

STUDY SESSION

Agenda Item #1

AGENDA REPORT SUMMARY

Meeting Date: July 9, 2019

Subject: An Education Session on Small Cell Nodes

Prepared by: Chris Jordan, City Manager

Attachment(s):

1. City of San Bruno Resolution 2019-61

2. City of Palo Alto Resolution 9825 and Ordinance 5465

3. City of Mill Valley Ordinance

Initiated by:

City Manager

Previous Council Consideration:

Not Applicable

Fiscal Impact:

Not Applicable

Environmental Review:

Not Applicable

Policy Question(s) for Council Consideration:

After understanding the new FCC Rulemaking on this topic, should the City consider approving new regulations to address small cell nodes?

Summary:

- The City of Los Altos has extensive regulations governing the placement of cell towers (LAMC 11.12, Personal Wireless Services and Facilities)
- In Fall 2018, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) adopted a new rulemaking that limited the ability of local agencies to regulate small cell nodes
- The City has received at least one application from a communications provider to place a small cell node in Los Altos
- Staff is processing that application in accordance with our current regulations covering personal wireless, including the requirement that the applicant notify residents
- Other cities are beginning to adopt regulations covering the approval process for these facilities, including San Bruno and Palo Alto whose regulations are attached
- Gail Karish from the City Attorney's office will be in attendance to help educate the Council on the FCC prohibitions and the City's ability to regulate

Staff Recommendation:

Council should hear from the City Attorney's Office and provide direction to staff.

	Reviewed by:	
City Manager	City Attorney	Finance Director
CJ	CD	SE

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RESOLUTION NO. 2019 - 61

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF SAN BRUNO ADOPTING DESIGN AND SITING GUIDELINES, ENGINEERING DESIGN STANDARDS, AND STANDARD CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL FOR SMALL WIRELESS FACILITIES IN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY AND WITHIN UTILITY EASEMENTS IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE PROPERTIES

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest for the City to establish reasonable, uniform and comprehensive design and siting guidelines, engineering design standards, and conditions of approval for the installation of small wireless facilities in response to Federal and California State law and FCC Order 18-133 which permits wireless infrastructure deployment through relaxation of barriers, affecting the local permit process; and

WHEREAS, the design and siting guidelines, engineering design standards, and conditions of approval provide greater direction and assure a degree of consistency in the small wireless facility design and configuration; and

WHEREAS, the design and siting guidelines, engineering design standards, and conditions of approval would not increase impediments for the installation of small wireless facilities under Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 but illustrate the desired level of design quality and configuration of any proposed small wireless facility; and

WHEREAS, the adoption of design and siting guidelines, engineering design standards, and conditions of approval by resolution will increase administrative efficiencies should future amendments to them become necessary; and

WHEREAS, Title 8 of the City's Municipal Code governs the permitting, installation, and regulation of obstructions within the City's public rights-of-way (ROW) and within utility easements in public and private properties; and

WHEREAS, the City's public rights-of-way and utility easements are a uniquely valuable public resource, closely linked with the City's character, making the regulation of small wireless facilities in the public rights-of-way and within utility easements in public and private properties necessary to protect and preserve the aesthetics of the community; and

WHEREAS, being authorized to do so, the City wishes to establish design and siting guidelines, engineering design standards and standard conditions of approval applicable to small wireless facilities in the public rights-of-way and within utility easements in public and private properties; and

WHEREAS, these guidelines and standards contained are intended to, and should be applied to, protect and promote public health, safety and welfare, and also balance the benefits that flow from robust, advanced wireless services with the City's local values, which include, without limitation, the aesthetic character of the City, its neighborhoods and community; and

WHEREAS, these guidelines and standards are also intended to reflect and promote the community interest by: (1) ensuring that the balance between public and private interest is maintained on a case-by-case basis; (2) protecting the City's visual character from potential adverse impacts or visual blight created or exacerbated by small wireless facility infrastructure; (3) protecting and preserving the City's environmental resources; and (4) promoting access to high-quality, advanced wireless services for the City's residents, businesses and visitors; and,

WHEREAS, on [Date] the City Council conducted a duly noticed public meeting and received testimony from City staff and all interested parties regarding the design and siting guidelines; and

WHEREAS, all legal prerequisites to the adoption of this Resolution have occurred.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of San Bruno as follows: **INCORPORATION OF RECITALS.** The recitals above are each incorporated by reference and adopted as findings of the City Council.

SECTION 1. DEFINITIONS. The definitions set forth in Section 8.36,020 of the Municipal Code are incorporated by reference into this Resolution.

SECTION 2. BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE. The City of San Bruno is establishing these *Design* and *Siting Guidelines* and *Engineering Design Standards* for small wireless facilities in the public right-of-way and within utility easements in public and private properties in order to regulate the design and placement of this infrastructure.

These *Design* and *Siting Guidelines* provide objective aesthetic design and siting requirements that all wireless facilities installed within the public right-of-way and utility easements in public and private properties must meet for approval by the City.

Only small wireless facilities as defined in 47 C.F.R. § 1.6002(I) (also referred to as "small cells") that meet the requirements of these guidelines are subject to these guidelines. Three different types of small wireless facilities are permitted in San Bruno within the public right-of-way and within utility easements in public and private properties. The types include (1) attachments to wooden (or other material) utility poles and utility lines, (2) placement on streetlights and traffic signal control poles, and (3) new freestanding poles. An overview of the guidelines that apply to each type of facility is presented in Section 4.

SECTION 4: Design Guidelines Applicable to all Small Wireless Facilities.

To ensure minimizing visual impacts, small wireless facilities should be placed as follows:

- a. Installations should conceal to the maximum extent feasible with design elements and techniques that mimic or blend with the underlying support structure, surrounding environment and adjacent uses with regard to appearance, size, and location.
- b. All equipment and antenna should be shrouded and where possible behind any street signs located on the pole.
- c. Only one small wireless facility is permitted per structure.
- d. Installations should be located on poles that are located outside of driveway and intersection sight lines. Where feasible, installations shall be located on poles that are located as close as feasible to shared property lines between two adjacent lots and not directly in front of residences and businesses.
- e. Equipment should be located entirely on the pole in a vertical arrangement. Exterior mounted accessory equipment should be within a single shroud not to exceed 9 cubic feet in volume (exclusive of the concealing elements like shrouding). Required meters and disconnect switches that are infeasible to be shrouded for safety and/or accessibility reasons are excluded from this shrouding recommendation.
- f. Ground-mounted equipment may be permitted in locations that do not obstruct pedestrian or vehicular traffic and within a reasonable distance from the pole. Ground-mounted equipment is not permitted if the approval authority finds that the above-ground equipment would unreasonably interfere with the public's ability to use the right-of-way for uses that include without limitation travel, social, expressive and/or aesthetic uses. The approval authority may condition approval based on new or enhanced landscaping to conceal ground-mounted equipment.
- g. All equipment (other than the antenna, antenna supports, ancillary wires, cables and any electric meter) should be installed underground in any area where the existing utilities are not primarily located above ground.
- h. All cables, wires and other connectors should be routed through conduits within poles whenever possible, and all external conduits, conduit attachments, cables, wires and other connectors must be concealed from public view.

- i. All wireless facilities must include signage that accurately identifies the equipment owner/operator, the site name or identification number and a toll-free number to the owner/operator's network operations center. Wireless facilities may not bear any other signage or advertisements unless expressly approved by the City, required by law or recommended under existing and future FCC or other United States governmental agencies for compliance with RF emissions regulations. RF notification signs should be placed where appropriate, and not at pedestrian eye level, unless required by the FCC or other regulatory agencies.
- j. Facilities should use PG&E Smart Meters or flat-rate billing. Ground-mounted electric meters are prohibited.
- k. Small wireless facilities shall not be located on decorative streetlights.
- Small wireless facilities should not be installed such that the facility damages existing trees. The
 approval authority may condition approval based on tree assessment results provided by a
 certified arborist. If pruning is required for the installation, a separate permit must be obtained
 from Community Services.
- m. Wireless facilities and all accessory equipment and transmission equipment must comply with all noise regulations and shall not exceed, either individually or cumulatively, the applicable ambient noise level standards in San Bruno Municipal Code Chapter 6.16 Noise Regulations.
- n. Pole heights shall be minimized, but in no case shall the maximum height of any facilities exceed 50 feet). Legally required lightning arresters and beacons shall be included when calculating the height of facilities. Pole height is measured from the top of foundation, which should be flushed with the ground, to the top of pole or top of antenna, whichever is greater.
- o. Wireless facilities may incorporate reasonable and appropriate site security measures, such as locks and anti-climbing devices, to prevent unauthorized access, theft or vandalism. All wireless facilities shall be constructed from graffiti-resistant materials. The approval authority may require additional concealment elements as the approval authority finds necessary to blend the security measures and other improvements into the natural and/or built environment. The approval authority shall not approve barbed wire, razor ribbon, electrified fences or any similar security measures.
- p. All wireless facilities shall not interfere with access to a fire hydrant, fire station, fire escape, water valve, underground vault, valve housing structure or any other public health or safety facility.
- q. No person shall install, use or maintain any facilities (in whole or in part) that rest upon, in or over any public right-of-way, when such installation, use or maintenance: (1) endangers or is reasonably likely to endanger the safety of persons or property, or (2) when such site or location is used for public utility purposes, public transportation purposes or other governmental use, or (3) when such facilities unreasonably interfere with or unreasonably impede the flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic, including any legally parked or stopped vehicle, ingress into or egress from any residence or place of business, use of poles, posts, traffic signs or signals, hydrants, mailboxes, permitted sidewalk dining, permitted street furniture and/or other objects permitted at or near the location where the wireless facilities are located.

SECTION 5: Design Guidelines Applicable to Small Wireless Facilities on Wooden (or other material) Utility Poles and Utility Lines.

a. All installations on utility poles and utility lines shall fully comply with the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) general orders (GOs), including, but not limited to, GO 95. None of the following design guidelines are meant to conflict with or cause a violation of GO 95, including, but not limited to, its guidelines for a safe installation on a utility pole. Accordingly, size limits can be adjusted at the Director's discretion to ensure compliance with CPUC rules on safety.

- b. All wireless facility equipment installed on poles should be completely contained within equipment shroud. Equipment shroud and lines should be painted, treated or finished to match existing utility pole and line aesthetics. Utility line installations should be colored to a non-reflective color.
- c. The top of the antenna if top mounted should be no higher than 48" above the minimum separation from supply lines required by GO 95, exclusive of the required antenna mounting bracket. The antenna should be shrouded.
- d. The extension of the antenna if side mounted should extend no more than 48" from the circumference of the pole.
- e. Only one equipment shroud, containing all required accessory equipment, should be installed per pole. Outer edge of equipment shroud should project no more than 18" off the pole circumference and measure no more than nine cubic feet in size.
- f. All antennas should be shrouded. Antenna shroud should have an outer diameter of 15" or less and measure no more than five cubic feet in size. The shroud should be no more than 4 feet tall, including antenna, radio head, mounting bracket, and all other hardware necessary for a complete installation.
- g. Antenna shroud should be no more than 30 percent greater in diameter than the utility pole it is attached to, exclusive of the pole mounting device, and the transition between the pole and the shroud should be tapered where feasible.
- h. All cables, wires, and other connectors should be hidden within conduits that are painted, treated or finished to match existing utility pole aesthetics in finish and color.

SECTION 6: Design Guidelines Applicable to Small Wireless Facilities on Streetlights and Traffic Signal Control Poles.

- a. Equipment should be painted, treated or finished to match existing streetlight pole and traffic signal control pole aesthetics and materials in finish and color.
- b. The antenna should be mounted at the top of the streetlight pole or traffic signal control pole where the arm extends from the pole where feasible. The top of the antenna if top mounted should be no higher than 48" above the top of the existing pole.
- c. All antennas should be shrouded. Antenna shroud should have an outer diameter of 15" or less and measure no more than five cubic feet in size. The shroud should be no more than 4 feet tall, including antenna, radio head, mounting bracket, and all other hardware necessary for a complete installation.
- d. Antenna shroud should be no more than 30 percent greater in diameter than the streetlight or traffic signal control pole it is attached to and the transition between the pole and the shroud should be tapered.
- e. All cables, wires, and other connectors should be hidden within the base and shaft of the streetlight or traffic signal control pole. Where this is not feasible, the equipment should be installed in an underground vault.

SECTION 7: Design Guidelines Applicable to Small Wireless Facilities on New Poles

a. New poles are only permitted if: (a) the applicant demonstrates that above-ground support structures near the project site either do not exist or are not reasonably available to the applicant; or (b) the City specifically finds that a new, non-replacement support structure would be more aesthetically desirable and consistent with the objectives of these Guidelines than installations on existing structures near the project site.

- b. New poles within open space areas should be designed to resemble trees. The species of tree design should be similar to those found within the vicinity of the open space.
- c. Poles not located within open space areas should be designed to resemble existing standalone streetlights in the vicinity.
- d. Poles should have a maximum diameter of 20 inches and should be tapered toward the top wherever possible.
- e. When technically feasible, all antennas and associated equipment shall fit within the diameter of the poles with no exterior wires or conduit. If all antennas and equipment cannot fit within the pole for technical reasons, then the installation shall be subject to to the standards above.
- f. Pole material and finishes should match the existing materials of the City standard streetlight poles or match aesthetics and materials of existing decorative poles.
- g. Pole heights shall be minimized, but in no case should the maximum height of any facilities exceed 50 feet. Legally required lightning arresters and beacons should be included when calculating the height of facilities. Pole height is measured from the top of foundation, which should be flushed with the ground, to the top of antenna or top of highest pole attachment, whichever is greater.
- h. Antennas should be mounted on the top of the pole.
- i. Relocated poles may be subject to guidelines in this section and their respective pole type section.

SECTION 8: Siting Guidelines for Small Wireless Facilities

- a. Preferred Siting Locations. When evaluating compliance with this chapter, the approval authority will take into account whether any or more preferred locations are technically feasible and potentially available. All applicants for a small wireless facility permit must propose new wireless facilities in locations within the public rights-of-way or utility easements in public and private properties according to the following preferences, ordered from most preferred to least preferred:
 - (1) Industrial and Combining Industrial districts;
 - (2) Community Office or Administrative and Research districts;
 - (3) Planned Development districts with non-residential uses;
 - (4) Specific plan or transit-oriented development districts;
 - (5) Central Business districts;
 - (6) General Commercial, Neighborhood Commercial and Limited Commercial Combining districts;
 - (7) Open space and conservation districts;
 - (8) Planned Development districts with residential uses;
 - (9) Medium-density residential districts with multi-family (medium or high density) residential uses;
 - (10) Low-density residential districts with single-family or two-family residential uses.
- b. Preferred Support Structures. When evaluating compliance with this chapter, the approval authority will take into account whether any or more preferred support structures are technically feasible and potentially available. All applicants for small wireless facilities must propose new wireless facilities on support structures within the public rights-of-way according to the following preferences, ordered from most preferred to least preferred:
 - (1) New facilities on existing utility poles or support structures;
 - (2) New facilities on existing or replacement streetlights or new or replacement traffic signal control poles;
 - (3) New facilities on new standalone support structures.

- c. Facilities shall not be located in front of business windows, primary walkways, primary entrances or exits, or in such a way that it would impede a delivery to the building.
- d. Facilities should be located near shared property lines between two adjacent lots as much as possible or along a secondary rear property street frontage.
- e. Mid-block locations are preferred instead of at more visible corners and street intersections except if proposed on traffic signal control poles.
- f. New poles should be located in the parkway strip whenever possible and in alignment with existing trees, utility poles, and streetlights.
- g. New poles should be an approximately equal distance between trees when possible, with a minimum of 15 feet separation such that no proposed disturbance shall occur within the critical root zone of any tree.
- h. A small wireless facility should be no closer than 300 feet away, radially, from another small wireless facility.
- i. Arterial streets are more preferable to local streets for the placement of small wireless facilities.

SECTION 9: Engineering Design Standards Applicable to all Small Wireless Facilities

The following engineering design standards apply:

- a. Separation of service should be provided by installing all new electrical conduit(s) or utilizing existing empty conduit(s) with conduit owner's expressed consent in writing.
- b. Disconnect switch should be mounted on the pole. Bottom of disconnect switch should measure 10 feet above grade.
- c. All equipment, including the shroud, should be mounted to provide seven feet of clearance from the ground.
- d. For proposed facilities on streetlight or traffic signal control poles, a hand hole should be provided at the top of the pole to maintain fiber and electrical service for streetlights and future attachments.
- e. Pole foundation calculations should be prepared and stamped by a California professionally licensed structural engineer and should be provided to City for review. Pole foundation calculations should account for all new and existing pole attachments and the pole.
- f. Pole structural calculations, including seismic loads, showing the load impacts of the wireless facility on City streetlight and traffic signal control poles should be prepared and stamped by a California professionally licensed structural engineer and should be provided to City for review.
- g. Design wind velocity should be 115 mph minimum per TIA-222 rev G, IBC 2012 with ASC 710, and amendments for local conditions.
- h. For new freestanding poles, install eight 2-inch PVC (Schedule 40 or better) conduit sweeps to accommodate small wireless facilities (electrical and fiber) with up to four separate sweeps for future service.

SECTION 10: Conditions of Approval

Standard Conditions for Wireless Facility Permits Pursuant to San Bruno Municipal Code Chapter 8.36. In addition to all other conditions adopted by the approval authority, all wireless permits, whether approved by the approval authority or deemed approved by the operation of law, shall be automatically subject to the conditions in this section. The approval authority (or the appellate authority on appeal) shall have discretion to modify or amend these conditions on a case-by-case basis as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances to protect public health and safety or allow for the proper operation of the approved facility consistent with the goals and applicable provisions of San Bruno Municipal Code Chapter 8.36.

All wireless facilities, whether approved by the approval authority or deemed approved or deemed granted by law shall be automatically subject to the following standard conditions of approval:

- 1. Permit Term. This permit will automatically expire 10 years and one day from its issuance if a new permit has not been applied for in writing at least 120 days prior to permit expiration, except when California Government Code § 65964(b), as may be amended or superseded in the future, authorizes the City of San Bruno ("City") to establish a shorter term for public safety or substantial land use reasons. Any other permits or approvals issued in connection with any collocation, modification or other change to this wireless facility, which includes without limitation any permits or other approvals deemed-granted or deemed-approved under federal or state law, will not extend this term limit unless expressly provided otherwise in such permit or approval or required under federal or state law.
- 2. Compliance with Approved Plans. Before the Public Works Department issues any encroachment permit and/or other ministerial permits required to commence construction in connection with this permit, the Permittee must incorporate this permit, all conditions associated with this permit and the approved photo simulations into the project plans (the "Approved Plans"). The Permittee must construct, install and operate the wireless facility in substantial compliance with the Approved Plans. Any alterations, modifications or other changes to the Approved Plans, whether requested by the Permittee or required by other departments or public agencies with jurisdiction over the wireless facility, must be submitted in a written request subject to the Public Works Director's ("Director's") prior review and approval, who may refer the request to the original approval authority if the Director finds that the requested alteration, modification or other change substantially deviates from the Approved Plans or implicates a significant or substantial land-use concern.
- 3. Post-Installation Certification. Within 60 calendar days after the Permittee commences full, unattended operations of a wireless facility approved or deemed-approved under San Bruno Municipal Code Chapter 8.36, the Permittee shall provide the Director with documentation reasonably acceptable to the Director that the wireless facility has been installed and/or constructed in substantial compliance with the Approved Plans. Subject to the Director's discretion, such documentation may include, but shall not be limited to, as-built drawings, site surveys, GIS data and site photographs.
- 4. **Timing of Installation.** The installation and construction authorized by a wireless facility permit shall begin within one (1) year after its approval, or it will expire without further action by the City. The installation and construction authorized by a wireless facility permit shall conclude, including any necessary post-installation repairs and/or restoration to the right-of-way and/or public utility easement, within thirty (30) days following the day construction commenced.
- 5. **Maintenance Obligations; Vandalism**. The Permittee shall keep the site, which includes without limitation any and all improvements, equipment, structures, access routes, fences and landscape features, in a neat, clean and safe condition in accordance with the Approved Plans and all conditions in this permit. The Permittee shall keep the site area free from all litter and debris at all times.
 - The Permittee shall remove and remediate any graffiti on the facility within 24 hours of being notified of its appearance. This condition also gives the City of San Bruno consent to have the graffiti painted out for the permittee. If the graffiti is not removed within 24 hours of being notified, the City's graffiti removal vendor will be instructed to remove the graffiti and provide a detailed accounting of the cost to the property owner, who will be responsible for reimbursing the City for the graffiti removal.
- 6. **Compliance with Laws.** The Permittee shall maintain compliance at all times with all federal, state and local statutes, regulations, orders or other rules that carry the force of law ("Laws") applicable to the Permittee, the subject property, the wireless facility or any use or activities in connection with the use authorized in this permit, which includes without limitation any Laws

applicable to human exposure to radio frequency ("RF") emissions. The Permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that this obligation is intended to be broadly construed and that no other specific requirements in these conditions are intended to reduce, relieve or otherwise lessen the Permittee's obligations to maintain compliance with all Laws. In the event that the City fails to timely notice, prompt or enforce compliance with any applicable provision in the San Bruno Municipal Code, any permit, any permit condition or any applicable law or regulation, the applicable provisions in the San Bruno Municipal Code, any permit, any permit condition or any applicable law or regulation.

- 7. RF Exposure Compliance. All facilities must comply with all standards and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") and any other state or federal government agency with the authority to regulate RF exposure standards. After transmitter and antenna system optimization, but prior to unattended operations of the facility, Permittee or its representative must conduct on-site post-installation RF emissions testing to demonstrate actual compliance with the FCC OET Bulletin 65 RF emissions safety rules for general population/uncontrolled RF exposure in all sectors. For this testing, the transmitter shall be operating at maximum operating power, and the testing shall occur outwards to a distance where the RF emissions no longer exceed the uncontrolled/general population limit.
- 8. Adverse Impacts on Other Properties. The Permittee shall use all reasonable efforts to avoid any and all undue or unnecessary adverse impacts on nearby properties that may arise from the Permittee's or its authorized personnel's construction, installation, operation, modification, maintenance, repair, removal and/or other activities at the site. The Permittee shall not perform or cause others to perform any construction, installation, operation, modification, maintenance, repair, removal or other work that involves heavy equipment or machines except during normal construction work hours authorized by the San Bruno Municipal Code. The restricted work hours in this condition will not prohibit any work required to prevent an actual, immediate harm to property or persons, or any work during an emergency declared by the City. The Director or the Director's designee may issue a stop work order for any activities that violates this condition.
- 9. Backup Power; Generators. The Permittee shall operate backup power generators only during (a) commercial power outages or (b) for maintenance purposes during normal construction hours in accordance with the San Bruno Municipal Code. The Director may approve a temporary power source and/or generator in connection with initial construction, major repairs or in the event of an emergency. The Permittee shall not operate any permanent backup generators located in the public right-of-way or public utility easement.

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- 10. Inspections; Emergencies. The Permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the City's officers, officials, staff or other designee may enter onto the site and inspect the improvements and equipment upon reasonable prior notice to the Permittee, or at any time during an emergency. The City's officers, officials, staff or other designee may, but will not be obligated to, enter onto the site area without prior notice to support, repair, disable or remove any improvements or equipment in emergencies or when such improvements or equipment threatens actual, imminent harm to property or persons. The Permittee, if present, may observe the City's officers, officials, staff or other designee while any such inspection or emergency access occurs.
- 11. Permittee's Contact Information. The Permittee shall furnish the Director with accurate and up-to-date contact information for a person responsible for the wireless facility, which includes without limitation such person's full name, title, direct telephone number, facsimile number, mailing address and email address. The Permittee shall keep such contact information up-to-date at all times and immediately provide the Director with updated contact information in the event that either the responsible person or such person's contact information changes.
- 12. **Indemnification.** The Permittee shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City, City Council and City boards, commissions, agents, officers, officials, employees and volunteers from any and all (1) damages, liabilities, injuries, losses, costs and expenses and from any and

all claims, demands, law suits, writs and other actions or proceedings ("Claims") brought against the City or its agents, officers, officials, employees or volunteers to challenge, attack, seek to modify, set aside, void or annul the City's approval of this permit, and (2) other Claims of any kind or form, whether for personal injury, death or property damage, that arise from or in connection with the Permittee's or its agents', directors', officers', employees', contractors', subcontractors', licensees', or customers' acts or omissions in connection with this permit or the wireless facility. In the event the City becomes aware of any Claims, the City will use best efforts to promptly notify the Permittee and shall reasonably cooperate in the defense. The Permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the City shall have the right to approve, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the legal counsel providing the City's defense, and the property owner and/or Permittee (as applicable) shall promptly reimburse City for any costs and expenses directly and necessarily incurred by the City in the course of the defense. The Permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the Permittee's indemnification obligations under this condition are a material consideration that motivates the City to approve this permit, and that such indemnification obligations will survive the expiration or revocation of this permit.

- 13. Performance Bond. Before the Public Works Department issues any encroachment permit and/or other ministerial permits required to commence construction in connection with this permit, the Permittee shall post a performance bond from a surety and in a form acceptable to the Director in an amount reasonably necessary to cover the cost to remove the improvements and restore all affected areas based on a written estimate from a qualified contractor with experience in wireless facilities removal. The written estimate must include the cost to remove all equipment and other improvements, which includes without limitation all antennas, radios, batteries, generators, utilities, cabinets, mounts, brackets, hardware, cables, wires, conduits, structures, shelters, towers, poles, footings and foundations, whether above ground or below ground, constructed or installed in connection with the wireless facility, plus the cost to completely restore any areas affected by the removal work to a standard compliant with applicable laws. In establishing or adjusting the bond amount required under this condition, and in accordance with California Government Code §65964(a), the Director shall take into consideration any information provided by the Permittee regarding the cost to remove the wireless facility to a standard compliant with applicable laws. The performance bond shall expressly survive the duration of the permit term to the extent required to effectuate a complete removal of the subject wireless facility in accordance with this condition.
- 14. Recall to Approval Authority; Permit Revocation. The approval authority may recall this permit for review at any time due to complaints about noncompliance with applicable laws or any approval conditions attached to this permit. At a duly noticed public hearing and in accordance with all applicable laws, the approval authority may revoke this permit or amend these conditions as the approval authority deems necessary or appropriate to correct any such noncompliance.
- 15. Record Retention. The Permittee must maintain complete and accurate copies of all permits and other regulatory approvals issued in connection with the wireless facility, which includes without limitation this approval, the approved plans and photo simulations incorporated into this approval, all conditions associated with this approval and any ministerial permits or approvals issued in connection with this approval. In the event that the Permittee does not maintain such records as required in this condition, any ambiguities or uncertainties that would be resolved through an inspection of the missing records will be construed against the Permittee. The Permittee may keep electronic records; provided, however, that hard copies or electronic records kept in the City's regular files will control over any conflicts between such City-controlled copies or records and the Permittee's electronic copies, and complete originals will control over all other copies in any form.
- 16. **Undergrounded Utilities.** In the event that other public utilities or cable television operators in the public right-of-way underground their facilities where the Permittee's wireless facility is located, the Permittee must underground its equipment except the antennas and antenna supports. Such undergrounding shall occur at the Permittee's sole cost and expense except as reimbursed pursuant to law.

- 17. **Electric Meter Removal.** In the event that the commercial electric utility provider adopts or changes its rules obviating the need for a separate or ground-mounted electric meter and enclosure, the Permittee on its own initiative and at its sole cost and expense shall apply to the City for permission to remove the separate or ground-mounted electric meter and enclosure and restore the affected area to its original condition.
- 18. Rearrangement and Relocation. The Permittee acknowledges that the City, in its sole discretion and at any time, may: (1) change any street grade, width or location; (2) add, remove or otherwise change any improvements in, on, under or along any street owned by the City or any other public agency, which includes without limitation any sewers, storm drains, conduits, pipes, vaults, boxes, cabinets, poles and utility systems for gas, water, electric or telecommunications; and/or (3) perform any other work deemed necessary, useful or desirable by the City (collectively, "City Work"). The City reserves the rights to do any and all City Work without any admission on its part that the City would not have such rights without the express reservation in this permit. In the event that the Director determines that any City Work will require the Permittee's facility to be rearranged and/or relocated, the Permittee shall, at its sole cost and expense, do or cause to be done all things necessary to accomplish such rearrangement and/or relocation. If the Permittee fails or refuses to either permanently or temporarily rearrange and/or relocate the Permittee's facility within a reasonable time after the Director's notice, the City may (but will not be obligated to) cause the rearrangement or relocation to be performed at the Permittee's sole cost and expense. The City may exercise its rights to rearrange or relocate the Permittee's facility without prior notice to Permittee when the Director determines that the City Work is immediately necessary to protect public health or safety. The Permittee shall reimburse the City for all costs and expenses in connection with such work within 10 days after a written demand for reimbursement and reasonable documentation to support such costs is provided. In addition, the Permittee shall indemnify, defend and hold the City, its agents, officers, officials, employees and volunteers harmless from and against any Claims in connection with rearranging or relocating the Permittee's facility, or turning on or off any water, oil, gas, electricity or other utility service in connection with the Permittee's facility.
- 19. Damage to Public Property. The Permittee shall promptly restore the surface or subsurface of the right-of-way or public property and/or repair or replace the surface, subsurface, and/or public improvement thereon, therein, or thereunder, in as good a condition as before in accordance with applicable laws, normal wear and tear excepted, reasonably satisfactory to the City Engineer for damage or disturbance caused by the wireless facilities. If Permittee does not repair the damage or disturbance as just described, then City shall have the option, upon fifteen (15) days prior written notice to Permittee, to perform or cause to be performed such reasonable and necessary work on behalf of Permittee and to charge Permittee for the actual and reasonable costs incurred by the City at City's standard rates.

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- a. Exception. If the damage or disturbance caused by the wireless facilities present a public safety or hazardous concern as deemed by the City Manager, Fire Chief, police Chief, City Engineer, or Public Works Director or designee, the City reserves the right to make repairs immediately and to charge Permittee for all actual and reasonable costs incurred by the City. City shall have the right to disable, alter, relocate, sever, disrupt, remove, tear out, dig-up, or otherwise damage wireless facilities of Permittee. City shall inform Permittee of any actions taken and Permittee shall remove its equipment. Notwithstanding the above, before any such actions are taken, the City shall notify Permittee to give notice of the emergency or immediate hazard or dangerous condition.
 - i. In the event of an action taken by City, neither the City nor any agent, Contractor, or employee of the City shall be liable to Permittee or its Contractors or its customers or other third parties for any harm so caused to them by the reasonable actions of the City or its agents, Contractors, or employees in responding to such public hazard or dangerous condition. When practical and if possible, City will consult with Permittee in advance to assess the necessity of such actions and to minimize, to the extent practical under the circumstances, damage to and disruption of either the public property involved or the wireless

- facilities involved. Following notice from the City, Permittee shall reasonably cooperate with the City, at no expense to City, to remedy the hazard and secure the route area.
- ii. In the event of an emergency discovered by the Permittee, Permittee shall notify the City immediately.
- 20. Public Emergency Disruption. In the event of a public emergency, the City will have the right to immediately perform, without prior written notice to Permittee, reasonable and necessary work on behalf of Permittee to repair and return public property to a safe and satisfactory condition in accordance with applicable laws, normal wear and tear excepted, reasonably satisfactory to the City Engineer. The City shall provide written notice to Permittee of the repairs as soon as practicable after the work has begun. Permittee agrees that any severed City-owned Conduit and/or fiber must be completely repaired or replaced to the nearest splice point. If the City needs to perform any part of the necessary repairs, relocation, and/or removal work, it shall be entitled to seek payment for such actual and reasonable repairs, relocation, and/or removal costs from Permittee and may draw upon a performance bond and/or Deposit in full or partial satisfaction of such costs, if payment is not made by Permittee. The Public Works Director or their designee shall have the authority to designate a public emergency, in addition to the provisions in Chapter 8.36 of the San Bruno Municipal Code.
- 21. Pavement. For any pavement cuts by Permittee, Permittee agrees to restore the pavement in as good a condition as or better than before to the satisfaction of the City Engineer and to reimburse the City for all actual and reasonable costs arising from the restoration. Additional conditions will be applied to permits where street excavations are proposed for roadways overlaid with asphalt concrete within the previous five years or for roadways that have received a seal coat within two years, up to and including repaving of half or full width of roadway. Facilities installation and repairs shall be planned well enough in advance to avoid excavating in newly resurfaced roadways.
- 22. Landscaping. The Permittee shall replace any landscape features damaged or displaced by the construction, installation, operation, maintenance or other work performed by the Permittee or at the Permittee's direction on or about the site. In the event that any trees are damaged or displaced, the Permittee shall hire and pay for a licensed arborist to select, plant and maintain replacement landscaping in an appropriate location for the species. Only ISA Certified workers under the supervision of a licensed arborist shall be used to install the replacement tree(s). The box size and other standards for any replacement trees shall be subject to the Director's approval in consultation with the licensed arborist. The Permittee shall, at all times, be responsible to maintain any replacement landscape features.
- 23. Demand for Payment. Upon the receipt of a demand for payment by City, Permittee shall promptly reimburse City for actual and reasonable costs. Failure to pay will entitle the City to draw upon the performance bond and/or deposit within thirty (30) days of the demand for payment.
- 24. Encroachment Permit General Conditions. Encroachment Permits shall be obtained by the Permittee pursuant to San Bruno Municipal Code Chapter 8.16. The Permittee shall comply with the City of San Bruno's Encroachment Permit General and Special Conditions.
- 25. Building Permit Requirement. A building permit shall be obtained by the Permittee pursuant to San Bruno Municipal Code Title 11 for small wireless facilities within utility easements in public and private properties.
- 26. **Insurance Requirements.** Commercial general liability (or comprehensive) and property damage insurance indicating the City of San Bruno as an additional insured is required.

Coverage shall be at least as broad as:

i. Commercial General Liability (CGL): Insurance Services Office (ISO) Form CG 00 01 12 07 covering CGL on an "occurrence" basis, including products-completed operations, personal & advertising injury, with limits no less than \$2,000,000 per

occurrence. If a general aggregate limit applies, either the general aggregate limit shall apply separately to this project/location or the general aggregate limit shall be twice the required occurrence limit.

- ii. Automobile Liability: ISO Form Number CA 00 01 covering any auto (Code 1), or if Contractor has no owned autos, hired, (Code 8) and non-owned autos (Code 9), with limit no less than \$1,000,000 per accident for bodily injury and property damage.
- iii. Workers' Compensation: as required by the State of California, with Statutory Limits, and Employer's Liability Insurance with limit of no less than \$1,000,000 per accident for bodily injury or disease.

If the contractor maintains higher limits than the minimums shown above, the City requires and shall be entitled to coverage for the higher limits maintained by the contractor.

Other Insurance Provisions

The insurance policies are to contain, or be endorsed to contain, the following provisions:

Additional Insured Status

The City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, and agents are to be covered as insureds on the auto policy for liability arising out of automobiles owned, leased, hired or borrowed by or on behalf of the Contractor; and on the COL policy with respect to liability arising out of work or operations performed by or on behalf of the Contractor including materials, parts or equipment furnished in connection with such work or operations. General liability coverage can be provided in the form of an endorsement to the Contractor's insurance (at least as broad as ISO Form CG 20 10, 11 85 or both CG 20 10 and CG 20 37 forms if later revisions used).

Primary Coverage

For any claims related to this contract, the Contractor's insurance coverage shall be primary insurance as respects the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, and agents. Any insurance or self-insurance maintained by the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, or agents shall be excess of the Contractor's insurance and shall not contribute with it.

Notice of Cancellation

Each insurance policy required above shall provide that coverage shall not be canceled except after thirty (30) days' prior written notice (10 days for non-payment) has been given to the City.

Waiver of Subrogation

Contractor hereby grants to City a waiver of any right to subrogation, which any insurer of said Contractor may acquire against the City by virtue of the payment of any loss under such insurance.

Contractor agrees to obtain any endorsement that may be necessary to effect this waiver of subrogation, but this provision applies regardless of whether or not the City has received a waiver of subrogation endorsement from the insurer.

Deductibles and Self-Insured Retentions

Any deductibles or self-insured retentions must be declared to and approved by the City. The City may require the Contractor to purchase coverage with a lower deductible or retention or provide proof of ability to pay losses and related investigations, claim administration, and defense expenses within the retention.

Acceptability of Insurers

Insurance is to be placed with insurers with a current A.M. Best's rating of no less than A:VII, unless otherwise acceptable to the City.

Verification of Coverage

Contractor shall furnish the City With original certificates and amendatory endorsements or copies of the applicable policy language effecting coverage required by this clause. All certificates and endorsements are to be received and approved by the City before work commences. However, failure to obtain the required documents prior to the work beginning shall not waive the Contractor's obligation to provide them. The City reserves the right to require complete, certified copies of all required insurance policies, including endorsements required by these specifications, at any time.

- 27. **Public Noticing.** All residences and/or businesses impacted by project construction are to be notified in writing at least 48 hours in advance describing work schedule, including dates, time frames, and on-site project manager name and cell phone number prior to commencing work.
- 28. **Traffic Control.** Traffic control shall conform to the requirements of the most current edition of the California Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices published by Caltrans. Traffic control shall be in conformance with Caltrans' Standard Plans for Traffic Control.
- 29. **Traffic Control Plans ("TCPs").** Site-specific TCP's are required to be submitted for review a minimum of ten (10) business days prior to the scheduled start date. TCP's shall be signed by California licensed traffic engineer.
- 30. **Underground Service Alert (USA).** Forty-eight (48) hours before commencing work, the Permittee shall contact Underground Service Alert (USA) at 1-800-227-2600 to verify elevations and locations of all existing utilities
- 31. Private Sewer Laterals and Water Services. The City of San Bruno does not mark private sewer laterals or water services in the public right-of-way or public utility easement as part of the Underground Service Alert (USA) program. Permittee is to take precautions to locate and protect private sewer laterals and water services from damage during construction. In the event any sewer lateral damage is discovered, the Permittee is required to immediately dig and repair the sewer lateral to restore sewer service. In the event any water service damage is discovered, the Permittee shall immediately contact the City's Water Division at 650-616-7160 to coordinate the repair work. The Permittee shall reimburse the City for all costs and expenses in connection with damage repair work within 10 days after a written demand for reimbursement and reasonable documentation to support such costs is provided. If new facilities are being installed by the boring method the Permittee is also required to video inspect any sewer and storm mains that are crossed by their facilities as part of this project, a copy of this video is to be provided to the City.
- 32. **Commencement of Operations.** The operation of the approved facility shall commence no later than one (1) month after the completion of installation, or the wireless facility permit will expire without further action by the City.
- 33. **Noninterference.** Permittee shall not move, alter, temporarily relocate, change, or interfere with any existing structure, improvement, or property without the prior consent of the owner of that structure, improvement, or property. No structure, improvement, or property owned by the City shall be moved to accommodate a permitted activity or encroachment, unless the City determines that such movement will not adversely affect the City or any surrounding businesses or residents, and the Permittee pays all costs and expenses related to the relocation of the City's structure, improvement, or property. Prior to commencement of any work pursuant to a wireless facility permit, the Permittee shall provide the City with documentation establishing to the City's satisfaction that the Permittee has the legal right to use or interfere with any other structure, improvement, or property within the public right-of-way or public utility easement to be affected by Permittee's facilities.
- 34. **No Right, Title, or Interest.** The permission granted by a wireless facility permit shall not in any event constitute an easement on or an encumbrance against the public right-of-way or public utility easement. No right, title, or interest (including franchise interest) in the public right-of-way or public utility easement, or any part thereof, shall vest or accrue in Permittee by reason of a wireless encroachment permit or the issuance of any other permit or exercise of any privilege given thereby.

- 35. No Possessory Interest. No possessory interest is created by a wireless facility permit. However, to the extent that a possessory interest is deemed created by a governmental entity with taxation authority, Permittee acknowledges that City has given to Permittee notice pursuant to California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 107.6 that the use or occupancy of any public property pursuant to a wireless facility permit may create a possessory interest which may be subject to the payment of property taxes levied upon such interest. Permittee shall be solely liable for, and shall pay and discharge prior to delinquency, any and all possessory interact taxes or other taxes, fees, and assessments levied against Permittee's right to possession, occupancy, or use of any public property pursuant to any right of possession, occupancy, or use created by this permit.
- 36. **Agreement with City.** If not already completed, Permittee shall enter into the appropriate agreement with the City, as determined by the City, prior to constructing, attaching, or operating a facility on Municipal Infrastructure. This permit is not a substitute for such agreement.
- 37. Abandonment. If a facility is not operated for a continuous period of 6 months, the wireless facility permit and any other permit or approval therefor shall be deemed abandoned and terminated automatically, unless before the end of the 6 month period (i) the approval authority has determined that the facility has resumed operations, or (ii) the City has received an application to transfer the permit to another service provider. No later than ninety (90) days from the date the facility is determined to have ceased operation or the Permittee has notified the approval authority of its intent to vacate the site, the Permittee shall remove all equipment and improvements associated with the use and shall restore the site to its original condition to the satisfaction of the approval authority. The Permittee shall provide written verification of the removal of the facilities within thirty (30) days of the date the removal is completed. If the facility is not removed within thirty (30) days after the permit has been discontinued pursuant to this subsection, the site shall be deemed to be a nuisance, and the City may cause the facility to be removed at Permittee's expense or by calling any bond or other financial assurance to pay for removal. If there are two (2) or more users of a single facility or support structure, then this provision shall apply to the specific elements or parts thereof that were abandoned, but will not be effective for the entirety thereof until all users cease use thereof.
- 38. Attorney's Fees. In the event the City determines that it is necessary to take legal action to enforce any of these conditions, or to revoke a permit, and such legal action is taken, the Permittee shall be required to pay any and all costs of such legal action, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by the City, even if the matter is not prosecuted to a final judgment or is amicably resolved, unless the City should otherwise agree with Permittee to waive said fees or any part thereof. The foregoing shall not apply if the Permittee prevails in the enforcement proceeding.
- **B. Standard Conditions for Section 6409 Approvals.** In addition to the conditions provided in Section A of these Standard Conditions of Approval and any supplemental conditions imposed by the approval authority (or the appellate authority on appeal), as the case may be, all permits for Section 6409 Approvals granted pursuant to these Standards shall be subject to the following additional conditions, unless modified by the approving authority:
 - 1. **Permit Subject to Conditions of Underlying Permit.** Any permit granted in response to an application qualifying as an eligible facilities request shall be subject to the terms and conditions of the underlying permit.
 - 2. No Permit Term Extension. The City's grant or grant by operation of law of an eligible facilities request permit constitutes a federally-mandated modification to the underlying permit or approval for the subject tower or base station. Notwithstanding any permit duration established in another permit condition, the City's grant or grant by operation of law of a eligible facilities request permit will not extend the permit term for the underlying permit or any other underlying regulatory approval, and its term shall be coterminous with the underlying permit or other regulatory approval for the subject tower or base station.

- 3. **No Waiver of Standing.** The City's grant or grant by operation of law of an eligible facilities request does not waive, and shall not be construed to waive, any standing by the City to challenge Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act, any FCC rules that interpret Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act, or any modification to Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act.
- <u>C. Small Wireless Facilities Requests.</u> In addition to the conditions provided in Section A of these Standard Conditions of Approval and any supplemental conditions imposed by the approval authority (or the appellate authority on appeal), as the case may be, all permits for a small wireless facility granted pursuant to these Standards shall be subject to the following condition, unless modified by the approval authority:
 - 1. **No Waiver of Standing.** The City's grant of a permit for a small wireless facility request does not waive, and shall not be construed to waive, any standing by the City to challenge any FCC orders or rules related to small cell facilities, or any modification to those FCC orders or rules.

SECTION 11: If any provision of this Resolution or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity has no effect on the other provisions or applications of the Resolution that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this extent, the provisions of this Resolution are severable. The City council declares that it would have adopted this Resolution irrespective of the invalidity of any portion thereof.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council hereby adopts the design and siting guidelines and engineering design standards for small wireless facilities in the public right-of-way and within utility easements in public and private properties for the City of San Bruno.

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I hereby certify that foregoing **Resolution No. 2019 - 61** was introduced and adopted by the San Bruno City Council at a regular meeting on June 11, 2019, by the following vote:

AYES: Councilmembers: M. Medina, O'Connell, Salazar, Mayor R. Medina

NOES: Councilmembers: None

ABSENT: Councilmembers: Davis

Melissa Thurman, CMC

City Clerk

Resolution No. 9825 Resolution of the Council of the City of Palo Alto Adopting Objective Aesthetic, Noise, and Related Standards for Wireless Communication Facilities in the Public Rights of Way

The Council of the City of Palo Alto RESOLVES as follows:

SECTION 1. Findings and Declarations.

- a. The tremendous growth in personal wireless services has created an increased demand for new wireless antennas and equipment. Wireless service providers are increasingly seeking to utilize public rights of way to deploy small wireless facilities to improve and expand coverage.
- b. The unregulated installation of wireless facilities, including small cell antennas, in public rights-of-way and in other locations, poses a threat to the public health, safety and welfare, including: traffic and pedestrian safety hazards due to unsafe siting; negative and irreversible impacts to trees, landscaping, and infrastructure; noise concerns; and visual and aesthetic blight due to excessive height and lack of camouflaging, negatively impacting the unique character of the City.
- c. The reasonably regulated and orderly deployment of wireless telecommunications facilities in the public right-of-way is desirable, and unregulated or disorderly deployment represents a threat to the health, welfare and safety of the community.
- d. The regulations of wireless installations are necessary to protect and preserve the aesthetic character of the community and to ensure that all wireless telecommunications facilities are installed using the least intrusive means possible.
- e. The City Council has adopted a Wireless Communication Facilities (WCFs) code to regulate the various health, welfare, and safety impacts presented by the proliferation of WCFs and to balance these impacts with the interests of consumers in receiving the benefits of wireless technologies.
- f. Federal and state law place significant limits on the City's exercise of local control over WCF matters. On September 26, 2018, the Federal Communications Commission adopted a Declaratory Ruling and Third Report and Order (WT Docket No. 17-79; WC Docket No. 17-84; FCC 18-133), further limiting local control.
- g. The regulations adopted herein represent reasonable, objective, and non-discriminatory controls on aesthetic, noise, and related impacts of WCFs in the Public Rights-of-Way.

<u>SECTION 2</u>. Adoption of Objective Standards for WCFs on Streetlight Poles in the Public Rights-of-Way.

The City Council hereby adopts the standards in Exhibit 1, attached to and incorporated into this resolution as if fully set forth herein, for Wireless Communication Facilities on Streetlight in the Public Rights-of-Way.

<u>SECTION 3</u>. Adoption of Objective Standards for WCFs on Wood Utility Poles in the Public Rights-of-Way.

The City Council hereby adopts the standards in Exhibit 2, attached to and incorporated into this resolution as if fully set forth herein, for Wireless Communication Facilities on Wood Utility Poles in the Public Rights-of-Way.

SECTION 4. If any section, subsection, clause or phrase of this resolution or the attached standards is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion or sections of the resolution and exhibits. The Council hereby declares that it should have adopted the resolution and exhibits, and each section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase thereof irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases be declared invalid.

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SECTION 5. Environmental Review. The Council finds that this resolution is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), pursuant to Section 15061 of the CEQA Guidelines, because it does not authorize the construction of Wireless Communication Facilities in any locations where such facilities are not already permitted; therefore it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the ordinance will have a significant effect on the environment. The resolution is further exempt under CEQA Guidelines sections 15301, 15302, 15303 and 15305 because it simply represents part of a comprehensive regulatory scheme governing minor alterations to existing facilities or small structures.

INTRODUCED	AND PASSED:	April 15, 2019	
AYES:	CORMACK, DU	BOIS, FILSETH, FINE, KOU	
NOES:	KNISS		
ABSENT:	TANAKA		
ABSTENTIONS	i:		
ATTEST:			
DocuSigned by:			DocuSigned by:
Beth Minor	_		Eric Filseth
City Clerk	7		Mayor
APPROVED AS	TO FORM:		APPROVED:
DocuSigned by:			DocuSigned by:
albert Yan	2		Ed Swikada
Doputy City At	0		City Manager
Deputy City A	ttorney		City Manager
			DocuSigned by:
			Director of Planning and Community

Environment

Streetlight Poles

Standard designs for WCFs located on Streetlights – An applicant proposing to attach to a Streetlight in the public right of way shall utilize one of the other designs specified herein.

- a) **Underground design:** Radio equipment shall be placed in an underground vault in the pedestrian right of way. The antennae shall be placed in a shroud at the top of a nearby pole.
 - i) Underground vaults shall be the minimum volume necessary to house WCF equipment. Application materials should explain why the proposed dimensions are required. In no event shall vault dimensions exceed 5 feet 8-inches x 8 feet 2-inches x 5 feet 7-inches or 260 cu. ft., excluding space required for ventilation or sump pump equipment.
- b) **Top-mounted design:** All equipment shall be enclosed within a shroud at the top of the pole containing both radio and antenna equipment.
 - i) Top-mounted equipment shrouds shall not exceed 5.5 feet from the top of the streetlight pole and shall taper to meet the pole above the mast arm. The diameter of the antenna and shroud shall not exceed 15" at their widest.
- c) **Minimal sunshield design:** Radio equipment shall be enclosed within one or two sunshields not exceeding 8 inches wide nor 0.75 cubic feet in volume each, mounted directly to the side of the pole. Sunshields shall be attached at least 12 feet above ground level. To the extent separate antennae are required, antennae shall be placed in a shroud at the top of the pole.
- d) **Existing signage:** Radio equipment shall be attached to a pole behind existing signage under the following conditions:
 - i) Radio equipment shall be placed within a shroud that does not exceed the dimensions of the sign in height and width, nor 4 inches in depth, including any required mounting bracket.
 - ii) In no event shall WCF equipment obscure or interfere with the visibility or functioning of the signage.
 - iii) To the extent separate antennae are required, antennae shall be placed in a shroud at the top of the pole.

General standards for all WCFs located on Streetlights

WCF equipment and shrouds

- 1) Antennae shall be the smallest antennae possible to achieve the coverage objective. Except in the case of top-mounted designs, antennae shall not exceed 3 feet from the top of the streetlight pole and the associated "antenna skirt" shall taper to meet the pole above the mast arm. The diameter of the antenna and shroud shall not exceed 15" at their widest.
- 2) All shrouds and equipment shall be painted to match Public Works Department (PWD) standards or the existing pole, as applicable.
- 3) All shrouds and equipment shall be designed without gaps between materials or sky visible between component surfaces.
- 4) Equipment that cannot propagate an adequate signal within the shrouding required by the standard designs shall be attached to a streetlight pole at a height of 2 feet below the light mast or higher. Each instance of such equipment shall not exceed 0.85 cu. ft. nor shall the total volume of such equipment and any shrouding exceed 2.6 cu. ft. per streetlight pole.

Height

- 5) Except for top-mounted designs, poles and all attachments will not exceed the height of similar surrounding poles by more than 3 feet. For top-mounted designs, poles and all attachments shall not exceed the height of similar surrounding poles by more than 6 feet.
- 6) Replacement poles will conform to PWD style guidelines where the City has adopted standards and will match the pole being replaced where no standards exist. For integrated

pole designs, poles shall incorporate decorative elements (e.g. fluting, decorative mast arm and luminaire, etc.) from PWD standards or existing poles, as applicable.

Landscaping

- 7) At the direction of the Urban Forestry division, Applicant shall provide street trees and/or smaller amenity trees that interrupt direct views of WCF equipment where Urban Forestry determines appropriate space exists within 35 feet of the pole.
- 8) Any existing landscaping removed or damaged by installation shall be replaced in kind.

Noise

- 9) Noise shall comply with PAMC Chapter 9.10 and shall be consistent with noise-related Comprehensive Plan goals and policies.
 - a) In residential areas with an average 24-hour noise level (L_{dn}) at or below 60 decibels (dB), noise generated by WCF equipment shall not cause the L_{dn} exceed 60dB or to increase by 5.0 dB or more, even if the resulting L_{dn} would remain below 60 dB.
 - b) In residential areas with an L_{dn} above 60 dB, noise generated by WCF equipment shall not cause the average to increase by 3.0 decibels (dB) or more.

Curb clearances

- 10) If placed below 16' above ground level, attachments shall not be placed closer than 18" to the curb, nor shall they extend over the sidewalk (Caltrans Highway Design Manual Section 309).
- 11) WCF node equipment must be at least 3' from a curb cut.

Miscellaneous

- 12) WCF installations shall not require any changes in the City's existing banner marketing program.
- 13) All cabling shall be routed entirely within the pole or an attached shroud.
- 14) Safety signage shall be the smallest size possible to accomplish its purpose.
- 15) Power disconnects shall be placed in a vault near the base of the pole.
- 16) Except as provided in these standards, no equipment cabinets may be placed at grade.
- 17) Light mast orientation, height, color temperature and other photometric information shall comply with PWD standards.

Pole location

- 18) Nodes shall utilize existing streetlight pole locations. Any new pole locations are prohibited unless approved through PWD/CPAU pole placement application.
- 19) Streetlight nodes at a designated gateway location or along a scenic corridor shall not utilize a top-mounted design.

Wood Utility Poles

Standard designs for WCFs located on Wood Utility Poles – An applicant proposing to attach to a wood utility pole in the public right of way shall utilize one of the other designs specified herein.

- a) **Underground design:** Radio equipment shall be placed in an underground vault in the pedestrian right of way. The antennae shall be placed in a shroud at the top of a nearby pole.
 - i) Underground vaults shall be the minimum volume necessary to house WCF equipment. Application materials should explain why the proposed dimensions are required. In no event shall vault dimensions exceed 5 feet 8-inches x 8 feet 2-inches x 5 feet 7-inches or 260 cu. ft., excluding space required for ventilation or sump pump equipment.
- b) **Top-mounted design:** All equipment shall be enclosed within a shroud at the top of the pole containing both radio and antenna equipment.
 - i) Top-mounted equipment shrouds shall not exceed 5.5 feet from the top of the pole or bayonet attachment, if one is used, and shall taper to meet the pole above the mast arm. The diameter of the antenna and shroud shall not exceed 15" at their widest.
- c) **Minimal sunshield design:** Radio equipment shall be enclosed within one or two sunshields not exceeding 8 inches wide nor 0.75 cubic feet in volume each, mounted directly to the side of the pole. To the extent separate antennae are required, antennae shall be placed in a shroud at the top of the pole.
- d) **Existing signage:** Radio equipment shall be attached to a pole behind existing signage under the following conditions:
 - i) Radio equipment shall be placed within a shroud that does not exceed the dimensions of the sign in height and width, nor 4 inches in depth, including any required mounting bracket.
 - ii) In no event shall WCF equipment obscure or interfere with the visibility or functioning of the signage.
 - iii) To the extent separate antennae are required, antennae shall be placed in a shroud at the top of the pole.

General standards for all WCFs located on Wood Utility Poles

WCF equipment and shrouds

- 1) Antennae shall be the smallest antennae possible to achieve the coverage objective. Antennae shall not exceed 5.5 feet from the top of the pole or bayonet attachment, if one is used. The diameter of the antenna and shroud shall not exceed 15" at their widest.
- 2) Bayonet attachments and equipment or antennae at the top of the shroud shall be covered by a single integrated shroud and "antenna skirt" that shall meet the pole without any gaps.
- 3) All conduit shall be mounted flush to the pole.
- 4) All shrouds and equipment shall be painted to match PWD standards or the existing pole, as applicable. Paint shall be maintained regularly and shrouds shall be repainted if necessary to match changes in pole color over time.
- 5) All shrouds and equipment shall be designed without gaps between materials or sky visible between component surfaces.
- 6) Equipment that cannot propagate an adequate signal within the shrouding required by the standard designs shall be attached to the top of the pole or on a cross arm or brace protruding from the pole to the minimum extent necessary to comply with safety standards including GO95. Such cross arm shall be placed as high on the pole as technically feasible. Each instance of such equipment shall not exceed 0.85 cu. ft. nor shall the total volume of such equipment exceed 2.6 cu. ft. per wood utility pole.

Height

- 7) For wood utility poles carrying power lines, replacement poles and pole-top bayonet attachments shall be the minimum height necessary to provide GO-95 mandated clearance between WCF equipment and power lines.
- 8) For wood utility poles without power lines, any pole top equipment shall not increase the height of the pole by more than six feet.
- 9) In no event shall the total height of a pole or replacement pole, including all equipment exceed 55 feet.
- 10) Replacement poles will conform to all standards adopted by CPAU.

Landscaping

- 11) At the direction of the Urban Forestry division, Applicant shall provide street trees and/or smaller amenity trees that interrupt direct views of WCF equipment where Urban Forestry determines appropriate space exists within 35 feet of the pole.
- 12) Any existing landscaping removed or damaged by installation shall be replaced in kind. Noise
 - 13) Noise shall comply with PAMC Chapter 9.10 and shall be consistent with noise-related Comprehensive Plan goals and policies.
 - a) In residential areas with an average 24-hour noise level (L_{dn}) at or below 60 decibels (dB), noise generated by WCF equipment shall not cause the L_{dn} exceed 60dB or to increase by 5.0 dB or more, even if the resulting L_{dn} would remain below 60 dB.
 - b) In residential areas with an L_{dn} above 60 dB, noise generated by WCF equipment shall not cause the average to increase by 3.0 decibels (dB) or more.

Curb clearances

- 14) If placed below 16' above ground level, attachments shall not be placed closer than 18" to the curb, nor shall they extend over the sidewalk (Caltrans Highway Design Manual Section 309).
- 15) WCF node equipment must be at least 3' from a curb cut.

Miscellaneous

- 16) Safety signage shall be the smallest size possible to accomplish its purpose.
- 17) Power disconnects shall be placed on the wood pole or in a vault near the base of the pole.
- 18) Except as provided in these standards, no equipment cabinets may be placed at grade.
- 19) If applicable, light mast orientation, height, color temperature and other photometric information shall comply with PWD standards.

Pole location

- 20) Nodes shall utilize existing wood utility pole locations. Any new pole locations are prohibited unless approved through PWD/CPAU pole placement application.
- 21) Wood utility poles at a designated gateway location or along a scenic corridor shall not utilize a top-mounted design.
- 22) WCF equipment and antennas shall be located on poles such that they do not fall within the horizontal plane defined by a 45 degree angle extending 50 feet from the center point of upper story windows, doors, balconies, and other openings.



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Ordinance No. 5465

Ordinance of the Council of the City of Palo Alto Amending
Section 18.42.110 (Wireless Communication Facilities) of Chapter 18.42
(Standards for Special Uses) of Title 18 (Zoning) of the Palo Alto Municipal
Code to Update the Code Consistent with the FCC's Declaratory Ruling and
Third Report and Order (FCC 18-133)

The Council of the City of Palo Alto ORDAINS as follows:

<u>SECTION 1</u>. Findings and Declarations. The City Council finds and declares as follows:

- A. The tremendous growth in personal wireless services has created an increased demand for new wireless antennas and equipment. Wireless service providers are increasingly seeking to utilize public rights of way to deploy small wireless facilities to improve and expand coverage.
- B. The unregulated installation of wireless facilities, including small cell antennas, in public rights-of-way and in other locations, poses a threat to the public health, safety and welfare, including: traffic and pedestrian safety hazards due to unsafe siting; negative and irreversible impacts to trees, landscaping, and infrastructure; noise concerns; and visual and aesthetic blight due to excessive height and lack of camouflaging, negatively impacting the unique character of the City.
- C. The reasonably regulated and orderly deployment of wireless telecommunications facilities in the public right-of-way is desirable, and unregulated or disorderly deployment represents a threat to the health, welfare and safety of the community.
- D. Local jurisdictions must reasonably allow wireless telecommunication facilities to be located in public rights-of-way, but may impose regulations based on published aesthetic standards.
- E. The regulations of wireless installations are necessary to protect and preserve the aesthetic character of the community and to ensure that all wireless telecommunications facilities are installed using the least intrusive means possible.
- F. The City Council has adopted a Wireless Communication Facilities (WCFs) code to regulate the various health, welfare, and safety impacts presented by the proliferation of WCFs and to balance these impacts with the interests of consumers in receiving the benefits of wireless technologies.
- G. Federal and state law place significant limits on the City's exercise of local control over WCF matters. On September 26, 2018, the Federal Communications Commission

adopted a Declaratory Ruling and Third Report and Order (WT Docket No. 17-79; WC Docket No. 17-84; FCC 18-133), further limiting local control.

H. The purpose of the amendments herein is to establish uniform and comprehensive standards and regulations regarding the siting, development, and operation of wireless telecommunication facilities within the City in a manner consistent with State and Federal law.

SECTION 2. Section 18.42.110 of Chapter 18.42 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18.42.110 Wireless Communication Facilities

(a) Purpose and Interpretation

The purpose of this section is two-fold: (A) to implement within the jurisdictional boundaries of the city the applicable zoning, land use and other laws, rules, regulations and policies and procedures applicable to siting applications filed with the city by wireless communications facilities infrastructure owners and operators and wireless communications service providers, which seek to install or attach their facilities at locations in Palo Alto; and (B) to accommodate new wireless technologies and continued improvements to existing wireless communications facilities while minimizing their adverse visual and structural health and safety impacts. Consistent with that purpose, the provisions of this section are to be construed in a manner that is consistent with (1) the interest of consumers in receiving the benefits of the deployment of ultra-high-speed and -capacity broadband wireless communication facilities technology and innovations and the delivery of ultra-high-speed and -capacity broadband wireless communications facilities services, (2) the interest in safeguarding the environment, preserving historic properties, and addressing aesthetics and other local values, and (3) the interest in promoting the public health, safety and welfare in Palo Alto. Although this Section implements and references provisions of preemptive state and federal law, nothing in this Section shall be interpreted to create an independent source of the rights provided an applicant by such state or federal law.

A wireless communications facility is permitted to be sited in Palo Alto subject to applicable requirements imposed by this chapter, which may include an architectural review process, a conditional use permit application process, or both. These processes are intended to permit wireless communications facilities that blend with their existing surroundings and do not negatively impact the environment, historic properties, or public safety. The procedures prescribed by this chapter Section are tailored to the type of wireless communication facility that is sought. Building-mounted wireless communications facilities and collocation of facilities are preferred and encouraged, subject to all other provisions of this section.

(b) Definitions

The following abbreviations, phrases, terms and words shall have the meanings assigned in this section or, as appropriate, in Section $\underline{18.04.030}$ and Section $\underline{1.04.050}$ of the Palo Alto Municipal Code, as may be amended from time to time, unless the context indicates

otherwise. Words that are not defined in this section or other chapters or sections of the Palo Alto Municipal Code shall have the meanings as set forth in Chapter 6 of Title 47 of the United States Code, Part 1 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and, if not defined therein, their common and ordinary meaning.

- (1) "Antenna" means a that part of a wireless communications facility designed to radiate or receive radio frequency signals or electromagnetic waves for the provision of personal wireless services, as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 332(c)(7)(C)(i). This definition does not include antennas designed for amateur or household use. wireless antenna and its associated equipment. The term includes a macrocell antenna and a microcell antenna.
- (2) "Associated equipment" means any and all on-site equipment, including, without limitation, back-up generators and power supply units, cabinets, coaxial and fiber optic cables, connections, shelters, radio transceivers, regular power supply units, and wiring, to which a wireless antenna is attached in order to facilitate mobile broadband service and personal wireless service delivered on mobile broadband devices.
- (3) "Base Station" means the same as defined by the FCC at 47 C.F.R. §

 1.6100(b), as it may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, this definition is stated as follows: a structure or equipment at a fixed location that enables FCC-licensed or authorized wireless communications between user equipment and a communications network. The term does not encompass a tower as defined herein or any equipment associated with a tower. Base Station includes, without limitation:
- (i)a. Equipment associated with wireless communications services such as private, broadcast, and public safety services, as well as unlicensed wireless services and fixed wireless services such as microwave backhaul.
- (ii)b. Radio transceivers, antennas, coaxial or fiber-optic cable, regular and backup power supplies, and comparable equipment, regardless of technological configuration (including Distributed Antenna Systems ("DAS") and small-cell networks).
- (iii)c. Any structure other than a tower that, at the time the relevant application is filed with the city under this section, supports or houses equipment described in paragraphs (i)-(ii) above and has been previously reviewed and approved by the city.
- (4) "Collocation" means the same as defined in valid regulations promulgated by the FCC, including 47 C.F.R. §§ 1.6002(g) or 1.6100(b), as those sections may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, the definition provided in 47 C.F.R. § 1.6100(b), for eligible facilities requests, is stated as follows: the mounting or installation of transmission equipment on an eligible support structure for the purpose of transmitting and/or receiving radio frequency signals for communications purposes.
- (5) "Eligible Facilities Request" means the same as defined by the FCC at 47 C.F.R. § 1.6100(b), as it may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, this definition is stated as follows: any request for modification of an existing tower or base station that, within the meaning of the Spectrum Act, does not substantially change the

physical dimensions of that tower or base station, and involves (a) the collocation of new transmission equipment, (b) the removal of transmission equipment, or (c) the replacement of transmission equipment.

- (6) "Eligible Support Structure" means the same as defined by the FCC at 47 C.F.R. § 1.6100(b), as it may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, this definition is stated as follows: any existing tower or base station that exists at the time the application is filed with the city.
- (7) "Existing" means the same as defined by the FCC at 47 C.F.R. § 1.6100(b), as it may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, this definition is stated as follows: for a constructed tower or base station, means that the tower or base station is existing for purposes of an eligible facilities request if has been previously reviewed and approved under the applicable city zoning or siting process, or under another applicable state or local regulatory review process, provided that a tower that has not been reviewed and approved because it was not in a zoned area when it was built, but was lawfully constructed, is "Existing" for purposes of this definition.
 - (8) "FCC" means the Federal Communications Commission or successor agency.
- (9) **"Project"** means a WCF to be located in Palo Alto for which a permit is required by the city.
 - (10) "RF" means radio frequency on the radio spectrum.
- (11) **"Spectrum Act"** means Section 6409(a) of the Middle Class Tax Relief Act and Job Creation Act of 2012, 47 U.S.C. § 1455(a) (providing, in part, "... a State or local government may not deny, and shall approve, any Eligible Facilities Request for a modification of any existing wireless Tower or Base Station that does not substantially change the physical dimensions of such Tower or Base Station.").
- (12) "Small Wireless Facility," means the same as defined in any valid regulations adopted by the FCC. For purposes of convenience only, the definition provided at 47 C.F.R. Section 1.1312(e)(2) is stated here as follows: a facility that meets each of the following conditions:
 - a. The structure on which antenna facilities are mounted:
 - (I) Is 50 feet or less in height, or
 - (II) Is no more than 10 percent taller than other adjacent structures, or
 - (III) Is not extended to a height of more than 10 percent above its preexisting height as a result of the collocation of new antenna facilities; and

- <u>b. Each antenna (excluding associated antenna equipment) is no more</u> than three cubic feet in volume; and
- c. All antenna equipment associated with the facility (excluding antennas) are cumulatively no more than 28 cubic feet in volume; and
- d. The facility does not require antenna structure registration under 47 C.F.R. Section 17; and
- e. The facility is not located on Tribal lands, as defined under 36 C.F.R. § 800.16(x); and
- f. The facility does not result in human exposure to radiofrequency radiation in excess of the applicable safety standards specified by the FCC.
- (1213) "Substantially Changes" means the same as defined by the FCC at 47 C.F.R. § 1.6100(b), as it may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, this definition is stated as follows: in the context of an eligible support structure, a modification of an existing tower or base station where any of the following criteria is met:
 - (i)a. For a tower not located in the public rights-of-way:
 - $(\frac{a!}{a!})$ The height of the tower is increased by (I) more than ten (10) percent, or (II) by the height of one additional antenna array with separation from the nearest existing antenna not to exceed twenty (20) feet, whichever is greater; or
 - (b<u>II</u>) There is added an appurtenance to the body of the tower that would protrude from the edge of the tower by (I) more than twenty (20) feet, or (II) more than the width of the tower at the level of the appurtenance, whichever is greater.
 - (ii)b. For a tower located in the public rights-of-way and for all base

stations:

- $(\frac{a!}{a!})$ The height of the tower or base station is increased by more than ten (10) percent or ten (10) feet, whichever is greater; or
- (<u>bil</u>) There is added an appurtenance to the body of that structure that would protrude from the edge of that structure by more than six (6) feet; or
- (e<u>III</u>) It involves the installation of ground cabinets that are more than ten (10) percent larger in height or overall volume than any other ground cabinets associated with the structure; or
- (<u>4IV</u>) It involves the installation of any new equipment cabinets on the ground if there is no pre-existing ground cabinet associated with that structure.

- (iii)c. For any eligible support structure:
 - (all) It involves the installation of more than the standard number of new equipment cabinets for the technology involved, but not to exceed four (4) cabinets; or
 - (<u>bII</u>) There is entailed in the proposed modification any excavation or deployment outside of the current site of the tower or base station; or
 - (<u>elll</u>) The proposed modification would cause the concealment/camouflage elements of the tower or base station to be defeated; or
 - (<u>4IV</u>) The proposed modification would not comply with the conditions associated with the prior siting approval of construction or modification of the tower or base station, unless the non-compliance is due to an increase in height, increase in width, addition of cabinets, or new excavation that does not exceed the corresponding thresholds in this section.
- (iv)d. To measure changes in height for the purposes of this section, the
 - (al) For deployments that are or will be separated horizontally, measured from the original support structure;
 - (<u>bll</u>) For all others, measured from the dimensions of the tower or base station, inclusive of originally approved appurtenances and any modifications that were approved by the city prior to February 22, 2012.
- (v)e. To measure changes for the purposes of this section, the baseline is the dimensions that were approved by the city prior to February 22, 2012.
- (1314) "Tower" means any structure built for the sole or primary purpose of supporting any FCC-licensed or -authorized antenna, including any structure that is constructed for wireless communications service. This term does not include a base station.
- (1415) "Transmission Equipment" means the same as defined by the FCC at 47 C.F.R. § 1.6100(b), as it may be amended from time to time. For the purpose of convenience only, this definition is stated as follows: equipment that facilitates transmission of any FCC-licensed or authorized wireless communication service.
- (16) "Wireless Communications Facility" or "WCF" means any antenna, associated equipment, base station, small cell system, Small Wireless Facility, tower, and/or transmission equipment located in Palo Alto, but does not include:

baseline is:

- <u>a.</u> <u>A facility that qualifies as an amateur station as defined by the FCC, 47 C.F.R. Part 97, or its successor regulation;</u>
- <u>b.</u> <u>An antenna facility that is subject to the FCC Over-The-Air-Receiving Devices rule, 47 C.F.R. Section 1.4000, or any successor regulation;</u>
- c. <u>Portable radios and devices including, but not limited to, hand-held, vehicular, or other portable receivers, transmitters or transceivers, cellular phones, CB radios, emergency services radio;</u>
- <u>d.</u> <u>Mobile services providing public information coverage of news</u> events of a temporary nature.
- <u>e.</u> <u>Telecommunications facilities owned and operated by any</u> government agency or emergency medical care provider.
- (16) "Wireless Communications Service" means, without limitation, all FCC-licensed back-haul and other fixed wireless services, broadcast, private, and public safety communication services, and unlicensed wireless services.
 - (c) Types of WCF Permits Required
- (1) A Tier 1 WCF Permit shall be required for an eligible facilities request, as defined in this section.
 - (2) A Tier 2 WCF Permit shall be required for:
- (i)a. Any modification of an eligible support structure, including the collocation of new equipment, that substantially changes the physical dimensions of the eligible support structure on which it is mounted; or
 - b. Any collocation of a Small Wireless Facility; or
 - (ii)c. Any other collocation not eligible for a Tier 1 WCF Permit.
- (3) A Tier 3 WCF Permit shall be required for the siting of any WCF, including a Small Wireless Facility, that is not a collocation subject to a Tier 1 or 2 WCF Permit. An application shall not require a Tier 3 WCF Permit solely because it proposes the replacement inplace of an existing streetlight or wood utility pole.
 - (d) WCF Application Requirements
 - All applications for a WCF Permit shall include the following items:
- (1) Any applicant for a WCF Permit shall participate in an intake meeting with the Planning and Community Environment Department to file when filing an application;

- (2) The applicant must specify in writing whether the applicant believes the application is for an eligible facilities request subject to the Spectrum Act, and if so, provide a detailed written explanation as to why the applicant believes that the application qualifies as an eligible facilities request;
- (3) The applicant shall complete the city's standard application form, as may be amended from time to time;
- (4) The applicant shall include a completed and signed application checklist available from the city, including all information required by the application checklist;
 - (5) Payment of the fee prescribed by the Municipal Fee Schedule;
- (6) The application must be accompanied by all permit applications with all required application materials for each separate permit required by the city for the proposed WCF, including a building permit, an encroachment permit (if applicable) and an electrical permit (if applicable);
- (7) For Tier 2 and 3 WCF Permits, the applicant must host a community meeting at a time and location designed to maximize attendance by persons receiving notice under this subparagraph to provide outreach to the neighborhood around the project site. The applicant shall give notice of the community meeting to all residents and property owners within 600 feet of the project site at least 14 days in advance of the community meeting. Applicants are encouraged to host the meeting before submitting an application. The Before an application may be approved, the applicant shall provide a proof of notice affidavit to the city that contains:
- (i)a. Proof that the applicant noticed and hosted the community meeting no later than 15 days after filing the application, before filing the application;
- (ii)b. A summary of comments received at the community meeting and what, if any, changes were made to the application as a result of the meeting;
- (8) For Tier 3 WCF Permits, the plans shall include a scaled depiction of the maximum permitted increase in the physical dimensions of the proposed project that would be <u>feasible and</u> permitted by the Spectrum Act, using the proposed project as a baseline; and
- (9) Satisfy other such requirements as may be, from time to time, required by the Planning and Community Environment Department Director ("Director"), as publically stated in the application checklist.
- (e) Permit Review ("Shot Clock") Time Periods. The City shall review and act upon application materials in a manner consistent with any timeframes provided in controlling state or federal law, including valid regulations and orders promulgated by the FCC.
- (1) City review of application materials. The timeframe for review of an application shall begin to run when the application is submitted, but shall be tolled if the city finds the application incomplete and provides notice of incompleteness that delineates the

missing information in writing. Such requests shall be made within 30 days of submission of the
application. After submission of additional information, the city will notify the applicant within
10 days of this submission if the additional information failed to complete the application. If the
city makes a determination pursuant to Section 18.42.110(e)(2)(i) that an application submitted
as a Tier 1 eligible facilities request should be processed as a Tier 2 or Tier 3, then the Tier 2 or
Tier 3 processing time, as applicable, shall begin to run when the city issues this decision.
(2) Tier 1 processing time. For Tier 1 WCF Permit applications, the city will act
on the WCF application, together with any other city permits required for a proposed WCF
modification, within 60 days, adjusted for any tolling due to requests for additional information
or mutually agreed upon extensions of time.
(i) If the city determines that the application does not qualify as a Tier 1
eligible facilities request, the city will notify the applicant of that determination in writing and
will process the application as a Tier 2 or Tier 3 WCF Permit application, as applicable.
(ii) To the extent federal law provides a "deemed granted" remedy for
Tier 1 WCF Permit applications not timely acted upon by the city, no such application shall be
deemed granted until the applicant provides notice to the city, in writing, that the application
has been deemed granted after the time period provided in Section (e)(2) above has expired.
(iii) Any Tier 1 WCF Permit application that the city grants or that is
deemed granted by operation of federal law shall be subject to all requirements of
Section 18.42.110(i)(3), (5), (6) and (7) and 18.42.110(j)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6).
(3) Tier 2 processing time. For Tier 2 WCF Permit applications, the city will act
on the application within 90 days, adjusted for any tolling due to requests for additional
information or mutually agreed upon extensions of time.
(4) Tier 3 processing time. For Tier 3 WCF Permit applications, the city will act
on the application within 150 days, adjusted for any tolling due to requests for additional
information or mutually agreed upon extensions of time.
(5) Denial of application. If the city denies a WCF application, the city will notify
the applicant of the denial in writing of the reasons for the denial.
(f) Tier 1 WCF Permit Process and Findings
(1) A Tier 1 WCF Permit shall be reviewed by the Director. The Director's
decision shall be final and shall not be appealable;
(2) The Director shall grant a Tier 1 WCF Permit provided that the Director finds
that the applicant proposes an eligible facilities request;
(3) The Director shall impose the following conditions on the grant of a Tier 1

WCF Permit:

- (i)a. The proposed collocation or modification shall not defeat any existing concealment elements of the support structure; and
- (ii)<u>b.</u> The proposed WCF shall comply with the development standards in Section 18.42.110(i)(3), (5), (6) and (7), and the conditions of approval in Section 18.42.110(j).
 - (g) Tier 2 WCF Permit Process and Findings
- (1) A Tier 2 WCF Permit shall be reviewed by the Director, who may, in his or her sole discretion, refer an application to the Architectural Review Board. The Director's decision shall be appealable directly to the City Council. An appeal may be set for hearing before the City Council or may be placed on the Council's consent calendar, pursuant to the process for appeal of architectural review set forth in Section 18.77.070(f).
- (2) The Director, or Council on appeal, shall grant a Tier 2 WCF Permit provided the proposed WCF complies with the development standards in Section 18.42.110(i) and the conditions of approval in Section 18.42.110(j), and all objective standards adopted and amended from time to time by resolution of the City Council or the development standards in Section 18.42.110(i). If such objective standards are repealed, an application shall not be granted unless, in addition to the other requirements of this section, and all of the architectural review findings in Section 18.76.020(d) can be made.
- (3) The Director, or Council on appeal, shall deny a Tier 2 WCF Permit if the above findings cannot be made.
 - (h) Tier 3 WCF Permit Process and Findings
- (1) A Tier 3 WCF Permit shall be reviewed by the Director, who may, in his or her sole discretion, refer an application to the Architectural Review Board and/or Planning and Transportation Commission. The Director's decision shall be appealable directly to the City Council. An appeal may be set for hearing before the City Council or may be placed on the Council's consent calendar, pursuant to the process for appeal of architectural review set forth in Section 18.77.070(f).
- (2) The Director or Council on appeal shall grant a Tier 3 WCF Permit provided the conditional use permit findings in Section 18.76.010(c) can be made and the proposed WCF complies with the development standards in Section 18.42.110(i) and the conditions of approval in Section 18.42.110(j), and all objective standards adopted and amended from time to time by resolution of the City Council or the development standards in Section 18.42.110(i). and all of the architectural review findings in Section 18.76.020(d) and the conditional use permit findings in Section 18.76.010(c) can be made. If the City Council repeals all objective standards, an application shall not be granted unless, in addition to the other requirements of this section, all of the architectural review findings in Section 18.76.020(d) can be made.
- (3) The Director, or Council on appeal, shall deny a Tier 3 WCF Permit if the above findings cannot be made.
 - (i) <u>Generally Applicable Development Standards</u>

Unless the City Council has adopted more specific standards, and E-except as otherwise provided in this section, a proposed WCF Project shall comply with the following standards:

- (1) Shall utilize the smallest <u>footprint possible</u> <u>antennae</u>, <u>radio</u>, <u>and associated</u> <u>equipment</u>, <u>as measured by volume</u>, <u>technically feasible to achieve a network objective</u>;
- (2) Shall be designed to minimize the overall height, mass, and size of the cabinet and enclosure structure;
 - (32) Shall be screened from public view;
- (4<u>3</u>) When attached to an existing structure, shall be shrouded or screened using materials or colors found on existing structure Shall be architecturally compatible with the existing site;
- (54) Shall be placed at a location that would not require the removal of any required landscaping or would reduce the quantity of landscaping to a level of noncompliance with the Zoning Code;
- (65) An antenna, base station, or tower shall be designed to minimize its visibility from off-site locations and shall be of a "camouflaged" or "stealth" design, including concealment, screening, and other techniques to hide or blend the antenna, base station, or tower into the surrounding area, such as the use of a monopine design;
- (7) A building-mounted antenna, base station, or tower shall be architecturally compatible with the existing building on which the antenna, base station, or tower is attached;
- (86) For any Tier 2 or Tier 3 WCF proposed to Shall not be attached on an historic structure/site, as designated by Chapter 16.49, historic review shall also be required;
- (97) Except as otherwise permitted by the Spectrum Act, a building-mounted WCF may extend no more than fifteen (15) feet beyond the permitted height of the building in the zone district;
- (108) Except as otherwise permitted by the Spectrum Act, a tower or other stand-alone Tier 3 WCF Project shall not exceed beyond sixty-five (65) feet in height; and
- (119) A tower or other stand-alone Tier 3 WCF may encroach into the interior/street side and rear setback.
 - (i) Conditions of Approval

In addition to any other conditions of approval permitted under federal and state law and this Code that the Director deems appropriate or required under this Code, all WCF Projects approved under this chapter, whether approved by the Director or deemed granted by operation of law, shall be subject to the following conditions of approval:

- (1) Permit conditions. The grant or approval of a WCF Tier 1 Permit shall be subject to the conditions of approval of the underlying permit, except as may be preempted by the Spectrum Act.
- (2) As-built plans. The applicant shall submit to the Director an as-built set of plans and photographs depicting the entire WCF as modified, including all transmission equipment and all utilities, within ninety (90) days after the completion of construction.
- (3) Applicant shall hire a radio engineer licensed by the State of California to measure the actual radio frequency emission of the WCF and determine if it meets FCC's standards. A report, certified by the engineer, of all calculations, required measurements, and the engineer's findings with respect to compliance with the FCC's radio frequency emission standards shall be submitted to the Planning Division within one year of commencement of operation.
- (4) Indemnification. To the extent permitted by law, the applicant shall indemnify and hold harmless the city, its City Council, its officers, employees and agents (the "indemnified parties") from and against any claim, action, or proceeding brought by a third party against the indemnified parties and the applicant to attack, set aside or void, any permit or approval authorized hereby for the Project, including (without limitation) reimbursing the city for its actual attorneys' fees and costs incurred in defense of the litigation. The city may, in its sole discretion and at Applicant's expense, elect to defend any such action with attorneys of its own choice.
- (5) Compliance with applicable laws. The applicant shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Code, any permit issued under this Code, and all other applicable federal, state and local laws (including without limitation all building code, electrical code and other public safety requirements). Any failure by the City to enforce compliance with any applicable laws shall not relieve any applicant of its obligations under this code, any permit issued under this code, or all other applicable laws and regulations.
- (6) Compliance with approved plans. The proposed Project shall be built in compliance with the approved plans on file with the Planning Division.
- (7) Subject to City Uses. Any permit to install or utilize poles or conduit in the public rights of way is subject to the City's prior right to use, maintain, expand, replace or remove from use such facilities in the reasonable exercise of its governmental or proprietary powers. Such permit is further subject to the City's right to construction, maintain, and modify streets, sidewalks, and other improvements in the public rights of way. The City, in its sole discretion, may require removal or relocation of a permittee's equipment, at permittee's sole cost and expense, if necessary to accommodate a City use.
- (8) Replacement. Where feasible, as new technology becomes available, the applicant shall place above-ground equipment below ground and replace equipment remaining above-ground with smaller equipment, as determined by volume. The applicant shall obtain all necessary permits and approvals for such replacement.

(9) Permit length. WCFs permits shall be valid for the time provided in Section 18.42.110(n), except that a permit shall automatically expire after twelve months from the date of approval if within such twelve month period, the applicant has not obtained all necessary permits to commence construction. The director may, without a hearing, extend such time for a maximum period of twelve additional months only, upon application filed with him or her before the expiration of the twelve-month limit.

(k) Exceptions

- (1) <u>The decision-making authority may grant exceptions to objective</u> standards adopted by City Council resolution or any provision of this Section 18.42.110, upon <u>finding that:</u>
 - a. The proposed WCF complies with the requirements of this Section 18.42.110 and any other requirements adopted by the City Council to the greatest extent feasible; and either
 - b. As applied to a proposed WCF, the provision(s) from which exception is sought would deprive the applicant of rights guaranteed by federal law, state law, or both; or
 - c. <u>Denial of the application as proposed would violate federal law, state</u> law, or both.
- (2) An applicant must request an exception at the time an application is initially submitted for a WCF permit under this Section 18.42.110. The request must include both the specific provision(s) from which exception is sought and the basis of the request, including all supporting evidence on which the applicant relies. Any request for exception after the City has deemed an application complete constitutes a material change to the proposed WCF and shall be considered a new application.
- (3) If the applicant seeks an exception from objective standards adopted by City Council resolution or generally applicable development standards, the Director may refer the application to the Architectural Review Board for recommendation on whether the application complies with such standards to the greatest extent feasible.
- (4) The applicant shall have the burden of proving that federal law, state law, or both compel the decision-making authority to grant the requested exception(s), using the evidentiary standards applicable to the law at issue. The City shall have the right to hire independent consultants, at the applicant's expense, to evaluate the issues raised by the exception request and to submit rebuttal evidence where applicable.

(kl) Removal of Abandoned Equipment

A WCF (Tier 1, Tier 2, or Tier 3) or a component of that WCF that ceases to be in use for more than ninety (90) days shall be removed by the applicant, wireless communications service provider, or property owner within ninety (90) days of the cessation of use of that WCF. A new

WCF permit shall not be issued to an owner or operator of a WCF or a wireless communications service provider until the abandoned WCF or its component is removed.

(lm) Revocation

The Director may revoke any WCF Permit if the permit holder fails to comply with any condition of the permit. The Director's decision to revoke a Permit shall be appealable pursuant to the process applicable to issuance of the Permit, as provided in subdivisions (f), (g), and (h) of this section.

(n) Expiration

Except as otherwise provided in the permit or in a lease or license agreement with the City of Palo Alto, WCF permits shall be valid for a period of ten years from the date of approval. An applicant may seek extensions of an approved WCF permit in increments of no more than ten years and no sooner than twelve months prior to the expiration of the permit. The Director shall approve an extension request upon finding that that applicant has complied with all conditions of approval for the WCF permit and will comply with all other requirements applicable to WCFs at the time the extension is granted. Prior to issuing a decision on an extension request, the Director may seek additional studies and information to be prepared at the applicants expense.

<u>SECTION 3</u>. If any section, subsection, clause or phrase of this Ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion or sections of the Ordinance. The Council hereby declares that it should have adopted the Ordinance and each section, subsection, sentence, clause or phrase thereof irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses or phrases be declared invalid.

SECTION 4. The Council finds that this ordinance is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA"), pursuant to Section 15061 of the CEQA Guidelines, because it does not authorize the construction of Wireless Communication Facilities in any locations where such facilities are not already permitted; therefore it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the ordinance will have a significant effect on the environment. The ordinance is further exempt under CEQA Guidelines sections 15301, 15302, 15303 and 15305 because it simply provides a comprehensive permitting scheme governing minor alterations to existing facilities or small structures.

/	/
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/	/
/	/

/ / <u>SECTIC</u> adoption.	<u>ON 5</u> . This ordinance shall be effect	ive on the thirty-first day after the date of its
INTRODUCED:	April 15, 2019	
PASSED:	May 13, 2019	
AYES:	CORMACK, DUBOIS, FILSETH, FINE, I	KNISS, KOU, TANAKA
NOES:		
ABSENT:		
ABSTENTIONS:		
ATTEST:		
DocuSigned by: Bell Minor 27523117DA804D7		Enc Filselle 84244717295F422
City Clerk APPROVED AS	TO FORM:	Mayor
Docusigned by: Albert Yang 1586C15220134DC		DocuSigned by: Ed Swkada
Deputy City Att	torney	City Manager
		Director of Planning & Community
		Environment



Certificate Of Completion

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Albert Yang

Albert.Yang@CityofPaloAlto.org Senior Deputy City Attorney

City of Palo Alto

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

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Signature

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Jonathan Lait

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Interim Director Planning and Community

Environment

City of Palo Alto

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Electronic Record and Signature Disclosure:

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Ed Shikada

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City Manager City of Palo Alto

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Ed Swikada ESDCA19CCC8D4E9

Signature Adoption: Pre-selected Style

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Eric Filseth eric.filseth@cityofpaloalto.org

Mayor

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Eric Filsetle 64244717295F422

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Signer Events Beth Minor

Beth.Minor@CityofPaloAlto.org

City Clerk City of Palo Alto

Security Level: Email, Account Authentication

(None)

Using IP Address: 12.220.157.20

Signature

Beth Minos

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Agent Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Intermediary Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Certified Delivery Events	Status	Timestamp
Carbon Copy Events	Status	Timestamp
Witness Events	Signature	Timestamp
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CITY OF MILL VALLEY

ORDINANCE NO.	18-
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AN URGENCY ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MILL VALLEY AMENDING TITLE 20 ("ZONING") OF THE MILL VALLEY MUNICIPAL CODE TO ADD CHAPTER 20.73 AND AMEND SECTIONS 11.16.100; 20.24.020; 20.26.020; 20.36.030; 20.40.030; 20.52.020; and 20.56.030 ESTABLISHING REGULATIONS FOR WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATION FACILITIES

WHEREAS, This Ordinance is adopted as an urgency ordinance pursuant to Government Code Section 36937(b). The facts constituting the urgency are as follows:

(1) The purpose of this Ordinance is to amend the City's Municipal Code to provide uniform and comprehensive standards, regulations and permit requirements for the installation of wireless telecommunications facilities in the City's public right-of-way.

(2) The wireless telecommunications industry has expressed interest in submitting applications for the installation of "small cell" wireless telecommunications facilities in the City's public rights-of-way of the City. Other California cities have already received applications for small cells to be located within the public right-of-way.

(3) Installation of small cell and other wireless telecommunications facilities within the public right-of-way can pose a threat to the public health, safety and welfare, including disturbance to the right-of-way through the installation and maintenance of wireless facilities; traffic and pedestrian safety hazards due to the unsafe location of wireless facilities; impacts to trees where proximity conflicts may require unnecessary trimming of branches or require removal of roots due to related undergrounding of equipment or connection lines; land use conflicts and incompatibilities including excessive height or poles and towers; creation of visual and aesthetic blights and potential safety concerns arising from excessive size, heights, noise or lack of camouflaging of wireless facilities including the associated pedestals, meters, equipment and power generators; and the creation of unnecessary visual and aesthetic blight by failing to utilize alternative technologies or capitalizing on collocation opportunities which may negatively impact the unique quality and character of the City.

(4) The City currently regulates wireless telecommunications facilities in the public right-of-way through zoning and the encroachment permit process. The existing standards have not been updated to reflect current telecommunications trends or necessary legal requirements. Further the primary focus of the zoning regulations is wireless telecommunications facilities located on private property, and the existing Code provisions were not specifically designed to address the unique legal and practical issues that arise in connection with wireless telecommunications facilities deployed in the public right-of-way.

(5) The Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 preempts and declares invalid all state rules that restrict entry or limit competition in both local and long-distance telephone service.

(6) The California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) is primarily responsible for the implementation of local telephone competition and the CPUC issues certificates of public convenience and necessity to new entrants that are qualified to provide competitive local telephone exchange services and related telecommunications service, whether using their own facilities or the facilities or services provided by other authorized telephone corporations.

(7) Section 234(a) of the California Public Utilities Code defines a "telephone corporation" as "every corporation or person owning, controlling, operating, or managing any telephone line for compensation within this state."

(8) Section 616 of the California Public Utilities Code provides that a telephone corporation "may condemn any property necessary for the construction and maintenance of its telephone line."

 (9) Section 2902 of the California Public Utilities Code authorizes municipal corporations to retain their powers of control to supervise and regulate the relationships between a public utility and the general public in matters affecting the health, convenience, and safety of the general public, including matters such as the use and repair of public streets by any public utility and the location of the poles, wires, mains, or conduits of any public utility on, under, or above any public streets.

(10) Section 7901 of the California Public Utilities Code authorizes telephone and telegraph corporations to construct telephone or telegraph lines along and upon any public road or highway, along or across any of the waters or lands within this state, and to erect poles, posts, piers, or abatements for supporting the insulators, wires, and other necessary fixtures of their lines, in such manner and at such points as not to incommode the public use of the road or highway or interrupt the navigation of the waters.

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(11) Section 7901.1 of the California Public Utilities Code confirms the right of municipalities to exercise reasonable control as to the time, place, and manner in which roads, highways, and waterways are accessed, which control must be applied to all entities in an equivalent manner, and may involve the imposition of fees.

(12) Section 50030 of the California Government Code provides that any permit fee imposed by a city for the placement, installation, repair, or upgrading of telecommunications facilities, such as lines, poles, or antennas, by a telephone corporation that has obtained all required authorizations from the CPUC and the FCC to provide telecommunications services, must not exceed the reasonable costs of providing the service for which the fee is charged, and must not be levied for general revenue purposes.

State and federal law have changed substantially since the City last adopted (13)regulations for wireless telecommunications facilities in the City. Such changes include modifications to "shot clocks" whereby the City must approve or deny installations within a certain period of time. State and federal laws require local governments to act on permit applications for wireless facilities within a prescribed time period and may automatically deem an application approved when a failure to act occurs. See 47 U.S.C. § 332(c)(7)(B)(iii); 47 C.F.R. §§ 1.40001 et seq.; Cal. Gov't Code § 65964.1. The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) may require a decision on certain applications in as few as 60 days. See 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(c)(2); see also In the Matter of Acceleration of Broadband Deployment by Improving Wireless Facilities Siting Policies, Report and Order, 29 FCC Rcd. 12865 (Oct. 17, 2014) (hereinafter "2014 Report and Order"); In the Matter of Petition for Declaratory Ruling to Clarify Provisions of Section 332(c)(7)(B) to Ensure Timely Siting Review, Declaratory Ruling, 24 FCC Rcd. 13994 (Nov. 18, 2009) [hereinafter "2009 Declaratory Ruling"]. Pursuant to FCC regulations, the City cannot adopt a moratorium ordinance to toll the time period for review for certain type of facilities, even when needed to allow the City to maintain the status quo while it reviews and revises its policies for compliance with changes in state or federal law. See 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(c)(3); 2014 Report and Order, 29 FCC Rcd. at 219, 265. The City is in immediate need of clear regulations for wireless installations in the public right-of-way given the number of anticipated applications and legal timelines upon which the City must act.

- (14) The public right-of-way in the City is a uniquely valuable public resource, closely linked with the City's natural beauty including the beach and coastline, and significant number residential communities. The reasonably regulated and orderly deployment of wireless telecommunications facilities in the public right-of-way is desirable, and unregulated or disorderly deployment represents an ever-increasing and true threat to the health, welfare and safety of the community.
- (15) The regulations of wireless installations in the public right-of-way are necessary to protect and preserve the aesthetics in the community, as well as the values of properties within the City, and to ensure that all wireless telecommunications facilities are installed using the least intrusive means possible.
- with respect to the regulation of small cell and other wireless telecommunications facilities, there is a need for the City to update its current ordinances based on current telecommunications trends, updates in laws, as well as aesthetic and location options for wireless facilities. The City Council also finds that the lack of specifically-designed standards and regulations in the Municipal Code for wireless facilities located in the public right-of-way, the increasing requests for information about the City's regulation of wireless telecommunications facilities, the inability to adopt a temporary moratorium, and the potential liabilities and negative consequences for noncompliance with state and federal regulations (including, without limitation, automatic approvals) present current and immediate threat to the public health, safety and welfare. The City Council further finds and declares that the

immediate implementation of the Ordinance is necessary to preserve and protect public health, safety and welfare.

(17) The City recognizes its responsibilities under the Federal Telecommunications Act of 1996 and state law, and believes that it is acting consistent with the current state of the law in ensuring that irreversible development activity does not occur that would harm the public health, safety, or welfare. The City does not intend that this Ordinance prohibit or have the effect of prohibiting telecommunications service; rather, but includes appropriate regulations to ensure that the installation, augmentation and relocation of wireless telecommunications facilities in the public rights-of-way are conducted in such a manner as to lawfully balance the legal rights of applicants under the Federal Telecommunications Act and the California Public Utilities Code while, at the same time, protect to the full extent feasible against the safety and land use concerns described herein.

Based on the foregoing, the City Council finds and determines that the immediate preservation of the public health, safety and welfare requires that this Ordinance be enacted as an urgency ordinance pursuant to Government Code Section 36937(b), and take effect immediately upon adoption. Therefore, this Ordinance is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, safety and welfare and its urgency is hereby declared.

WHEREAS, adoption of this Ordinance is consistent with the City's General Plan. The City's General Plan provides goals and policies to preserve the high-quality design, small-town character, aesthetics and environmental characteristics while also maintaining a strong, healthy economy for its local business and assuring the health and safety of the predominantly residential character of the community. Adoption of this Ordinance will provide uniform and comprehensive regulations and standards for wireless telecommunications facilities in furtherance of these goals and objectives while reducing the potentially negative impacts.

NOW, THEREFORE, the City of Mill Valley City Council does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Mill Valley Municipal Code is hereby amended as follows:

A. A new Section 20.73, entitled "Wireless Telecommunications Facilities" is hereby added to Title 18 of the Mill Valley Municipal Code to read as set forth in Exhibit A to this Ordinance, which is hereby incorporated as though set forth in full herein.

B. Section 11.16.100 (Blanket Permits for Certain Applicants) is hereby amended to include the following subsection:

"D. Notwithstanding Subsection A of this Section, no Wireless Telecommunications Facility governed by Chapter 20.73 shall be installed or maintained pursuant to a blanket permit."

C. Section 20.24.020 of Chapter 20.24 (Residential Multifamily (RM-3.5) District) is
 hereby amended to include the following conditional use:
 "N. Wireless Telecommunications Facilities as further outlined in 20.73."

D. Section 20.26.020 of Chapter 20.26 (Downtown Residential (DR) District) is hereby amended to include the following conditional use as part of the proposed table:

"Wireless Telecommunications Facilities as further outlined in 20.73."

- **E.** Section 20.36.030 of Chapter 20.36 (Limited Commercial (C-L) District) is hereby amended to include the following conditional use:
 - "E. Wireless Telecommunications Facilities as further outlined in 20.73."

- **F.** Section 20.40.030 of Chapter 20.40 (General Commercial (C-G) District) is hereby amended to include the following conditional use:
 - "AA. Wireless Telecommunications Facilities as further outlined in 20.73."

- **G.** Section 20.52.020 of Chapter 20.52 (Commercial Recreational (C-R) District) is hereby amended to include the following conditional use:
 - "I. Wireless Telecommunications Facilities as further outlined in 20.73."

- **H.** Section 20.56.030 of Chapter 20.56 (Open Area (O-A) District) is hereby amended to include the following conditional use:
 - "H. Wireless Telecommunications Facilities as further outlined in 20.73."

Section 2. The City Council hereby finds that Adoption of this Ordinance will enact only minor changes in land use regulations, and it can be seen with certainty that its adoption will not have a significant effect on the environment because it will not allow for the development of any new or expanded wireless telecommunication facilities anywhere other than where they were previously allowed under existing federal, state and local regulations. The wireless facilities themselves are exempt from CEQA pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15305, which exempts minor encroachment permits, and Section 15303, which exempts the installation of small equipment and facilities in a small structure. The proposed Ordinance also falls within the "common sense" CEQA exemption set forth in CEQA Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3), excluding projects where "it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment."

Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Ordinance is, for any reason, deemed or held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of any court of competent jurisdiction, or preempted by legislative enactment, such decision or legislation shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Ordinance. The City Council of the City of Mill Valley hereby declares that it would have adopted this Ordinance and each section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word thereof, regardless

203 204	of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, clauses, phrases, or word might subsequently be declared invalid or unconstitutional or preempted by subsequent legislation.		
205			
206	Section 4. Notice. The City clerk shall certify to the passage and adoption of this		
207	Ordinance and shall cause this Ordinance to be posted within 15 days after its passage, in		
208	accordance with Section 36933 of the Government Code.		
209			
210	Section 5. Effective Date. This ordinance is adopted as an urgency ordinance for		
211	the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety within the meaning of		
212	Government Code Section 36937(b) and therefore shall be passed immediately upon its		
213	introduction and shall become effective immediately, and shall be posted in three public places		
214	in the City.		
215			
216	INTRODUCED at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Mill Valley on the		
217	6th day of September, 2018, and		
218			
219	PASSED AND ADOPTED at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Mill Valley		
220	on this 6th day of September, 2018, by the following vote:		
221			
222	AYES:		
223	NOES:		
224	ABSENT:		
225			
226	ABSTAIN:		
227			
228			
229			
230	Stephanie Moulton-Peters, Mayor		
231			
232	ATTEST:		
233			
234			
235			
236	Kelsey Rogers, City Clerk		

Exhibit A URGENCY ORDINANCE

Chapter 20.73 WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES

1 20.73.010 Purpose

- 2 The purpose and intent of this chapter is to provide a uniform and comprehensive set of regulations and standards for the permitting, development, siting, installation, design, operation 3 4 and maintenance of wireless telecommunications facilities in the City of Mill Valley. regulations are intended to prescribe clear and reasonable criteria to assess and process 5 applications in a consistent and expeditious manner, while reducing the impacts associated with 6 7 wireless telecommunications facilities. This chapter provides standards necessary to: (1) preserve 8 and promote harmonious land uses and the public right-of-way in the City; (2) promote and protect public health and safety, community welfare, visual resources, and the aesthetic quality of the City 9 10 consistent with the goals, objectives and policies of the General Plan; (3) provide for the orderly, managed, and efficient development of wireless telecommunications facilities in accordance with 11 12 the state and federal laws, rules, and regulations; and (4) encourage new and more efficient technology in the provision of wireless telecommunications facilities. 13
- 14 B. This chapter is not intended to, nor shall it be interpreted or applied to: (1) prohibit or effectively prohibit any personal wireless service provider's ability to provide personal wireless 15 16 services; (2) prohibit or effectively prohibit any entity's ability to provide any interstate or intrastate telecommunications service, subject to any competitively neutral and nondiscriminatory rules or 17 18 regulation for rights-of-way management; (3) unreasonably discriminate among providers of functionally equivalent services; (4) deny any request for authorization to place, construct or modify 19 20 personal wireless service facilities on the basis of environmental effects of radio frequency 21 emissions to the extent that such wireless facilities comply with the FCC's regulations concerning 22 such emissions; (5) prohibit any collocation or modification that the City may not deny under federal 23 or state law; or (6) otherwise authorize the City to preempt any applicable federal or state law.
- 24 **20.73.020 Definitions.** For the purposes of this chapter, the following defined terms shall have the meaning set forth in this section unless the context clearly indicates or requires a different meaning.
- A. "Accessory Equipment" means any equipment associated with the installation of a wireless telecommunications facility, including but not limited to cabling, generators, air conditioning units, electrical panels, equipment shelters, equipment cabinets, equipment buildings, pedestals, meters,
- 30 vaults, splice boxes, and surface location markers.
- 31 B. **"Antenna"** means that part of a wireless telecommunications facility designed to radiate or receive radio frequency signals or electromagnetic waves for the provision of services, including, but not limited to, cellular, paging, personal communications services (PCS) and microwave

communications. Such devices include, but are not limited to, directional antennas, such as panel antenna, microwave dishes, and satellite dishes; omnidirectional antennas; wireless access points (Wi-Fi); and strand-mounted wireless access points. This definition does not apply to broadcast antennas, antennas designed for amateur radio use, or satellite dishes designed for residential or household purposes.

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- "Base Station" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(1), as may be C. amended, which defines that term as a structure or equipment at a fixed location that enables FCClicensed or authorized wireless communications between user equipment and a communications network. The term does not encompass a tower as defined in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(9) or any equipment associated with a tower. The term includes, but is not limited to, equipment associated with wireless communications services such as private, broadcast, and public safety services, as well as unlicensed wireless services and fixed wireless services such as microwave backhaul. The term includes, but is not limited to, radio transceivers, antennas, coaxial or fiber-optic cable, regular and backup power supplies, and comparable equipment, regardless of technological configuration (including distributed antenna systems and small-cell networks). The term includes any structure other than a tower that, at the time the relevant application is filed with the State or local government under this section, supports or houses equipment described in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(1)(i)-(ii) that has been reviewed and approved under the applicable zoning or siting process, or under another State or local regulatory review process, even if the structure was not built for the sole or primary purpose of providing such support. The term does not include any structure that, at the time the relevant application is filed with the State or local government under this section, does not support or house equipment described in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(1)(i)-(ii).
- 56 D. **"Building-mounted"** means mounted to the side or façade, but not the roof, of a building or 57 another structure such as a water tank, pump station, church steeple, freestanding sign, or similar 58 structure.
- 59 E. "Cellular" means an analog or digital wireless telecommunications technology that is based 60 on a system of interconnected neighboring cell sites.
- F. "Collocation" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(2), as may be amended, which defines that term as the mounting or installation of transmission equipment on an eligible support structure for the purpose of transmitting or receiving radio frequency signals for communications purposes. As an illustration and not a limitation, the FCC's definition effectively means "to add" and does not necessarily refer to more than one wireless telecommunication facility installed at a single site.
- 67 G. "Eligible Facilities Request" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. §
 68 1.40001(b)(3), as may be amended, which defines that term as any request for modification of an
 69 existing tower or base station that does not substantially change the physical dimensions of such
 70 tower or base station, involving: (i) collocation of new transmission equipment; (ii) removal of
 71 transmission equipment; or (iii) replacement of transmission equipment.

- 72 H. "Eligible Support Structure" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. §
- 73 1.40001(b)(4), as may be amended, which defines that term as any tower or base station as defined
- in this section, provided that it is existing at the time the relevant application is filed with the State
- 75 or local government under this section.
- 76 I. "Existing" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(4), as may be
- amended, which provides that a constructed tower or base station is existing for purposes of the
- 78 FCC's Section 6409(a) regulations if it has been reviewed and approved under the applicable zoning
- 79 or siting process, or under another State or local regulatory review process, provided that a tower
- 80 that has not been reviewed and approved because it was not in a zoned area when it was built, but
- was lawfully constructed, is existing for purposes of this definition.
- 82 J. "FCC" means the Federal Communications Commission or its duly appointed successor
- 83 agency.
- 84 K. "Modification" means any change to an existing wireless telecommunications facility that
- 85 involves any of the following: collocation, expansion, modification, alteration, enlargement,
- 86 intensification, reduction, or augmentation, including, but not limited to, a change in size, shape,
- 87 color, visual design, or exterior material. Modification does not include repair, replacement, or
- 88 maintenance if those actions do not involve a change to the existing facility involving any of the
- 89 following: collocation, expansion, modification, alteration, enlargement, intensification, reduction,
- 90 or augmentation.
- 91 L. "Monopole" means a structure consisting of a single pole used to support antennas or
- 92 related equipment and includes a monopine, monoredwood, and similar monopoles camouflaged to
- 93 resemble trees or other objects.
- 94 M. "Personal Wireless Services" means the same as defined in 47 U.S.C. § 332(c)(7)(C)(i), as
- 95 may be amended, which defines the term as commercial mobile services, unlicensed wireless
- 96 services and common carrier wireless exchange access services.
- 97 N. "Personal Wireless Service Facilities" means the same as defined in 47 U.S.C. §
- 98 332(c)(7)(C)(i), as may be amended, which defines the term as facilities that provide personal
- 99 wireless services.
- 100 O. "Zoning administrator" means the City zoning administrator or the City zoning
- 101 administrator's designee.
- 102 P. "Pole" means a single shaft of wood, steel, concrete, or other material capable of supporting
- 103 the equipment mounted thereon in a safe and adequate manner and as required by provisions of
- the Mill Valley Municipal Code.
- 105 Q. "Public Right-of-Way or "Right-of-Way" means any public street, public way, public alley or
- public place, laid out or dedicated, and the space on, above or below it, and all extensions thereof,
- and additions thereto, under the jurisdiction of the City.

- 108 R. "Reviewing Authority" means the person or body who has the authority to review and either grant or deny a wireless telecommunications facility permit pursuant to this chapter.
- 110 S. "RF" means radio frequency or electromagnetic waves between 30 kHz and 300 GHz in the electromagnetic spectrum range.
- T. "Roof-mounted" means mounted directly on the roof of any building or structure, above the eave line of such building or structure.
- 114 U. "Section 6409(a)" means Section 6409(a) of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act
- of 2012, Pub. L. No. 112-96, 126 Stat. 156, codified as 47 U.S.C. § 1455(a), as such law may be
- amended from time to time.
- 117 V. "Section 6409(a) Approval" means the approval required by Section 6409(a).
- 118 W. "Site" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(6), as may be
- amended, which provides that for towers other than towers in the public rights-of-way, the current
- boundaries of the leased or owned property surrounding the tower and any access or utility
- easements currently related to the site, and, for other eligible support structures, further restricted
- to that area in proximity to the structure and to other transmission equipment already deployed on
- the ground.
- 124 X. "Substantial Change" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(7), as
- may be amended, which defines that term differently based on the particular wireless facility type
- 126 (tower or base station) and location (in or outside the public right-of-way). For clarity, this definition
- organizes the FCC's criteria and thresholds for a substantial change according to the wireless facility
- type and location.

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- 1. For towers outside the public rights-of-way, a substantial change occurs when:
- a) the proposed collocation or modification increases the overall height more than 10% or the height of one additional antenna array not to exceed 20 feet (whichever is greater); or
 - b) the proposed collocation or modification increases the width more than 20 feet from the edge of the wireless tower or the width of the wireless tower at the level of the appurtenance (whichever is greater); or
 - the proposed collocation or modification involves the installation of more than the standard number of equipment cabinets for the technology involved, not to exceed four; or
 - d) the proposed collocation or modification involves excavation outside the current boundaries of the leased or owned property surrounding the wireless tower, including any access or utility easements currently related to the site.

- 2. For towers in the public rights-of-way and for all base stations, a substantial change 142 occurs when: 143 a) the proposed collocation or modification increases the overall height more than 10% 144 145 or 10 feet (whichever is greater); or b) the proposed collocation or modification increases the width more than 6 feet from 146 the edge of the wireless tower or base station; or 147 c) the proposed collocation or modification involves the installation of any new 148 149 equipment cabinets on the ground when there are no existing ground-mounted 150 equipment cabinets; or 151 d) the proposed collocation or modification involves the installation of any new ground-152 mounted equipment cabinets that are ten percent (10%) larger in height or volume 153 than any existing ground-mounted equipment cabinets; or e) the proposed collocation or modification involves excavation outside the area in 154 155 proximity to the structure and other transmission equipment already deployed on the ground. 156 157 3. In addition, for all towers and base stations wherever located, a substantial change occurs when: 158 a) the proposed collocation or modification would defeat the existing concealment 159 elements of the support structure as determined by the zoning administrator; or 160
 - b) the proposed collocation or modification violates a prior condition of approval, provided however that the collocation need not comply with any prior condition of approval related to height, width, equipment cabinets or excavation that is inconsistent with the thresholds for a substantial change described in this section.

The thresholds for a substantial change outlined above are disjunctive. The failure to meet any one or more of the applicable thresholds means that a substantial change would occur. The thresholds for height increases are cumulative limits. For sites with horizontally separated deployments, the cumulative limit is measured from the originally-permitted support structure without regard to any increases in size due to wireless equipment not included in the original design. For sites with vertically separated deployments, the cumulative limit is measured from the permitted site dimensions as they existed on February 22, 2012—the date that Congress passed Section 6409(a).

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- Y. "Telecommunications Tower" or "Tower" means a freestanding mast, pole, monopole, guyed tower, lattice tower, free standing tower or other structure designed and primarily used to support wireless telecommunications facility antennas.
- Transmission Equipment" means the same as defined by the FCC in 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001(b)(8), as may be amended, which defines that term as equipment that facilitates

- 177 transmission for any FCC-licensed or authorized wireless communication service, including, but not
- limited to, radio transceivers, antennas, coaxial or fiber-optic cable, and regular and backup power
- 179 supply. The term includes equipment associated with wireless communications services including,
- but not limited to, private, broadcast, and public safety services, as well as unlicensed wireless
- services and fixed wireless services such as microwave backhaul.
- 182 AA. "Utility Pole" means a pole or tower owned by any utility company that is primarily used to
- support wires or cables necessary to the provision of electrical or other utility services regulated by
- 184 the California Public Utilities Commission.

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- 185 BB. "Wireless Services" means any FCC-licensed or authorized wireless communication service
- 186 transmitted over frequencies in the electromagnetic spectrum.
- 187 CC. "Wireless Telecommunications Facility" means any facility constructed, installed, or
- operated for wireless service. "Wireless telecommunications facility" includes, but is not limited to,
- 189 antennas or other types of equipment for the transmission or receipt of such signals,
- 190 telecommunications towers or similar structures supporting such equipment, related accessory
- 191 equipment, equipment buildings, parking areas, and other accessory development. "Wireless
- telecommunications facility" does not mean any of the following:
- 1. A facility that qualifies as an amateur station as defined by the FCC, 47 C.F.R. Part 97, of the Commission's Rules, or its successor regulation.
 - 2. An antenna facility that is subject to the FCC Over-The-Air-Receiving Devices rule, 47 C.F.R. Section 1.4000, or any successor regulation, including, but not limited to, direct-to-home satellite dishes that are less than one meter in diameter, TV antennas used to receive television broadcast signals and wireless cable antennas.
 - Portable radios and devices including, but not limited to, hand-held, vehicular, or other
 portable receivers, transmitters or transceivers, cellular phones, CB radios, emergency
 services radio, and other similar portable devices as determined by the zoning
 administrator.
 - Telecommunications facilities owned and operated by any government agency.
- 5. Telecommunications facilities owned and operated by any emergency medical care provider.
- 6. Mobile services providing public information coverage of news events of a temporary nature.
- 7. Any wireless telecommunications facilities exempted from the Mill Valley Municipal Code by federal law or state law.

210 **20.73.030** Applicability

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- 211 A. This chapter applies to all wireless telecommunications facilities as follows:
- 1. All facilities for which applications were not approved prior to the effective date of this chapter shall be subject to and comply with all provisions of this chapter;
 - 2. All facilities, notwithstanding the date approved, shall be subject immediately to the provisions of this chapter governing the operation and maintenance, cessation of use and abandonment, removal and restoration of wireless telecommunications facilities and wireless telecommunications collocation facilities and the prohibition of dangerous conditions or obstructions by such facilities; provided, however, that in the event a condition of approval conflicts with a provision of this chapter, the condition of approval shall control unless and until the permit is amended or revoked.
- B. Title 20, including but not limited to this chapter 20.73 shall not apply to a wireless telecommunications facility on property owned by the City.
- C. Notwithstanding any provision of the Mill Valley Municipal Code to the contrary, provisions governing the installation of a public utility facility or accessory equipment shall not apply to wireless telecommunications facilities. This chapter 20.73 shall govern all applications for wireless telecommunications facilities.
- 227 20.73.040 Wireless Telecommunications Facility Permit Required
- A. **Conditional Use Permit required.** No wireless telecommunications facility shall be located or modified within the City on any property, including the public right-of-way, without the issuance of a permit as required by this chapter as set forth in the table below. Such permit shall be in addition to any other permit required pursuant to the Mill Valley Municipal Code.

	Private Property		Public Right-of Way ³
Description Wireless Facility	RS, RSP, DR, MFR Zoning Districts	All Other Zoning Districts	All Zoning Districts
Roof-mounted facility, building-mounted facility, or facility mounted on an existing pole	Not Permitted	Conditional Use Permit/ Design Review	Conditional Use Permit/ Design Review
Facility mounted on a replacement pole or new telecommunications tower	Not Permitted	Conditional Use Permit/ Design Review	Conditional Use Permit/ Design Review
New wireless telecommunications collocation facility	Not Permitted	Conditional Use Permit/ Design Review	Conditional Use Permit/ Design Review
Eligible facilities request ¹ or application pursuant to California Government Code Section 65850.6 ²	Permitted	Permitted	Permitted

¹ See requirements of section 20.73.140.

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B. **Non-exclusive grant.** No approval granted under this chapter shall confer any exclusive right, privilege, license, or franchise to occupy or use the public right-of-way of the City for delivery of telecommunications services or any other purposes. Further, no approval shall be construed as any warranty of title.

20.73.050 Application for Permit

- A. Application content. All applications for a permit required by this chapter must be made in writing on such form as the zoning administrator prescribes, which shall include the following information, in addition to all other information determined necessary by the zoning administrator as well as all other information required by the City as part of an application for a conditional use permit:
 - 1. Full name and contact information for the facility owner, facility operator, agent (if any), and property owner, and related letter(s) of authorization.

See requirements of section 20.73.150.

³ For any public right of way not within a zoning district, the location of a wireless telecommunication facility shall be determined based upon the closest district adjacent to the facility's location.

- 2. The type of facility, including a full written description of the proposed facility, its purpose and specifications.
 - 3. A detailed site and engineering plan of the proposed facility containing the exact proposed location of the facility, created by a qualified licensed engineer and in accordance with requirements set by the zoning administrator.
 - 4. Photographs of facility equipment and an accurate visual impact analysis with photo simulations.
 - 5. Completion of an RF exposure guidelines checklist, and proof of all applicable licenses or other approvals required by the FCC.
 - 6. If the application is for a facility that will be located within the public right-of-way, the applicant shall certify that it is a telephone corporation or state the basis for its claimed right to enter the right-of-way, and provide a copy of its certificate of public convenience and necessity (CPCN), if a CPCN has been issued by the California Public Utilities Commission.
 - 7. A written description identifying the geographic service area for the subject installation, accompanied by a plan and maps showing anticipated future installations and modifications for the following two years.
 - 8. A written report that analyzes acoustic levels for the proposed wireless telecommunications facility and all associated equipment including without limitation all environmental control units, sump pumps, temporary backup power generators, and permanent backup power generators in order to demonstrate compliance with chapter 7.16 (Noise Control). The acoustic analysis must be prepared and certified by an engineer and include an analysis of the manufacturers' specifications for all noise-emitting equipment and a depiction of the proposed equipment relative to all adjacent property lines. In lieu of a written report, the applicant may submit evidence from the equipment manufacturer that the ambient noise emitted from all the proposed equipment will not, both individually and cumulatively, exceed the applicable limits.
 - 9. If the applicant claims it requires an exception to the requirements of this chapter, all information and studies necessary for the City to evaluate that claim.
 - 10. An application and processing fee and a deposit for a consultant review as set forth in paragraph (B) of this section.
 - 11. Any other studies or information determined necessary by the zoning administrator may be required.

280 B. Independent expert.

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- 281 1. The zoning administrator is authorized to retain on behalf of the City an independent, 282 qualified consultant to review any application for a permit for a wireless 283 telecommunications facility to review the technical aspects of the application, including 284 but not limited to the following matters:
 - (a) The accuracy, adequacy, and completeness of submissions,
 - (b) Compliance with applicable radio frequency emission standards,
- 287 (c) Whether any requested exception is necessary to close a significant gap in coverage and is the least intrusive means of doing so,
 - (d) Technical demonstration of the unavailability of alternative sites, facility designs or configurations, and coverage analysis, and
 - (e) The validity of conclusions reached or claims made by applicant.
- 292 2. The cost of this review shall be paid by the applicant through a deposit pursuant to an adopted fee schedule resolution.

294 **20.73.060** Location and Configuration Preferences

- A. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to provide guidelines to applicants and the reviewing authority regarding the preferred locations and configurations for wireless telecommunication facilities in the City, provided that nothing in this section shall be construed to permit a wireless telecommunication facility in any location or configuration that it is otherwise prohibited by this chapter.
- 300 B. **Review of Location and Configuration.** The reviewing authority shall consider the extent to which a proposed wireless telecommunication facility complies with these preferences and whether there are feasible alternative locations or configurations to the proposed facility that are more preferred under this section. If the location or configuration of a proposed facility qualifies for two or more categories of preferred locations or configurations, it shall be deemed to belong to the least preferred category.
- 306 C. Order of Preference Configurations. The order of preference for the configuration for wireless telecommunication facilities from most preferred to least preferred is:
- 308 1. Collocation with existing facilities,
- 309 2. Roof-mounted,
- 3. Building-mounted,

- 311 4. Mounted on an existing pole or utility pole 5. Mounted on a new pole or utility pole that will replace an existing pole or utility pole, 312 6. Mounted on a new telecommunication tower. 313 Order of Preference - Location. The order of preference for the location of wireless 314 telecommunications facilities from most preferred to least preferred is: 315 316 1. In the C-G zoning district, 2. In the C-N zoning district, 317 3. In the C-L zoning district, 318 319 4. In the C-D zoning district, 5. In the public right-of-way with the closest adjacent district being the C-G district, 320 6. In the public right-of-way with the closest adjacent district being the C-N district, 321 7. In the public right-of-way with the closest adjacent district being the C-L district, 322 323 8. In the public right-of-way with the closest adjacent district being the C-D district, 9. In the public right-of-way with the closest adjacent district being the RM district, 324 10. Any public right-of-way location that abuts the property line of a structure recognized as 325 a local, state or national historic landmark, historic district or on the register of historic 326 327 places, 328 Accessory equipment. In order of preference from most preferred to least preferred,
- accessory equipment for wireless telecommunication facilities and wireless telecommunications 329 collocation facilities shall be located underground, within a building or structure, on a screened roof 330 331 top area or structure, or in a rear yard if not readily visible from surrounding properties and the 332 roadway, unless the reviewing authority finds that another location is preferable under the 333 circumstances of the application.

20.73.070 **Design and Development Standards for All Facilities**

- 335 Basic requirements. The design and development standards set forth in this section apply to all wireless telecommunications facilities no matter where they are located. 336 telecommunications facilities shall be designed and maintained so as to minimize visual, noise, and 337 338 other impacts on the surrounding community and shall be planned, designed, located, and erected in accordance with the design and development standards in this section.
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- 340 В. No speculative facilities. A wireless telecommunications wireless facility,

- telecommunications collocation facility, or a telecommunications tower, which is built on speculation and for which there is no wireless tenant is prohibited within the City.
- 343 C. **General guidelines.** The applicant shall employ screening and camouflage design techniques 344 in the design and placement of wireless telecommunications facilities in order to ensure that the 345 facility is as visually inconspicuous as possible, to prevent the facility from dominating the 346 surrounding area and to hide the facility from predominant views from surrounding properties, all in
- a manner that achieves compatibility with the community.
- D. Traffic safety. All facilities shall be designed and located in such a manner as to avoid adverse impacts on traffic safety.
- E. Antennas. The applicant shall use the least visible antennas possible to accomplish the coverage objectives. Antenna elements shall be flush mounted, to the extent reasonably feasible. All antenna mounts shall be designed so as not to preclude possible future collocation by the same or other operators or carriers. Antennas shall be situated as to reduce visual impact without compromising their function. Whip antennas need not be screened.
- F. Landscaping. Where appropriate, facilities shall be installed so as to maintain and enhance existing landscaping on the site, including trees, foliage and shrubs, whether or not utilized for screening. Additional landscaping shall be planted, irrigated, and maintained where such vegetation is deemed necessary by the City to provide screening or to block the line of sight between facilities and adjacent uses.
- G. **Signage.** Wireless telecommunications facilities and wireless telecommunications collocation facilities shall not bear any signs or advertising devices other than certification, warning or other signage required by law or permitted by the City.
- No wireless telecommunications facility may be illuminated unless either 363 Н. Lighting. specifically required by the Federal Aviation Administration or other government agency or in 364 association with the illumination of an athletic field on City or school property. Lightning arresters 365 and beacon lights are not permitted unless required by the Federal Aviation Administration or other 366 government agency. Legally required lightning arresters and beacons shall be included when 367 368 calculating the height of facilities such as telecommunications towers, lattice towers, and 369 monopoles.

370 I. **Noise.**

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- Each wireless telecommunications facility and wireless telecommunications collocation
 facility shall be operated in such a manner so as to minimize any possible disruption
 caused by noise.
 - 2. Backup generators shall only be operated during periods of power outages, and shall not be tested on weekends or holidays, or between the hours of 5:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m.

3. At no time shall equipment noise from any facility exceed an exterior noise level of 50 dBA at the facility's property line if the facility is located in a business or commercial zone that permits those uses, provided, however, that for any such facility located within 500 feet of any property zoned residential or improved with a residential use, such equipment noise shall at no time be audible at the property line of any such residential property. For any facility located within a residential zone, such equipment noise shall at no time be audible at the property line of any residentially improved or residential zoned property.

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- 4. Any equipment, including but not limited to air conditioning units, that may emit noise that would be audible from beyond three feet from the facility in the case of a facility located in the right-of-way, or in the case of other facilities the facility's property line, shall be enclosed or equipped with noise attenuation devices to the extent necessary to ensure compliance with applicable noise limitations under the Mill Valley Municipal Code.
- J. **Security.** Each wireless telecommunications facility and wireless telecommunications collocation facility shall be designed to be resistant to, and minimize opportunities for, unauthorized access, climbing, vandalism, graffiti and other conditions that would result in hazardous situations, visual blight, or attractive nuisances. The reviewing authority may require the provision of warning signs, fencing, anti-climbing devices, or other techniques to prevent unauthorized access and vandalism when, because of their location or accessibility, a facility has the potential to become an attractive nuisance.
- 397 K. **Modification**. At the time of modification of a wireless telecommunications facility, existing equipment shall, to the extent feasible, be replaced with equipment that reduces visual, noise, and other impacts, including, but not limited to, undergrounding the equipment and replacing larger, more visually intrusive facilities with smaller, less visually intrusive facilities.
- 401 **20.73.080** Additional Design and Development Standards for Facilities Outside the Public Right-402 of-Way
- 403 A. **Basic Requirements.** Facilities located outside the public right-of-way are subject to the design and development standards set forth in this section in addition to all design and development standards that apply to all facilities.
- 406 B. No parking interference. In no event shall the installation of facilities replace or interfere 407 with parking spaces in such a way as to reduce the total number of parking spaces below the 408 number that is required.
- 409 C. **Roof-mounted facilities.** Roof-mounted facilities shall be designed and constructed to be fully concealed or screened in a manner compatible with the existing architecture of the building the facility is mounted to in color, texture, and type of material. Screening shall not increase the bulk of the structure nor alter the character of the structure.

D. Facilities mounted to a telecommunications tower. Facilities mounted to a telecommunications tower shall be located in close proximity to existing above-ground utilities, such as electrical towers or utility poles (which are not scheduled for removal or under grounding for at least 18 months after the date of application), light poles, trees of comparable heights, and in areas where they will not detract from the appearance of the City.

- 1. Facilities mounted to a telecommunications tower, including, but not limited to, the attached antennas, shall be designed to be the minimum functional height and width required to adequately support the proposed facility and meet FCC requirements. The applicant shall provide documentation satisfactory to the zoning administrator establishing compliance with this paragraph. In any event, facilities mounted to a telecommunications tower shall not exceed the applicable height limit for structures in the applicable zoning district.
- 2. Aside from the antenna itself, no additional equipment may be visible. All cables, including, but not limited to, electrical and utility cables, shall be run within the interior of the telecommunications tower and shall be camouflaged or hidden to the fullest extent feasible without jeopardizing the physical integrity of the tower.
- 3. Monopole installations shall be situated so as to utilize existing natural or man-made features including topography, vegetation, buildings, or other structures to provide the greatest amount of visual screening.
- 4. All antenna components and accessory wireless equipment shall be treated with exterior coatings of a color and texture to match the predominant visual background or existing architectural elements so as to visually blend in with the surrounding development. Subdued colors and non-reflective materials that blend with surrounding materials and colors shall be used.
- 5. Monopoles shall be no greater in diameter or other cross-sectional dimensions than is necessary for the proper functioning of the facility.
- 6. If a faux tree is proposed for the monopole installation, it shall be of a type of tree compatible with those existing in the immediate areas of the installation. If no trees exist within the immediate areas, the applicant shall create a landscape setting that integrates the faux tree with added species of a similar height and type. Additional camouflage of the faux tree may be required depending on the type and design of faux tree proposed.
- 445 E. **Accessory equipment.** All accessory equipment associated with the operation of any 446 wireless telecommunications facility shall be fully screened or camouflaged, and located in a 447 manner to minimize their visibility to the greatest extent possible utilizing the following methods for 448 the type of installation:

- 1. Accessory equipment for roof-mounted facilities shall be installed inside the building to which it is mounted or underground, if feasible. If not feasible, such accessory equipment may be located on the roof of the building that the facility is mounted on, provided that both the equipment and screening materials are painted the color of the building, roof, or surroundings. All screening materials for roof-mounted facilities shall be of a quality and design that is architecturally integrated with the design of the building or structure.
- 2. Accessory equipment for facilities mounted to a telecommunications tower shall be visually screened by locating the equipment either within a nearby building, in an underground vault (with the exception of required electrical panels) or in another type of enclosed structure, which shall comply with the development and design standards of the zoning district in which the accessory equipment is located. Such enclosed structure shall be architecturally treated and adequately screened from view by landscape plantings, decorative walls, fencing or other appropriate means, selected so that the resulting screening will be visually integrated with the architecture and landscaping of the surroundings.

20.73.090 Additional Design and Development Standards for Facilities in the Public Right-of-Way

- A. **Basic Requirements.** Facilities located in the public right-of-way are subject to the design and development standards set forth in this section in addition to all design and development standards that apply to all facilities.
- 470 B. **Right-of-way authority.** An encroachment permit must be obtained for any work in the public right of way. Only applicants authorized to enter the public right-of-way pursuant to state or federal law or a franchise or other agreement with the City shall be eligible for a permit to install or modify a wireless telecommunications facility in the public right-of-way.

474 C. Antennas.

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- 1. *Utility poles*. The maximum height of any antenna mounted to an existing utility pole shall not exceed 24 inches above the height of an existing utility pole, nor shall any portion of the antenna or equipment mounted on a pole be less than 18 feet above any drivable road surface. All installations on utility poles shall fully comply with the California Public Utilities Commission general orders, including, but not limited to, General Order 95, as revised.
- 2. Street light poles. The maximum height of any antenna mounted to a street light pole shall not exceed seven feet above the existing height of a street light pole in a location with its closest adjacent district being a commercial zoning district and shall not exceed three feet above the existing height of a street light pole in any other zoning district. Any portion of the antenna or equipment mounted on such a pole shall be no less than 18 feet above any drivable road surface.

487 D. **Poles.**

- Only pole-mounted antennas shall be permitted in the right-of-way. All other telecommunications towers are prohibited, and no new poles are permitted that are not replacing an existing pole.
 - 2. Pole height and width limitations:
 - (a) All poles shall be designed to be the minimum functional height and width required to support the proposed antenna installation and meet FCC requirements. Poles and antennas and similar structures shall be no greater in diameter or other cross-sectional dimensions than is necessary for the proper functioning of the facility.
 - (b) Notwithstanding the above, no facility shall be located on a pole that is less than 26 feet in height and no facility shall exceed 35 feet in height, including, but not limited to the pole and any antenna that protrudes above the pole.
 - (c) Pole mounted equipment shall not exceed six cubic feet in dimension.
 - 3. If an applicant proposes to replace a pole in order to accommodate the facility, the pole shall match the appearance of the original pole to the extent feasible, unless another design better accomplishes the objectives of this section. Such replacement pole shall not exceed the height of the pole it is replacing by more than seven feet.
 - 4. If an exception is granted for placement of new poles in the right-of-way, new poles shall be designed to resemble existing poles in the right-of-way, including size, height, color, materials and style, with the exception of any existing pole designs that are scheduled to be removed and not replaced, unless another design better accomplishes the objectives of this section. Such new poles that are not replacement poles shall be located no closer than 90 feet to an existing pole.
- 511 E. **Space occupied.** Facilities shall be designed to occupy the least amount of space in the right-512 of-way that is technically feasible.

513 F. Location.

- Each component part of a facility shall be located so as not to cause any physical or visual obstruction to pedestrian or vehicular traffic, inconvenience to the public's use of the right-of-way, or safety hazards to pedestrians and motorists.
 - 2. A facility shall not be located within any portion of the public right-of-way interfering with access to fire hydrants, fire stations, fire escapes, water valves, underground vaults, valve housing structures, or any other vital public health and safety facility.

- 520 3. Facilities mounted to a telecommunications tower, above-ground accessory equipment, 521 or walls, fences, landscaping or other screening methods shall be setback a minimum of 522 18 inches from the front of a curb.
 - 4. Each pole mounted wireless telecommunications facility must be separated by at least 1,500 feet.
 - 5. All cables, including, but not limited to, electrical and utility cables, between the pole and any accessory equipment shall be placed underground, if feasible.
 - All new wires needed to service the wireless telecommunications facility must be installed within the width of the existing utility pole so as to not exceed the diameter and height of the existing utility pole.
- 530 G. Americans with Disabilities Act Compliance. All facilities shall be built in compliance with 531 the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).
- 532 Accessory equipment. With the exception of the electric meter, which shall be pole-533 mounted to the extent feasible, all accessory equipment shall be located underground to the extent 534 feasible. When above-ground is the only feasible location for a particular type of accessory 535 equipment and when such accessory equipment cannot be pole-mounted, such accessory 536 equipment shall be enclosed within a structure, and shall not exceed a height of five feet and a total 537 footprint of 15 square feet, and shall be screened and camouflaged to the fullest extent possible, 538 including the use of landscaping or alternate screening. Required electrical meter cabinets shall be adequately screened and camouflaged. 539
- I. **Documentation.** The applicant shall provide documentation satisfactory to the zoning administrator establishing compliance with this section 20.73.090.

542 20.73.100 Conditions of Approval for All Facilities

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- A. In addition to compliance with the requirements of this chapter, upon approval all facilities shall be subject to each of the following conditions of approval, as well as any modification of these conditions or additional conditions of approval deemed necessary by the reviewing authority:
 - 1. Before the permittee submits any application for a building permit or other permits required by the Mill Valley Municipal Code, the permittee must incorporate the wireless telecommunication facility permit granted under this chapter, all conditions associated with the wireless telecommunications facility permit and the approved plans and any photo simulations (the "Approved Plans") into the project plans. The permittee must construct, install and operate the wireless telecommunications facility in strict compliance with the Approved Plans. The permittee shall submit an as built drawing within 90 days after installation of the facility.
 - 2. Where feasible, as new technology becomes available, the permittee shall:

555		(a)	place above-ground wireless telecommunications facilities below ground,
556			including, but not limited to, accessory equipment that has been mounted to
557			a telecommunications tower or mounted on the ground; and
			a torecommunications tower or mounted on the Broama, and
558		(b)	replace larger, more visually intrusive facilities with smaller, less visually
559			intrusive facilities, after receiving all necessary permits and approvals required
560			pursuant to the Mill Valley Municipal Code.
300			parsault to the min valley manicipal code.
561	3.	The perm	nittee shall submit and maintain current at all times basic contact and site
562		informatio	on on a form to be supplied by the City. The permittee shall notify the City of
563			ges to the information submitted within seven days of any change, including
564			f the name or legal status of the owner or operator. This information shall
565		_	out is not limited to, the following:
303		iliciade, b	ut is not infilted to, the following.
566		(a)	Identity, including the name, address and 24-hour local or toll free contact
567		(-/	phone number of the permittee, the owner, the operator, and the agent or
568			person responsible for the maintenance of the facility.
300			person responsible for the maintenance of the facility.
569		(b)	The legal status of the owner of the wireless telecommunications facility,
570		(/	including official identification numbers and FCC certification.
370			melading official rachemeation numbers and receptification.
571		(c)	Name, address, and telephone number of the property owner if different than
572		. ,	the permittee.
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573	4.	The perm	ittee shall not place any facilities that will deny access to, or otherwise interfere
574		with, any	public utility, easement, or right-of-way located on the site. The permittee
575			w the City reasonable access to, and maintenance of, all utilities and existing
576			provements within or adjacent to the site, including, but not limited to,
577		-	t, trees, public utilities, lighting and public signage.
377		pavemen	t, trees, public utilities, lighting and public signage.
578	5.	At all time	es, all required notices and signs shall be posted on the site as required by the
579	-		California Public Utilities Commission, and as approved by the City. The location
580			ensions of a sign bearing the emergency contact name and telephone number
581		snaii be p	osted pursuant to the approved plans.
582	6	At all time	es, the permittee shall ensure that the facility complies with the most current
583	0.		y and operational standards including, but not limited to, radio frequency
584		_	s standards adopted by the FCC and antenna height standards adopted by the
585		reaeral A	viation Administration.
586	7	If the zor	ning administrator determines there is good cause to believe that the facility
587	,.		radio frequency emissions that are likely to exceed FCC standards, the zoning
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200		aummistr	ator may require the permittee to submit a technically sufficient written report

compliance with such FCC standards.

certified by a qualified radio frequency emissions engineer, certifying that the facility is in

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8. Permittee shall pay for and provide a performance bond, which shall be in effect until the facilities are fully and completely removed and the site reasonably returned to its original condition, to cover permittee's obligations under these conditions of approval and the Mill Valley Municipal Code. The bond coverage shall include, but not be limited to, removal of the facility, maintenance obligations and landscaping obligations. The amount of the performance bond shall be set by the zoning administrator in an amount rationally related to the obligations covered by the bond and shall be specified in the conditions of approval.

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- 9. Permittee shall defend, indemnify, protect and hold harmless the City, its elected and appointed council members, boards, commissions, officers, officials, agents, consultants, employees, and volunteers from and against any and all claims, actions, or proceeding against the City and its elected and appointed council members, boards, commissions, officers, officials, agents, consultants, employees and volunteers to attack, set aside, void or annul, an approval of the City, Planning Commission or City council concerning this permit and the project. Such indemnification shall include damages, judgments, settlements, penalties, fines, defensive costs or expenses, including, but not limited to, interest, attorneys' fees and expert witness fees, or liability of any kind related to or arising from such claim, action, or proceeding. The City shall promptly notify the permittee of any claim, action, or proceeding. Nothing contained herein shall prohibit City from participating in a defense of any claim, action or proceeding. The City shall have the option of coordinating the defense, including, but not limited to, choosing counsel for the defense at permittee's expense.
- 10. All conditions of approval shall be binding as to the applicant and all successors in interest to permittee.
- 11. A condition setting forth the permit expiration date in accordance with section 20.73.200 shall be included in the conditions of approval.

20.73.110 Additional Conditions of Approval for Facilities in the Public Right-of-Way

- A. In addition to compliance with the requirements of this chapter, upon approval all facilities in the public right-of-way shall be subject to each of the conditions of approval set forth in section 20.73.100, each of the following conditions of approval, and any modification of these conditions or additional conditions of approval deemed necessary by the reviewing authority:
 - 1. The wireless telecommunications facility shall be subject to such conditions, changes or limitations as are from time to time deemed necessary by the City engineer for the purpose of: (a) protecting the public health, safety, and welfare, (b) preventing interference with pedestrian and vehicular traffic, and (c) preventing damage to the public right-of-way or any property adjacent to it. The City may modify the permit to reflect such conditions, changes or limitations by following the same notice and public hearing procedures as are applicable to the grant of a wireless telecommunications facility permit for similarly located facilities, except the permittee shall be given notice by

personal service or by registered or certified mail at the last address provided to the City by the permittee.

- 2. The permittee shall not move, alter, temporarily relocate, change, or interfere with any existing structure, improvement or property without the prior consent of the owner of that structure, improvement or property. No structure, improvement or property owned by the City shall be moved to accommodate a wireless telecommunications facility unless the City determines that such movement will not adversely affect the City or any surrounding businesses or residents, and the permittee pays all costs and expenses related to the relocation of the City's structure, improvement or property. Prior to commencement of any work pursuant to an encroachment permit issued for any facility within the public right-of-way, the permittee shall provide the City with documentation establishing to the City's satisfaction that the permittee has the legal right to use or interfere with any other structure, improvement or property within the public right-of-way to be affected by applicant's facilities.
- 3. The permittee shall assume full liability for damage or injury caused to any property or person by the facility.
- 4. The permittee shall repair, at its sole cost and expense, any damage including, but not limited to subsidence, cracking, erosion, collapse, weakening, or loss of lateral support to City streets, sidewalks, walks, curbs, gutters, trees, parkways, street lights, traffic signals, improvements of any kind or nature, or utility lines and systems, underground utility line and systems, or sewer systems and sewer lines that result from any activities performed in connection with the installation or maintenance of a wireless telecommunications facility in the public right-of-way. The permittee shall restore such areas, structures and systems to the condition in which they existed prior to the installation or maintenance that necessitated the repairs. In the event the permittee fails to complete such repair within the number of days stated on a written notice by the zoning administrator, the zoning administrator shall cause such repair to be completed at permittee's sole cost and expense.
- 5. Prior to issuance of a building permit, the applicant shall obtain the zoning administrator's approval of a tree protection plan prepared by a certified arborist if the installation of the wireless telecommunication facility will be located within the canopy of a street tree, or a protected tree on private property, or within a ten-foot radius of the base of such a tree. Depending on site specific criteria (e.g., location of tree, size, and type of tree, etc.), a radius greater than ten feet may be required by the zoning administrator.
- 6. Should any utility company offer electrical service that does not require the use of a meter cabinet, the permittee shall at its sole cost and expense remove the meter cabinet and any related foundation within 30 days of such service being offered and reasonably restore the area to its prior condition.

- 7. The permittee shall modify, remove, or relocate its facility, or portion thereof, without cost or expense to City, if and when made necessary by:
 - a) Any public improvement project, including, but not limited to, the construction, maintenance, or operation of any underground or aboveground facilities including but not limited to sewers, storm drains, conduits, gas, water, electric or other utility systems, or pipes owned by City or any other public agency;
 - b) Any abandonment of any street, sidewalk, or other public facility;
 - c) Any change of grade, alignment or width of any street, sidewalk or other public facility; or
 - d) A determination by the zoning administrator that the wireless telecommunications facility has become incompatible with public health, safety or welfare or the public's use of the public right-of-way.
 - 8. Any modification, removal, or relocation of the facility shall be completed within 90 days of written notification by City unless exigencies dictate a shorter period for removal or relocation. Modification or relocation of the facility shall require submittal, review and approval of a permit amendment pursuant to the Mill Valley Municipal Code. The permittee shall be entitled, on permittee's election, to either a pro-rata refund of fees paid for the original permit or to a new permit, without additional fee, at a location as close to the original location as the standards set forth in the Mill Valley Municipal Code allow. In the event the facility is not modified, removed, or relocated within said period of time, the City may cause the same to be done at the sole cost and expense of permittee. Further, due to exigent circumstances as provided in the Mill Valley Municipal Code, the City may modify, remove, or relocate wireless telecommunications facilities without prior notice to permittee provided permittee is notified within a reasonable period thereafter.

20.73.120 Findings

- A. Where a wireless telecommunication facility requires a conditional use permit under this chapter, the reviewing authority shall not approve any application unless, in addition to the findings generally applicable to all conditional use permits, all of the following additional findings are made:
 - 1. The proposed facility complies with all applicable provisions of this chapter.
 - 2. The proposed facility has been designed and located to achieve compatibility with the community to the maximum extent reasonably feasible.
 - 3. The applicant has submitted a statement of its willingness to allow other carriers to collocate on the proposed wireless telecommunications facility wherever technically and economically feasible and where collocation would not harm community compatibility.

- 704 4. Noise generated by equipment will not be excessive, annoying nor be detrimental to the 705 public health, safety, and welfare and will not exceed the standards set forth in this chapter.
- 707 B. In addition to the findings in paragraph (A) above, approval of a wireless telecommunications 708 facility permit for a facility that will be located in the public right-of-way may be granted only if the 709 following findings are made by the reviewing authority:
 - 1. The applicant has provided substantial written evidence supporting the applicant's claim that it has the right to enter the public right-of-way pursuant to state or federal law, or the applicant has entered into a franchise or other agreement with the City permitting them to use the public right-of-way.
 - 2. The applicant has demonstrated that the facility will not interfere with the use of the public right-of-way, existing subterranean infrastructure, or the City's plans for modification or use of such location and infrastructure.

717 **20.73.130** Exceptions

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- A. Exceptions pertaining to any provision of this chapter, including, but not limited to, exceptions from findings that would otherwise justify denial, may be granted by the reviewing authority if the reviewing authority makes the finding that:
 - 1. Denial of the facility as proposed would violate federal law, state law, or both; or
- A provision of this chapter, as applied to applicant, would deprive applicant of its rights
 under federal law, state law, or both.
- B. An applicant may only request an exception at the time of applying for a wireless telecommunications facility permit. The request must include both the specific provision(s) of this chapter from which the exception is sought and the basis of the request. Any request for an exception after the City has deemed an application complete shall be treated as a new application.
- 728 C. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a conditional use permit shall be required for a facility when an exception is requested.
- 730 D. The applicant shall have the burden of proving that denial of the facility as proposed would 731 violate federal law, state law, or both, or that the provisions of this chapter, as applied to applicant, 732 would deprive applicant of its rights under federal law, state law, or both, using the evidentiary 733 standards required by that law at issue. The City shall have the right to hire an independent 734 consultant, at the applicant's expense, to evaluate the issues raised by the exception request and 735 shall have the right to submit rebuttal evidence to refute the applicant's claim.

736 **20.73.140** Wireless Telecommunications Facilities Covered under Section 6409(a) of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012

- 738 A. Purpose. Section 6409(a) of the Middle Class Tax Relief and Job Creation Act of 2012, Pub. L. 112-96, codified in 47 U.S.C. § 1455(a), generally requires that State and local governments "may 739 740 not deny, and shall approve" requests to collocate, remove or replace transmission equipment at an existing tower or base station. Federal Communication Commission regulations interpret this 741 742 statute and create procedural rules for local review, which generally preempt certain subjective land-use regulations, limit permit application content requirements and provide the applicant with a 743 744 potential "deemed granted" remedy when the State or local government fails to approve or deny 745 the request within sixty (60) days after submittal (accounting for any tolling periods). Moreover, whereas Section 704 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. 104-104, codified in 47 U.S.C. § 746 332, applies to only "personal wireless service facilities" (e.g., cellular telephone towers and 747 equipment), Section 6409(a) applies to all "wireless" facilities licensed or authorized by the FCC 748 749 (e.g., cellular, Wi-Fi, satellite, microwave backhaul, etc.).
- The overlap between wireless deployments covered under Section 6409(a) and other wireless 750 751 deployments, combined with the different substantive and procedural rules applicable to such 752 deployments, creates a potential for confusion that harms the public interest in both efficient 753 wireless facilities deployment and carefully planned community development in accordance with 754 local values. A separate permit application and review process specifically designed for compliance 755 with Section 6409(a) contained in a section devoted to Section 6409(a) will mitigate such potential 756 confusion, streamline local review and preserve the City's land-use authority to maximum extent 757 possible.
- 758 B. **Applicability.** This Section applies to all collocations or modifications to an existing wireless tower or base station submitted with a written request for approval pursuant to Section 6409(a).
- 760 C. **Approval Required.** Any request to collocate, replace or remove transmission equipment at an existing wireless tower or base station submitted with a written request for a 6409(a) approval shall be subject to the zoning administrator's approval, conditional approval or denial without prejudice pursuant to the standards and procedures contained in this chapter.
- D. Other Regulatory Approvals. No collocation or modification approved under any section 6409(a) approval may occur unless the applicant also obtains all other applicable permits or regulatory approvals from the City and state or federal agencies. Furthermore, any section 6409(a) approval granted under this chapter shall remain subject to any and all lawful conditions or requirements associated with such other permits or regulatory approvals from the City and state or federal agencies.
- 770 E. **Application Requirement.** The City shall not approve any wireless facility subject to this 771 chapter except upon a duly filed application consistent with this Section and any other written rules 772 the City or the zoning administrator may establish from time to time. An application must include 773 the information required by Section 20.73.050 and the following additional information:

 A title report prepared within the six months prior to the application filing date in order for the City verify the property owner's identity. If the applicant does not own the subject property, the application must include a written authorization signed by the property owner that empowers the applicant to file the application and perform all wireless facility construction, installation, operation and maintenance to the extent described in the application.

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- 2. A written statement that explains in plain factual detail whether and why Section 6409(a) and the related FCC regulations at 47 C.F.R. § 1.40001 et seq. require approval for the specific project. A complete written narrative analysis will state the applicable standard and all the facts that allow the City to conclude the standard has been met. Bare conclusions not factually supported do not constitute a complete written analysis. As part of this written statement the applicant must also include (i) whether and why the support structure qualifies as an existing tower or existing base station; and (ii) whether and why the proposed collocation or modification does not cause a substantial change in height, width, excavation, equipment cabinets, concealment or permit compliance.
- F. **Procedures for a Duly Filed Application.** The City shall not review any application unless duly filed in accordance with this Section, as follows:
 - 1. Pre-Submittal Conference. Before application submittal, applicants must schedule and attend a pre-application meeting with the zoning administrator for all proposed modifications submitted for approval pursuant to Section 6409(a). The pre-submittal conference is intended to streamline the review process through informal discussion that includes, without limitation, the appropriate project classification, including whether the project qualifies for Section 6409(a); any latent issues in connection with the existing tower or base station; potential concealment issues (if applicable); coordination with other City departments responsible for application review; and application completeness issues. To mitigate unnecessary delays due to application incompleteness, applicants are encouraged (but not required) to bring any draft applications or other materials so that City staff may provide informal feedback about whether such applications or other materials may be incomplete or unacceptable. The zoning administrator may, in the zoning administrator's discretion, grant a written exemption to the submittal appointment under Section 20.73.140(F)(2) or for a specific requirement for a complete application to any applicant who (i) schedules, attends and fully participates in any presubmittal conference and (ii) shows to the zoning administrator's satisfaction that such specific requirement duplicates information already provided in other materials to be submitted or is otherwise unnecessary to the City's review under facts and circumstances in that particular case. Any written exemption will be limited to the project discussed at the pre-submittal conference and will not be extended to any other project.
 - 2. Submittal Appointment. All applications must be filed with the City at a pre-scheduled appointment. Applicants may generally submit one application per appointment, but may schedule successive appointments for multiple applications whenever feasible and

not prejudicial to other applicants. Any application received without an appointment, whether delivered in-person or through any other means, will not be considered duly filed unless the applicant received a written exemption from the zoning administrator at a pre-submittal conference.

- 3. Appointment Scheduling Procedures. For any event in the submittal process that requires an appointment, applicants must submit a written request to the zoning administrator. The zoning administrator shall endeavor to provide applicants with an appointment as soon as reasonably feasible and within five business days after a written request is received.
- 4. Applications Deemed Withdrawn. To promote efficient review and timely decisions, an application will be automatically deemed withdrawn by the applicant when the applicant fails to tender a substantive response to the City within 90 calendar days after the City deems the application incomplete in a written notice to the applicant. The zoning administrator may, in the zoning administrator's discretion, grant a written extension for up to an additional 30 calendar days when the applicant submits a written request prior to the 90th day that shows good cause to grant the extension. Delays due to circumstances outside the applicant's reasonable control will be considered good cause to grant the extension.
- 5. Departmental Forms, Rules and Other Regulations. The City council authorizes the zoning administrator to develop and publish permit application forms, checklists, informational handouts and other related materials that the zoning administrator finds necessary, appropriate or useful for processing requests for section 6409(a) approvals. Without further authorization from the City council, the zoning administrator may from time-to-time update and alter any such permit application forms, checklists, informational handouts and other related materials as the zoning administrator deems necessary, appropriate or useful to respond to regulatory, technological or other changes related to this chapter. The City council authorizes the zoning administrator to establish other reasonable rules and regulations, which may include without limitation regular hours for appointments with applicants, as the zoning administrator deems necessary or appropriate to organize, document and manage the application intake process.

- G. Administrative Review; Decision Notices. The zoning administrator shall administratively review an application for a section 6409(a) approval and act on such an application without prior notice or a public hearing. Within five working days after the zoning administrator conditionally approves or denies an application submitted for Section 6409(a) approval or before the FCC timeframe for review expires (whichever occurs first), the zoning administrator shall send a written notice to the applicant. In the event that the zoning administrator determines that an application submitted for approval pursuant to Section 6409(a) does not qualify for approval, the zoning administrator will send written notice to the applicant that includes the reasons to support the review authority's decision and states that the application will be automatically denied without prejudice on the 60th day after the date the application was filed unless the applicant withdraws the application.
- 856 H. **Required Findings for 6409(a) Approval.** The zoning administrator may approve or conditionally approve an application submitted for Section 6409(a) approval when the zoning administrator finds that the proposed project:
 - 1. Involves collocation, removal or replacement of transmission equipment on an existing wireless tower or base station; and
 - 2. Does not substantially change the physical dimensions of the existing wireless tower or base station.
 - I. Criteria for Denial Without Prejudice. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this chapter, and consistent with all applicable federal laws and regulations, the zoning administrator may deny without prejudice an application submitted for approval pursuant to Section 6409(a) when it finds that the proposed project:
 - 1. Does not satisfy the criteria for approval;

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- 2. Violates any legally enforceable standard or permit condition reasonably related to public health and safety then in effect; or
- 3. Involves the replacement of the entire support structure.
- Conditional 6409(a) Approvals. Subject to any applicable limitations in federal or state law, nothing in this chapter is intended to limit the City's authority to conditionally approve an application for a section 6409(a) approval to protect and promote the public health, safety and welfare.
- K. Appeals. Notwithstanding any provision of the Mill Valley Municipal Code to the contrary, including but not limited to section, an applicant may appeal a decision by the zoning administrator to deny without prejudice a Section 6409(a) application. The appeal must be filed within 10 days from the zoning administrator's decision. The appeal must state in plain terms the grounds for reversal and the facts that support those grounds. The City manager shall serve as the appellate authority for all appeals of all actions of the zoning administrator taken pursuant to this section. The

City shall provide notice for an administrative hearing by the City manager. The City manager shall limit its review to whether the project should be approved or denied in accordance with the provisions in paragraphs (H) and (I) of this section. The decision of the City manager shall be final and not subject to any further administrative appeals.

- L. **Standard Conditions of Approval.** In addition to all other conditions adopted by the zoning administrator, all Section 6409(a) approvals, whether approved by the zoning administrator or deemed approved by the operation of law, shall be automatically subject to the following conditions in this Section; provided, however, that the zoning administrator shall have discretion to modify or amend these conditions on a case-by-case basis as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances:
 - 1. Approved Plans. Before the permittee submits any application for a building permit or other permits required by the Mill Valley Municipal Code, the permittee must incorporate the wireless telecommunications facility permit granted under this section, all conditions associated with the wireless telecommunications facility permit and the approved plans and any photo simulations (the "Approved Plans") into the project plans. The permittee must construct, install and operate the wireless telecommunications facility in strict compliance with the Approved Plans. The permittee shall submit an as built drawing within 90 days after installation of the facility.
 - 2. Permit Term. The City's grant or grant by operation of law of a Section 6409(a) approval constitutes a federally-mandated modification to the underlying permit or other prior regulatory authorization for the subject tower or base station. The City's grant or grant by operation of law of a section 6409(a) approval will not extend the permit term, if any, for any conditional use permit, or other underlying prior regulatory authorization. Accordingly, the term for a section 6409(a) approval shall be coterminous with the underlying permit or other prior regulatory authorization for the subject tower or base station.
 - 3. Accelerated Permit Terms Due to Invalidation. In the event that any court of competent jurisdiction invalidates any portion of Section 6409(a) or any FCC rule that interprets Section 6409(a) such that federal law would not mandate approval for any Section 6409(a) approval, such 6409(a) approvals shall automatically expire one year from the effective date of the judicial order, unless the decision would not authorize accelerated termination of previously approved section 6409(a) approvals or the zoning administrator grants an extension upon written request from the permittee that shows good cause for the extension, which includes without limitation extreme financial hardship. Notwithstanding anything in the previous sentence to the contrary, the zoning administrator may not grant a permanent exemption or indefinite extension. A permittee shall not be required to remove its improvements approved under the invalidated section 6409(a) approval when it has submitted an application for a conditional use permit for those improvements before the one-year period ends.

4. No Waiver of Standing. The City's grant or grant by operation of law of a Section 6409(a) approval does not waive, and shall not be construed to waive, any standing by the City to challenge Section 6409(a), any FCC rules that interpret Section 6409(a) or any section 6409(a) approval.

- 5. Build-out Period. The section 6409(a) approval will automatically expire one year from the issuance date unless the permittee obtains all other permits and approvals required to install, construct and operate the approved wireless facility, which includes without limitation any permits or approvals required by the any federal, state or local public agencies with jurisdiction over the subject property, the wireless facility or its use. The zoning administrator may grant one written extension to a date certain when the permittee shows good cause to extend the limitations period in a written request for an extension submitted at least 30 days prior to the automatic expiration date in this condition. Any further extensions may be granted by the planning commission.
- 6. Maintenance Obligations; Vandalism. The permittee shall keep the site, which includes without limitation any and all improvements, equipment, structures, access routes, fences and landscape features, in a neat, clean and safe condition in accordance with the Approved Plans and all conditions in this section 6409(a) approval. The permittee shall keep the site area free from all litter and debris at all times. The permittee, at no cost to the City, shall remove and remediate any graffiti or other vandalism at the site within 48 hours after the permittee receives notice or otherwise becomes aware that such graffiti or other vandalism occurred.
- 7. Compliance with Laws. The permittee shall maintain compliance at all times with all federal, state and local statutes, regulations, orders or other rules that carry the force of law ("Laws") applicable to the permittee, the subject property, the wireless facility or any use or activities in connection with the use authorized in this section 6409(a) approval. The permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that this obligation is intended to be broadly construed and that no other specific requirements in these conditions are intended to reduce, relieve or otherwise lessen the permittee's obligations to maintain compliance with all Laws.
- 8. Adverse Impacts on Other Properties. The permittee shall use all reasonable efforts to avoid any and all undue or unnecessary adverse impacts on nearby properties that may arise from the permittee's construction, installation, operation, modification, maintenance, repair, removal or other activities at the site. The permittee shall not perform or cause others to perform any construction, installation, operation, modification, maintenance, repair, removal or other work that involves heavy equipment or machines on any day and at any time prohibited under the Mill Valley Municipal Code. The restricted work hours in this condition will not prohibit any work required to prevent an actual, immediate harm to property or persons, or any work during an emergency declared by the City. The zoning administrator may issue a stop work order for any work that violates this condition.

9. Noise Complaints. The permittee shall conduct all activities on the site in compliance with the noise standards in the Mill Valley Municipal Code. In the event that any person files a noise complaint and the City verifies that such complaint is valid, the permittee must remedy the violation within 10 days after notice from the City, which may include a demonstration that the permittee has amended its operational guidelines in situations where the violation arises from the permittee's personnel rather than the permittee's equipment.

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- 10. Inspections; Emergencies. The permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the City or its designee may enter onto the site and inspect the improvements and equipment upon reasonable prior notice to the permittee; provided, however, that the City or its designee may, but will not be obligated to, enter onto the site area without prior notice to support, repair, disable or remove any improvements or equipment in emergencies or when such improvements or equipment threatens actual, imminent harm to property or persons. The permittee will be permitted to supervise the City or its designee while such inspection or emergency access occurs.
- 11. Contact Information. The permittee shall furnish the City with accurate and up-to-date contact information for a person responsible for the wireless facility, which includes without limitation such person's full name, title, direct telephone number, facsimile number, mailing address and email address. The permittee shall keep such contact information up-to-date at all times.
- 12. Indemnification. The permittee and, if applicable, the property owner upon which the wireless facility is installed shall defend, indemnify and hold harmless the City, its agents, officers, officials, employees and volunteers from any and all (1) damages, liabilities, injuries, losses, costs and expenses and from any and all claims, demands, law suits, writs and other actions or proceedings ("Claims") brought against the City or its agents, officers, officials, employees or volunteers to challenge, attack, seek to modify, set aside, void or annul the City's approval of this section 6409(a) approval, and (2) other Claims any kind or form, whether for personal injury, death or property damage, that arise from or in connection with the permittee's or its agents', directors', officers', employees', contractors', subcontractors', licensees', or customers' acts or omissions in connection with this section 6409(a) approval or the wireless facility. In the event the City becomes aware any Claims, the City will use best efforts to promptly notify the permittee and the private property owner and shall reasonably cooperate in the defense. The permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the City shall have the right to approve, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the legal counsel providing the City's defense, and the property owner or permittee (as applicable) shall promptly reimburse City for any costs and expenses directly and necessarily incurred by the City in the course of the defense. The permittee expressly acknowledges and agrees that the permittee's indemnification obligations under this condition are a material consideration that motivates the City to approve this section 6409(a) approval, and that such

indemnification obligations will survive the expiration or revocation of this section 6409(a) approval.

- 13. Performance Bond. Before the City issues any construction permit in connection with the wireless facility, the permittee shall post a performance bond from a surety and in a form acceptable to the City manager in an amount equal to or greater than a written estimate from a qualified contractor with experience in wireless facilities removal. The written estimate must include the cost to remove all equipment and other improvements, which includes without limitation all antennas, radios, batteries, generators, utilities, cabinets, mounts, brackets, hardware, cables, wires, conduits, structures, shelters, towers, poles, footings and foundations, whether above ground or below ground, constructed or installed in connection with the wireless facility. In establishing or adjusting the bond amount required under this condition, and in accordance with California Government Code § 65964(a), the City manager shall take into consideration information provided by the permittee regarding the cost to remove the wireless facility.
- 14. Record Retention. The permittee must maintain complete and accurate copies of all permits and other regulatory approvals issued in connection with the wireless facility, which includes without limitation this approval, the approved plans and photo simulations incorporated into this approval, all conditions associated with this approval and any ministerial permits or approvals issued in connection with this approval. In the event that the permittee does not maintain such records as required in this condition, any ambiguities or uncertainties that would be resolved through an inspection of the missing records will be construed against the permittee.
- 15. *Compliance Obligations*. An applicant or permittee will not be relieved of its obligation to comply with every applicable provision in the Mill Valley Municipal Code, any permit, any permit condition or any applicable law or regulation by reason of any failure by the City to timely notice, prompt or enforce compliance by the applicant or permittee.

20.73.150 Wireless Telecommunications Collocation Facilities Covered under California Government Code Section 65850.6

- A. **Purpose**. The purpose of this section is to comply with an application for a Wireless Telecommunications Collocation Facility under California Government Code Section 65850.6, for which a 6509(a) approval is not being requested. This section provides the requirements, standards and regulations for a wireless telecommunications collocation facility for which subsequent collocation is a permitted use pursuant to California law. Only those facilities that fully comply with the eligibility requirements set forth in California Government Code Section 65850.6, or its successor provision, and which strictly adhere to the requirements and regulations set forth in this section shall qualify as a wireless telecommunications collocation facility.
 - B. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms are defined as follows:

1037 1. "Collocation Facility" means the placement or installation of wireless facilities, including 1038 antennas, and related equipment, on, or immediately adjacent to, a wireless 1039 telecommunications collocation facility. 2. "Wireless Telecommunications Facility" means equipment and network components 1040 such as towers, utility poles, transmitters, base stations, and emergency power systems 1041 1042 that are integral to providing wireless telecommunications services. 1043 3. "Wireless **Telecommunications** Collocation Facility" wireless means 1044 telecommunications facility that includes collocation facilities. Procedures. An application for a Wireless Telecommunications Collocation Facility under 1045 1046 California Government Code Section 65850.6 shall be processed in the same manner as an 1047 application for 6409(a) approval is processed, except that where the process requires justification 1048 for the 6409(a) approval, the applicant shall instead provide the justification for a Wireless 1049 Telecommunications Collocation Facility under California Government Code Section 65850.6. 1050 D. Requirements. All requirements, regulations, and standards set forth in this chapter for a 1051 wireless telecommunications facility shall apply to a wireless telecommunications collocation facility; provided, however, the following shall also apply to a wireless telecommunications 1052 1053 collocation facility: 1054 1. The applicant for a wireless telecommunications collocation facility permit shall describe 1055 or depict: 1056 (a) The wireless telecommunications collocation facility as it will be initially built; 1057 and 1058 (b) All collocations at full build-out, including, but not limited to, all antennas, 1059 antenna support structures, and accessory equipment. 1060 2. Any collocation shall use screening methods substantially similar to those used on the 1061 existing wireless telecommunications facilities unless other optional screening methods 1062 are specified in the conditions of approval. 1063 3. A wireless telecommunications collocation facility permit shall not be approved unless an 1064 environmental impact report, negative declaration, or mitigated negative declaration 1065 was prepared and approved for the wireless telecommunications collocation facility. 1066 Permitted Use. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a subsequent collocation on a wireless telecommunications collocation facility shall be a permitted use only if all 1067 1068 of the following requirements are satisfied: 1069 1. The wireless telecommunications collocation facility: 1070 (a) Was approved after January 1, 2007, by discretionary permit;

- 1071 (b) Was approved subject to an environmental impact report, negative declaration, or mitigated negative declaration; and
 - (c) Otherwise complies with the requirements of California Government Code Section 65850.6(b), or its successor provision, for addition of a collocation facility to a wireless telecommunications collocation facility, including, but not limited to, compliance with all performance and maintenance requirements, regulations and standards in this chapter and the conditions of approval in the wireless telecommunications collocation facility permit; and
 - 2. The collocations were specifically considered when the relevant environmental document was prepared for the wireless telecommunications collocation facility.
 - 3. Before collocation, the applicant seeking collocation shall obtain all other applicable non-discretionary permits, as required pursuant to the Mill Valley Municipal Code.
 - F. **New or Amended Permit.** Except as otherwise provided above, approval of a new or amended permit shall be required when the facility is modified other than by collocation in accordance with this section, or the proposed collocation:
 - Increases the height of the existing permitted telecommunications tower or otherwise changes the bulk, size, location, or any other physical attributes of the existing permitted wireless telecommunications collocation facility unless specifically permitted under the conditions of approval applicable to such wireless telecommunications collocation facility; or
 - 2. Adds any microwave dish or other antenna not expressly permitted to be included in a collocation facility by the conditions of approval.
 - G. Appeals. Notwithstanding any provision of the Mill Valley Municipal Code to the contrary, including but not limited to Section 20.62.060, any applicant may appeal a decision by the zoning administrator. The appeal must be filed within 10 days from the zoning administrator's decision. The appeal must state in plain terms the grounds for reversal and the facts that support those grounds. The City manager shall serve as the appellate authority for all appeals of all actions of the zoning administrator taken pursuant to this section. The City shall provide notice for an administrative hearing by the City manager. The City manager shall limit its review to whether the project should be approved or denied in accordance with the provisions in this section. The decision of the City manager shall be final and not subject to any further administrative appeals.

20.73.160 Business License

1103 A permit issued pursuant to this chapter shall not be a substitute for any business license otherwise required under the Mill Valley Municipal Code.

1105	20.73.170	Emergency Deployment
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- 1106 In the event of a declared federal, state, or local emergency, or when otherwise warranted by
- 1107 conditions that the zoning administrator deems to constitute an emergency, the zoning
- 1108 administrator may approve the installation and operation of a temporary wireless
- telecommunications facility (e.g., a cell on wheels or "COW"), which is subject to such reasonable
- 1110 conditions that the zoning administrator deems necessary.

1111 **20.73.180** Operation and Maintenance Standards

- 1112 A. All wireless telecommunications facilities must comply at all times with the following
- operation and maintenance standards. All necessary repairs and restoration shall be completed by
- the permittee, owner, or operator within 48 hours:
- 1. After discovery of the need by the permittee, owner, operator or any designated
- maintenance agent; or
- 2. After permittee, owner, operator, or any designated maintenance agent receives
- notification from a resident or the zoning administrator.
- 1119 B. All facilities, including, but not limited to, telecommunication towers, poles, accessory
- equipment, lighting, fences, walls, shields, cabinets, artificial foliage or camouflage, and the facility
- site shall be maintained in good condition, including ensuring the facilities are reasonably free of:
- 1. General dirt and grease;
- 1123 2. Chipped, faded, peeling, and cracked paint;
- 1124 3. Rust and corrosion;
- 4. Cracks, dents, and discoloration;
- 1126 5. Missing, discolored, or damaged artificial foliage or other camouflage;
- 1127 6. Graffiti, bills, stickers, advertisements, litter and debris;
- 1128 7. Broken and misshapen structural parts; and
- 1129 8. Any damage from any cause.
- 1130 C. All trees, foliage or other landscaping elements approved as part of the facility shall be
- maintained in good condition at all times, and the permittee, owner and operator of the facility shall
- 1132 be responsible for replacing any damaged, dead or decayed landscaping. No amendment to any
- 1133 approved landscaping plan may be made until it is submitted to and approved by the zoning
- 1134 administrator.
- 1135 D. The permittee shall replace its facilities, after obtaining all required permits, if maintenance

- or repair is not sufficient to return the facility to the condition it was in at the time of installation.
- 1137 E. Each facility shall be operated and maintained at all times in compliance with applicable
- 1138 federal regulations, including FCC radio frequency emissions standards.
- 1139 F. Each facility shall be operated and maintained to comply at all times with the noise
- 1140 regulations of this chapter and shall be operated and maintained in a manner that will minimize
- 1141 noise impacts to surrounding residents. Except for emergency repairs, any testing and maintenance
- activities that will be audible beyond the property line shall only occur between the hours of 7:00
- a.m. and 5:00 p.m. on Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, unless alternative hours are
- 1144 approved by the zoning administrator. Backup generators, if permitted, shall only be operated
- during periods of power outages or for testing.
- 1146 G. If a flagpole is used for camouflaging a wireless telecommunications facility, flags shall be
- flown and shall be properly maintained at all times.
- 1148 H. Each owner or operator of a facility shall routinely inspect each site to ensure compliance
- with the standards set forth in this section and the conditions of approval.
- 1150 20.73.190 No Dangerous Conditions or Obstructions Allowed
- No person shall install, use or maintain any wireless telecommunications facility which in whole or in
- 1152 part rests upon, in or over any public sidewalk or parkway, when such installation, use or
- maintenance endangers or is reasonably likely to endanger the safety of persons or property, or
- when such site or location is used for public utility purposes, public transportation purposes or other
- governmental use, or when such facility unreasonably interferes with or impedes the flow of
- pedestrian or vehicular traffic including any legally parked or stopped vehicle, the ingress into or
- egress from any residence or place of business, the use of poles, posts, traffic signs or signals,
- 1158 hydrants, mailboxes, permitted sidewalk dining, permitted street furniture or other objects
- 1159 permitted at or near said location.
- 1160 **20.73.200** Permit Expiration
- 1161 A. A permit for any wireless telecommunications facility shall be valid for a period of 10 years,
- unless the Planning commission authorizes a longer period or pursuant to another provision of the
- 1163 Mill Valley Municipal Code the permit lapses sooner or is revoked. At the end of such period, the
- 1164 permit shall expire.
- 1165 B. A permittee may apply for extensions of its permit in increments of no more than ten years
- and no sooner than twelve months prior to expiration of the permit.
- 1167 C. If a permit has not expired at the time an application is made for an extension, the zoning
- administrator may administratively extend the term of the permit for subsequent ten-year terms
- 1169 upon verification of continued compliance with the findings and conditions of approval under which
- the application was originally approved, as well as any other applicable provisions of the Mill Valley
- 1171 Municipal Code that are in effect at the time the permit extension is granted.

- 1. At the zoning administrator's discretion, additional studies and information may be required of the applicant.
- 2. If the zoning administrator determines that the facility is nonconforming or that additional conditions of approval are necessary to bring the facility into compliance with the provisions of the Mill Valley Municipal Code that are then in effect at the time of permit expiration, the zoning administrator shall refer the extension request to the Planning commission.
- D. The request for an extension shall be decided by the Planning commission if the permit expired before the application is made for an extension or if the zoning administrator refers the matter to the Planning commission. After notice and a public hearing, the Planning commission may approve, conditionally approve, or deny the extension.

1183 20.73.210 Cessation of Use or Abandonment

- A. A wireless telecommunications facility is considered abandoned and shall be promptly removed as provided herein if it ceases to provide wireless telecommunications services for 90 or more consecutive days. If there are two or more users of a single facility, then this provision shall not become effective until all users cease using the facility.
- The operator of a facility shall notify the City in writing of its intent to abandon or cease use of a permitted site or a nonconforming site (including unpermitted sites) within ten days of ceasing or abandoning use. Notwithstanding any other provision herein, the operator of the facility shall provide written notice to the zoning administrator of any discontinuation of operations of 30 days or more.

- 1194 C. Failure to inform the zoning administrator of cessation or discontinuation of operations of any existing facility as required by this section shall constitute a violation of any approvals and be grounds for:
- 1. Prosecution;

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- 1198 2. Revocation or modification of the permit;
- 3. Calling of any bond or other assurance required by this chapter or conditions of approval of the permit;
 - Removal of the facilities by the City in accordance with the procedures established under the Mill Valley Municipal Code for abatement of a public nuisance at the owner's expense; and
- 1204 5. Any other remedies permitted under the Mill Valley Municipal Code.

1205 **20.73.220** Removal and Restoration, Permit Expiration, Revocation or Abandonment

- 1206 Permittee's removal obligation. Upon the expiration date of the permit, including any 1207 extensions, earlier termination or revocation of the permit or abandonment of the facility, the permittee, owner or operator shall remove its wireless telecommunications facility and restore the 1208 1209 site to its natural condition except for retaining the landscaping improvements and any other 1210 improvements at the discretion of the City. Removal shall be in accordance with proper health and 1211 safety requirements and all ordinances, rules, and regulations of the City. The facility shall be 1212 removed from the property within 30 days, at no cost or expense to the City. If the facility is located 1213 on private property, the private property owner shall also be independently responsible for the 1214 expense of timely removal and restoration.
- B. **Failure to remove.** Failure of the permittee, owner, or operator to promptly remove its facility and restore the property within 30 days after expiration, earlier termination, or revocation of the permit, or abandonment of the facility, shall be a violation of the Mill Valley Municipal Code, and be grounds for:
- 1219 1. Prosecution;
- Calling of any bond or other assurance required by this chapter or conditions of approval
 of permit;
 - Removal of the facilities by the City in accordance with the procedures established under the Mill Valley Municipal Code for abatement of a public nuisance at the owner's expense; or
 - 4. Any other remedies permitted under the Mill Valley Municipal Code.

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- 1227 C. Summary removal. In the event the zoning administrator determines that the condition or 1228 placement of a wireless telecommunications facility located in the public right-of-way constitutes a 1229 dangerous condition, obstruction of the public right-of-way, or an imminent threat to public safety, 1230 or determines other exigent circumstances require immediate corrective action (collectively, 1231 "exigent circumstances"), the zoning administrator may cause the facility to be removed summarily 1232 and immediately without advance notice or a hearing. Written notice of the removal shall be served upon the person who owns the facility within five business days of removal and all property 1233 1234 removed shall be preserved for the owner's pick-up as feasible. If the owner cannot be identified 1235 following reasonable effort or if the owner fails to pick-up the property within 60 days, the facility 1236 shall be treated as abandoned property.
- Removal of facilities by City. In the event the City removes a facility in accordance with 1237 nuisance abatement procedures or summary removal, any such removal shall be without any 1238 1239 liability to the City for any damage to such facility that may result from reasonable efforts of removal. In addition to the procedures for recovering costs of nuisance abatement, the City may 1240 collect such costs from the performance bond posted and to the extent such costs exceed the 1241 1242 amount of the performance bond, collect those excess costs in accordance with the Mill Valley 1243 Municipal Code. Unless otherwise provided herein, the City has no obligation to store such facility. 1244 Neither the permittee nor the owner nor operator shall have any claim if the City destroys any such 1245 facility not timely removed by the permittee, owner, or operator after notice, or removed by the 1246 City due to exigent circumstances.

1247 20.73.230 Effect on Other Ordinances

1248 Compliance with the provisions of this chapter shall not relieve a person from complying with any 1249 other applicable provision of the Mill Valley Municipal Code, including but not limited to obtaining 1250 any necessary encroachment or building permits. In the event of a conflict between any provision of 1251 this chapter and other provisions of the Mill Valley Municipal Code, this chapter shall control.

1252 20.73.240 Effect of State or Federal Law

1253 In the event that state or federal law prohibits discretionary permitting requirements for certain wireless telecommunications facilities, the permits required by this chapter for those facilities shall 1254 1255 be deemed to be ministerial permits. For those facilities, in lieu of a conditional use permit, a 1256 ministerial permit shall be required prior to installation or modification of a wireless 1257 telecommunications facility and all provisions of this chapter shall be applicable to any such facility 1258 with the exception that the required permit shall be reviewed and administered as a ministerial 1259 permit by the zoning administrator rather than as a discretionary permit. Any conditions of 1260 approval set forth in this chapter or deemed necessary by the zoning administrator shall be imposed 1261 and administered as reasonable time, place and manner rules.

Exhibit A, Page 37