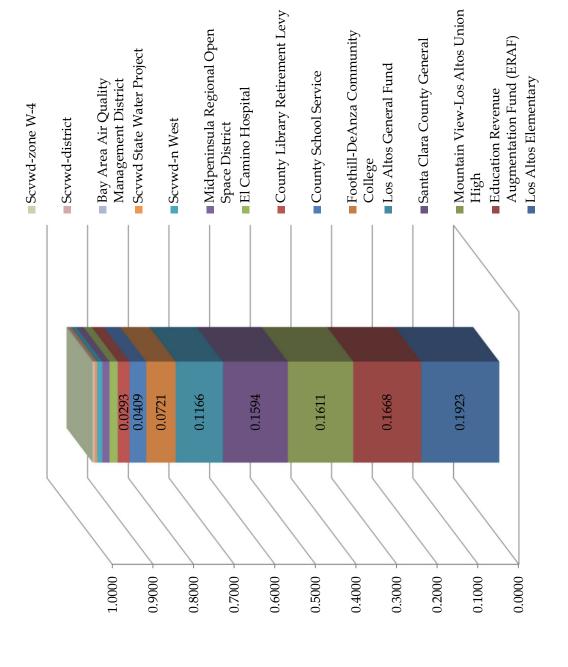
						O	City of Los Altos	Total	
							Total Taxable	Direct	
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial			Net		Assessed	Tax	%
Year	Property	Property	Ö	Other	Unsecured		Value (1)	Rate (2)	Change
2010-11	\$ 8,593,495,093	\$ 619,191,247 \$	40,	40,822,574 \$	108,454,967	\$	9,361,963,881	1%	(0.95%)
2011-12	8,952,576,593	622,766,264	33,	33,390,275	89,645,375		9,698,378,507	1%	3.59%
2012-13	9,431,853,173	642,590,939	45,	45,608,509	82,124,561		10,202,177,182	1%	5.19%
2013-14	10,318,249,580	676,252,209	67,	67,682,916	97,506,301		11,159,691,006	1%	6:39%
2014-15	11,017,386,476	685,084,415	83,	83,121,563	109,149,891		11,894,742,345	1%	%629%
2015-16	11,848,840,720	750,708,212	106,	.06,506,870	125,355,972		12,831,411,774	1%	7.87%
2016-17	12,754,487,484	771,705,270	106,	06,158,405	80,739,845		13,713,091,004	1%	%289
2017-18	13,600,334,963	880,225,920	90,	90,338,436	83,250,683		14,654,150,002	1%	%98.9
2018-19	14,551,466,831	936,831,320	119,	19,120,564	112,813,483		15,720,232,198	1%	7.27%
2019-20	15,563,770,279	1,003,212,732	110,	10,061,604	131,971,942		16,809,016,557	1%	6.93%

HdL Coren & Cone

- increment of no more than two percent annually, plus any property improvements of substantial value to the property. These values are (1) The California State Constitution requires property to be assessed at one hundred percent of the most recent purchase price, plus an considered to be full market values for the City of Los Altos.
- Clara is responsible for allocating a portion of that amount to all the taxing entities within each of the City's tax rate areas. The City has 15 (2) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The California State Constitution establishes the rate at 1% and the County of Santa tax rate areas and receives of approximately 12% of that 1% rate.



City of Los Altos Property Tax Dollar Breakdown June 30, 2020



Source: HdL Coren & Cone

County, 0.1594 Los Altos, 0.1166 Water & Utilities, 0.0239 Hospital, 0.0200 Open Space, 0.0176_ Library, 0.0293_ Schools, 0.6332_

City of Los Altos Property Tax Dollars By Recipient Group June 30, 2020

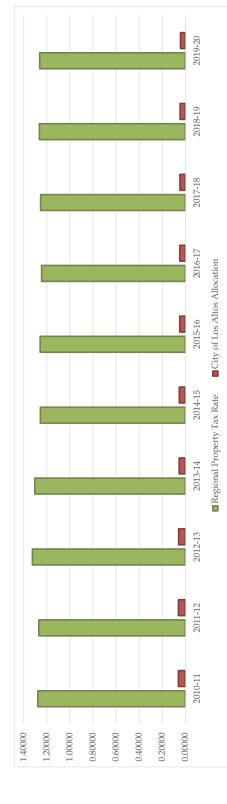
HdL Coren & Cone

City of Los Altos Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$100 of taxable value)

		0	1 Total	1.2780	1.2699	9 1.3256	1.3051	9 1.2566	9 1.2582	9 1.2456	0 1.2542	0 1.2651	0 1.2623
		El Camino	Hospital	0.0129	0.0129	0.0129	0.012	0.012	0.0129	0.012	0.0100	0.0100	0.0100
	County	Hospital	Bonds	0.0095	0.0047	0.0051	0.0035	0.0091	0.0088	0.0086	0.0082	0.0072	0 0069
	County	Housing	Bond		٠	٠	٠		٠	٠	0.0127	0.0105	0.0100
	Mid	Peninsula	Open Space		•	•	•	1	0.0008	0.0006	0.0009	0.0018	0.0016
	Santa Clara	Valley Water	District	0.0072	0.0064	0.0069	0.0070	0.0065	0.0057	0.0086	0.0062	0.0042	0.0071
	Fremont	Union High	School	0.0365	0.0415	0.0390	0.0405	0.0396	0.0525	0.0403	0.0464	0.0430	0.0479
Overlapping mates (1)	Mountain View	Los Altos	High School	0.0151	0.0147	0.0139	0.0121	0.0133	0.0119	0.0112	0.0107	0.0409	0.0365
- G I J	Foothill-	De Anza	College	0.0326	0.0297	0.0287	0.0290	0.0276	0.0240	0.0234	0.0220	0.0217	80000
	Whisman	School	Bond		٠	0.0300	0.0254	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	
	Cupertino	Elementary	School	0.0308	0.0290	0.0598	0.0525	0.0540	0.0519	0.0509	0.0496	0.0397	0.0415
	Mountain View	Elementary	School	0.0322	0.0303	0.0302	0.0276	1	•	•	•	•	
	Los Altos	Elementary	School	0.0600	0.0595	0.0579	0.0534	0.0524	0.0485	0.0479	0.0463	0.0449	0.0418
	County	Library	Retirement	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024
	Santa	Clara	Wide Retirement	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388
	Basic	County-	Wide	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1 0000
		Fiscal	Year	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

(1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Los Altos; however, not all of these overlapping rates apply to all Los Altos property owners.



City of Los Altos Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		20	2019-20			20	2010-11	
				% of City's				% of City's
		Total		Est. Total		Total		Est. Total
		Assessed		Property Tax		Assessed		Property Tax
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Revenue		Value	Rank	Revenue
RLJ R Los Altos LP	\$	68,058,537	П	0.40%				
Los Altos Gardens II LP		56,587,998	2	0.34%				
Imperial Hornet Developers LLC		55,000,000	3	0.33%				
St Paul Fire and Marine Insurance Co		52,987,520	4	0.32%				
5150 ECR Group LLC		45,420,855	Ŋ	0.27%				
Sutter Bay Medical Foundation		39,354,096	9	0.23%				
Richard T Spieker Trustee		38,602,892	_	0.23%				
Springwood Apartments		31,174,587	%	0.19%	8	26,803,256	2	0.29%
Safeway Inc		29,269,328	6	0.17%				
KRC Los Altos LP		24,726,808	10	0.15%		18,730,000	Ŋ	0.20%
Behringer Harvard El Camio Real LP		1		ı		40,219,951	П	0.43%
Compass Grand Los Altos		•		1		21,251,465	3	0.23%
David & Lucile Packard Foundation		1		ı		18,807,489	4	0.20%
4 Seasons Associations LLC		1		ı		18,175,505	9	0.19%
Palo Alto Medical Foundation		1		ı		17,957,340	7	0.19%
Los Altos Hotel Associates LLC		1		ı		17,059,210	8	0.18%
Village Court Partners		1		1		16,142,301	6	0.17%
Whole Foods Market California Inc		1		1		14,894,744	10	0.16%
Top Ten Total	⊗	441,182,621		2.62%	₩.	210,041,261		2.24%
City Total	\$	16,809,016,557			\$	9,361,963,881		

ource:

HdL Coren & Cone

City of Los Altos Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

							13.5.2.3.1.7.
			Current			Current	Denudaent
Fiscal		Total	Тах	Levy	Levy Collected	Collections	Тах
Year		Tax Levy	Collections	Collected	of the Total Levy	of the Levy	Collections
2010-11	&	3,654,128,401 \$	288,311,420	268,113,225	7.34%	92.99%	7.01%
2011-12		3,703,148,623	293,002,052	273,640,116	7.39%	93.39%	6.61%
2012-13		3,877,675,089	301,164,764	292,131,302	7.53%	%00.76	3.00%
2013-14		4,165,019,181	349,740,765	316,325,898	7.59%	90.45%	2.59%
2014-15		4,463,179,149	344,291,093	339,731,930	7.61%	%89.86	%86.0
2015-16		4,944,651,360	330,545,207	326,823,894	6.61%	%2886	1.13%
2016-17		5,278,067,434	359,152,852	346,454,876	6.56%	96.46%	1.89%
2017-18		5,719,021,680	355,579,401	345,863,202	6.05%	97.27%	1.86%
2018-19		6,070,435,575	402,557,998	394,623,618	6.50%	98.03%	1.46%
2019-20		6,512,388,164	385,721,931	378,492,815	5.81%	98.13%	1.46%

County of Santa Clara

Note:

0.0033 for the past 10 years. Additionally, the City and the County adopted the "alternative method of property tax distributions" that authorizes apportion the 1% portion of the tax levies/collections to each of the jurisdictions within the county. The City's AB8 factors range from 0.0029 to the County to allocate 100% of the secured property tax based on levy instead of collection, and to retain all delinquent penalties and interest. The actual tax levy data for the City of Los Altos is not available because the Santa Clara County uses a factor known as the AB8 factors to

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Los Altos

			Governmen	ıtal ⊿	vernmental Activities							
	General		Certificates									Per Capita
Fiscal	Obligation	_	Jo		Capital				I	Per		Personal
Year	Bond	Pa	articipation (1)		Lease		Total	Population (2)	Ca	Capita		Income (2)
2010-11	÷	\$	1,945,000	\$	1	\$	1,945,000	28,863	\$	29	8	73,414
2011-12	\$	\$	1,855,000	\$	•	\$	1,855,000	29,460	8	63	\$	72,608
2012-13	\$	\$	1,760,000	8	1	8	1,760,000	29,792	8	29	\$	74,570
2013-14	\$	\$	1,665,000	8	1	8	1,665,000	59,969	8	26	8	79,102
2014-15	\$	\$	1,565,000	8	1	8	1,565,000	29,884	8	52	8	83,041
2015-16	\$	\$	1,460,000	8	1	8	1,460,000	31,353	8	47	8	80,407
2016-17	\$	\$	1,355,000	8	1	8	1,355,000	31,402	8	43	8	86,558
2017-18	\$	\$	1,245,000	8	1	8	1,245,000	31,361	8	40	8	93,010
2018-19	\$	\$	1,125,000	\$	1	8	1,125,000	31,190	8	36	8	96,333
2019-20	\$	\$	1,005,000	\$	1	\$	1,005,000	30,876	\$	33	\$	104,649

(1) City of Los Altos Finance Department

(2) HdL Coren & Cone

Note: Special Assessment Debt is no longer presented as they involve limited obligation bonds that are secured by ad valorem assessments and carry no city obligation.

City of Los Altos Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2020

2019-20 Assessed Valuation: \$16,809,016,557

		Total Debt	0%	C	City's Share of	
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	_	6/30/2020	Applicable (1)	_	Debt 6/30/20	
Santa Clara County	\$	881,455,000	3.261%	\$	28,744,248	
Foothill-De Anza Community College District		607,960,590	9.411%		57,215,171	
Fremont Union High School District		520,515,088	3.953%		20,575,961	
Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District		131,002,659	24.731%		32,398,268	
Cupertino Union School District		281,813,303	7.104%		20,020,017	
Los Altos School District		177,350,000	52.935%		93,880,223	
El Camino Hospital District		120,690,000	17.092%		20,628,335	
Midpeninsula Regional Park District		88,810,000	5.372%		4,770,873	
Santa Clara Valley Water District Benefit Assessment District		65,495,000	3.261%		2,135,792	
City of Los Altos 1915 Act Bonds		525,000	100.000%	_	525,000	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT				\$	280,893,888	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:						
Santa Clara County General Fund Obligations	\$	966,725,100	3.261%	\$	31,524,906	
Santa Clara County Pension Obligation Bonds		346,996,639	3.261%		11,315,560	
Santa Clara County Board of Education Certificates of Participation		3,480,000	3.261%		113,483	
Foothill-De Anza Community College District						
Certificates of Participation		24,092,620	9.411%		2,267,356	
Mountain View-Los Altos Union High School District						
Certificates of Participation		2,834,136	24.731%		700,910	
Los Altos School District Certificates of Participation		2,185,335	52.935%		1,156,807	
City of Los Altos Certificates of Participation		1,005,000	100.000%		1,005,000	
Midpeninsula Regional Park District General Fund Obligations		111,985,600	5.372%		6,015,866	
Santa Clara County Vector Control District						
Certificates of Participation		2,010,000	3.261%		65,546	
TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT				\$	54,165,434	
Less: Santa Clara County supported obligations					1,047,804	
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT				\$	53,117,630	
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				\$	1,005,000	
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT				\$	334,054,322	
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING DEBT				\$	333,006,518	
GROSS COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				\$	335,059,322	(2)
NET COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				\$	334,011,518	(4)
THE COMMINED TOTAL DEDT				φ	JJ+,U11,J10	

Source:

California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

City of Los Altos Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Debt Limit	Debt	Legal
Fiscal		Assessed	15	15% of Assessed	Applicable to	Debt
Year		Valuation (1)		Valuation	Limit	Margin
2010-11	8	9,361,963,881	\$	1,404,294,582	\$ ı	\$ 1,404,294,582
2011-12		10,202,177,182		1,530,326,577	ı	1,530,326,577
2012-13		10,202,177,182		1,530,326,577	ı	1,530,326,577
2013-14		11,159,691,006		1,673,953,651	ı	1,673,953,651
2014-15		11,894,742,345		1,784,211,352	ı	1,784,211,352
2015-16		12,831,411,774		1,924,711,766	ı	1,924,711,766
2016-17		13,713,091,004		2,056,963,651	ı	2,056,963,651
2017-18		14,654,150,002		2,198,122,500	ı	2,198,122,500
2018-19		15,720,232,198		2,358,034,830	1	2,358,034,830
2019-20		16,809,016,557		2,521,352,484	1	2,521,352,484

Source:

(1) HdL Coren & Cone

City of Los Altos Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

City Percentage School Percentage Unemployment Personal M 28,863 1.43% 8,035 0.87% 5.7% \$ 73,414 29,460 2.07% 8,138 1.28% 4.9% \$ 73,414 29,792 1.13% 8,198 0.74% 3.2% \$ 74,570 29,884 -0.28% 8,303 1.28% \$ 74,570 29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% \$ 74,570 31,353 4.92% 8,666 4.61% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,666 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 80,407 31,361 -0.13% 8,685 0.92% 1.6% \$ 93,010 30,876 -0.55% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 30,876 -0.13% 8,613 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333							Per	Per Capita		% with	% with
Population (1) Change Enrollment (2) Change Rate (1) Income (1) 28,863 1.43% 8,035 0.87% 5.7% \$ 73,414 29,460 2.07% 8,138 1.28% 4.9% \$ 73,414 29,792 1.13% 8,198 0.74% 3.2% \$ 74,570 29,969 0.59% 8,303 1.28% 2.6% \$ 79,102 29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% 3.4% \$ 83,041 31,353 4.92% 8,666 4.61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 93,010 30,876 4,01% 2.3% 4 104,640		City	Percentage	School	Percentage	Unemployment	Pe	rsonal	Median	High School	Bachelor's
28,863 1.43% 8,035 0.87% 5.7% \$ 73,414 29,460 2.07% 8,138 1.28% 4.9% \$ 72,608 29,792 1.13% 8,198 0.74% 3.2% \$ 74,570 29,869 0.59% 8,303 1.28% \$ 79,102 29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% 3.4% \$ 83,041 31,353 4.92% 8,666 4.61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,666 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,685 0.92% 1.6% \$ 93,010 30,876 -1.01% 8,513 -1.13% 8,513 -1.13% 8,610	Fiscal Year		Change	Enrollment (2)	Change	Rate (1)	Inc	ome ⁽¹⁾	$ m Age^{(1)}$	Degree ⁽¹⁾	Degree (1)
29,460 2.07% 8,138 1.28% 4.9% \$ 72,608 29,792 1.13% 8,198 0.74% 3.2% \$ 74,570 29,969 0.59% 8,303 1.28% 2.6% \$ 79,102 29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% 3.4% \$ 83,041 31,353 4,92% 8,666 4,61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 93,010 30,876 -1.01% 8,513 -1.13% 8,513 -1.13% 8,610	2010-11	28,863	1.43%	8,035	0.87%	2.7%	8	73,414	45.3	98.10%	%08.92
29,792 1.13% 8,198 0.74% 3.2% \$ 74,570 29,969 0.59% 8,303 1.28% 2.6% \$ 79,102 29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% 3.4% \$ 83,041 31,353 4.92% 8,666 4.61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 93,010 30,876 4,01% 8,613 -113% 8,613 -113% 8,613	2011-12	29,460	2.07%	8,138	1.28%	4.9%	&	72,608	45.4	98.50%	78.20%
29,969 0.59% 8,303 1.28% 2.6% \$ 79,102 29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% 3.4% \$ 83,041 31,353 4,92% 8,666 4,61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 30,876 -1.13% 8,513 -1.13% \$ 96,333 -1.14,649	2012-13	29,792	1.13%	8,198	0.74%	3.2%	&	74,570	45.8	%02'86	%02.92
29,884 -0.28% 8,284 -0.23% 3.4% \$ 83,041 31,353 4,92% 8,666 4.61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,685 0.92% 1.6% \$ 93,010 31,190 -0.55% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 30,876 -1.01% 8,513 -113% \$ 104,649	2013-14	59,969	0.59%	8,303	1.28%	2.6%	8	79,102	46.1	%02'86	77.40%
31,353 4.92% 8,666 4.61% 2.7% \$ 80,407 31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,685 0.92% 1.6% \$ 93,010 31,190 -0.55% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 30,876 -1,01% 8,513 -1,13% \$ 104,649	2014-15	29,884	-0.28%	8,284	-0.23%	3.4%	8	83,041	46.2	%08.86	78.70%
31,402 0.16% 8,606 -0.69% 2.4% \$ 86,558 31,361 -0.13% 8,685 0.92% 1.6% \$ 93,010 31,190 -0.55% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 30,876 -1.01% 8,513 -1.13% \$ 104,649	2015-16	31,353	4.92%	999′8	4.61%	2.7%	&	80,407	46.2	88.70%	%00.62
31,361 -0.13% 8,685 0.92% 1.6% \$ 93,010 31,190 -0.55% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 30,876 -1,014 8,513 -1,13% \$ 104,649	2016-17	31,402	0.16%	909′8	%69:0-	2.4%	8	86,558	45.7	%02'86	80.00%
31,190 -0.55% 8,610 -0.86% 2.4% \$ 96,333 . 30.876 -1.01% 8.513 -1.13% 2.3% \$ 104.649	2017-18	31,361	-0.13%	8,685	0.92%	1.6%	&	93,010	45.7	%09.86	80.90%
30.876 -1.01% 8.513 -1.13% 5.3% & 1.04.649	2018-19	31,190	-0.55%	8,610	~98.0-	2.4%	8	96,333	45.9	%09.86	82.30%
(10,101 \$ 0,0.2 0,011. C10,0 0,10.1 0,10,00	2019-20	30,876	-1.01%	8,513	-1.13%	2.3%	\$	104,649	45.8	98.40%	82.60%

(1) HdL Coren & Cone

(2) State of California Department of Education

Current Year and Ten Years Ago Principal Employers City of Los Altos

		201	2019-20		2009-1	2009-10 (Latest Available)	Availa	ble)
				% of				Jo %
				Total City				Total City
Employer	Employees (1)		Rank	Employment	Employees (4)	7	Rank	Employment
Los Altos School District	* 624	(2)	Т	4.68%	* 298	(2)	1	4.54%
Whole Food Market	211		2	1.58%	198		2	1.58%
Los Altos High School	210	(3)	3	1.57%	217	(3)	9	1.74%
Los Altos Sub-Acute & Rehab	215		4	1.61%	•		ı	•
Adobe Animal Hospital	143		ſΩ	1.07%	125		8	1.00%
City of Los Altos	136		9	1.02%	130		^	1.04%
Palo Alto Medical Foundation	127		7	0.95%	•		ı	1
The David and Lucile Packard Foundation	131		8	0.98%	100		10	0.80%
Trader Joes	91		6	%89.0			ı	ı
Chef Chu's	50		10	0.37%	•		ı	1
Coldwell Banker	•			•	190		3	1.52%
Covenant Care Sub Acute Rehab	•			•	163		4	1.30%
Alain Pinel Realtors	•			1	150		R	1.20%
Pilgrim Haven Skilled Nursing	1			1	120		6	<u>%96.0</u>
Top Ten Total	1,938			14.53%	1,961			15.69%
Total Employees in City	13,341				12,500	(1)		

- (1) City Finance Department, except otherwise stated(2) Los Altos School District(3) California State Department of Education
- (4) HdL Statistics, except otherwise stated

* - For fiscal years 2019-20 and 2009-10, this number includes 98 and 119 substitute teachers, respectively.

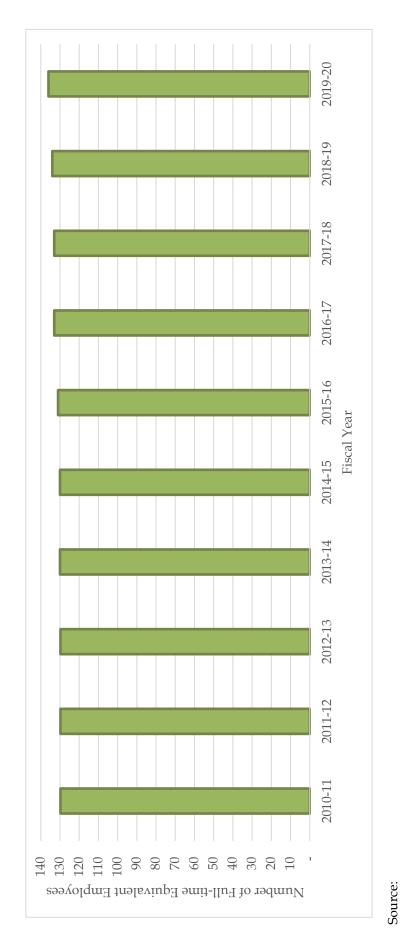
City of Los Altos Full-time Equivalent City Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					FISCAL YEAR	YEAR				
Function/Program	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Public Safety										
Police Operations	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	32.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	30.00
Police Traffic Safety	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Communications	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	13.00
Maintenance Services	29.50	29.50	29.50	29.50	29.50	29.50	29.50	29.50	28.00	27.00
Recreation	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Community Development										
Planning & Building	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	15.00
Engineering	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	9.00	10.00	10.00	12.25	13.25
Economic Development	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administration										
City Management	4.75	4.75	4.75	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	00.9	900.9
Administration & Finance	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00
Sewer	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25	7.50	7.50
Solid Waste	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Storm Drain	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1	ı	ı	ı	1
Total	129.75	129.75	129.75	130.00	130.00	131.00	133.00	133.00	134.00	136.00

City of Los Altos Finance Department

Note: In FY09-10 Staffing assignments were recategorized in the revision of the budget process to align with functional areas.

Full-time Equivalent City Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years City of Los Altos



City of Los Altos

City of Los Altos Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					FISCA	FISCAL YEAR				
Function/Program	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Police:										
Arrests	396	301	308	283	312	222	210	211	717	893
Moving citations issued	1,437	1,385	1,285	1,069	1,555	1,757	982	1,203	2,517	1474
Parking citations issued	096	1,938	1,947	2,559	2,266	3,138	2,431	1,879	1,338	1573
Municipal code violations issued	21	25	26	161	109	103	25	115	116	54
Public Works:										
Crack sealing in lineal feet	56,984	66,290	98,136	2,112	113,784	101,040	110,000	174,040	1	120,000
Street sign installed and replaced	117	1,361	511	949	296	457	100	320	1,025	1200
Recreation:										
Classes/programs	1,714	1,821	2,675	2,738	2,713	2,107	2,349	2,724	1,803	1559
Facility rentals	2,462	3,106	2,702	3,501	5,648	5,378	5,927	4,141	4,044	2246
Field/gymnasium permits	2,415	3,658	3,388	2,945	4,509	2,795	3,433	3,556	3,109	2383
Planning:	L	Š	C L	Ĭ	[]	G	L C		Ö	Š
Plan applications submitted	335	404	510	716	757	800	675	989	886	391
Building:										
Permits issued	1,706	1,690	1,817	1,757	1,751	1,927	1,769	1,795	1,939	1,695
Plan checks submitted	537	260	989	649	582	299	619	269	619	883
Inspections	6,203	7,108	6,631	7,682	7,227	7,517	6,445	6,479	296′2	7,920
Sewer:										
Cleaning and flushing in lineal feet	296,006	852,453	777,285	667,415	683,552	759,456	585,273	713,795	585,095	601,543
Storm Drain:										
Catch basin/storm drain cleaned (measured in storm inlets cleaned)	3,038	1,583	1,202	1,898	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	1,350	2,000

City of Los Altos Quarterly Reports.

Data for all fiscal years was provided by the corresponding departments.

City of Los Altos Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

					FISCAL YEAR	YEAR				Ī
Function/Program	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Public Safety:										
Police Station	1	1	1	7	1	1	1	1	1	\vdash
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Recreation:										
Number of Parks	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Park Acreage	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
Number of Libraries	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of History Museums	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Maintenance Services:										
Miles of Streets	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127
Number of Traffic Signals	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	16	16	16
Sewer:										
Miles of Sewer Mains	141	141	141	141	141	141	141	141	141	141
Storm Drain:										
Miles of Storm Drain Mains	28	28	58	58	58	58	28	28	28	28
C										

... City of Los Altos

City of Los Altos Trust and Agency Debt Administration Last Ten Fiscal Years

Non-City Obligation Debt Special Assessment Debt Service

Fiscal Year	Avalor	Avalon Dr. Curb & Gutter	Gutter	Raymund	ndo Curb & Gutter	Gutter	Blue	Blue Oak Lane Sewer	wer	Total S	Total Special Assessment Debt Service	sment Debt S	ervice
	Special	Principal	Interest	Special	Principal	Interest	Special	Principal	Interest	Special	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010-11	27,091	2,000	2,639	26,981	16,000	9,812	51,376	1	34,614	105,448	23,000	47,065	1.50
2011-12	27,091	8,000	2,204	27,216	16,000	890'6	48,104	12,880	34,490	102,411	36,880	45,762	1.24
2012-13	27,091	8,000	1,740	27,405	17,000	8,300	42,960	10,000	31,900	97,456	35,000	41,940	1.27
2013-14	10,044	8,000	1,276	27,341	18,000	7,487	46,491	10,000	31,629	83,876	36,000	40,392	1.10
2014-15	•	18,620	783	27,216	19,000	6,626	50,280	15,000	31,241	77,496	52,620	38,650	0.85
2015-16	•	1	ı	29,592	20,000	5,719	48,024	15,000	30,741	77,616	35,000	36,460	1.09
2016-17	•	ı	ı	26,192	21,000	4,766	51,709	15,000	30,197	77,901	36,000	34,963	1.10
2017-18	•	ı	ı	26,217	21,000	3,790	49,802	15,000	29,610	76,019	36,000	33,400	1.10
2018-19	•	ı	ı	28,537	22,000	2,790	48,378	15,000	28,971	76,915	37,000	31,761	1.12
2019-20	•	1	1	27,741	23,999	1,721	47,868	15,000	28,341	75,609	38,999	30,062	1.09

Source:

City of Los Altos Finance Department

Note: This chart presents Limited Obligation Debt that the City Administers on a trust and Agency Basis. This debt does not represent City Obligations.