# The City of Los Altos Parking Lot Layout and Striping Recommendations



### Background

- Currently Los Altos has minimum parking dimensions (9 feet by 18 feet) that are greater than those required by neighboring cities.
- This creates a number of inefficiencies with the current parking configurations throughout the downtown and city as a whole for commercial, retail, and multi-family residential uses.
- Establishing a new parking stall configuration will increase those efficiencies and significantly increase the potential yield of the total parking spaces available when existing parking lots are restriped.

#### Discussion

- Currently Los Altos has an official policy of a minimum parking stall configuration of 9 by 18. However, due to the age of many parking lots throughout the city, many existing parking stalls do not meet the required 9 by 18 stall size.
  - Example: In the Downtown Business Triangle there are parking stall dimensions as small as 7' by 15' and as large 9 ½' by 18'
- Historically, the smallest sizes seem to be associated with the Downtown White Dot Program or when communities embraced the concept of compact parking.
- ▶ While a number of cities have varying parking stall sizes (on the following slide) the lion's share of nearby communities have embraced an 8 ½' by 18' stall dimension.

#### Menlo Park

Adopted ULI Parking Guidelines:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	8' 6"	16' 6"	23'

#### Belmont

City Code Section 8.3.1:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
Standard:	8' 6"	18'	-
City code Section 8.3.1:	-	-	26'

Burlingame

Durtinganie				
	City Code Section 25.70.020:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	Standard:	8' 6"	18'	-
	Compact:	8'	17'	-
	City code Section 25.70.025:	-	-	24'

Los Gatos

City Code Section 29.10.155:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	8' 6"	18'	25'

San Carlos

City Code Section 18.20.100f:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	8' 6"	18'	24'

#### Mountain View

City Code Section A36.37.090:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	7' 6"	16'	20'
	8' 6"	18'	24'
	9'	18'	24'
	9' 6"	18'	24'

#### Palo Alto

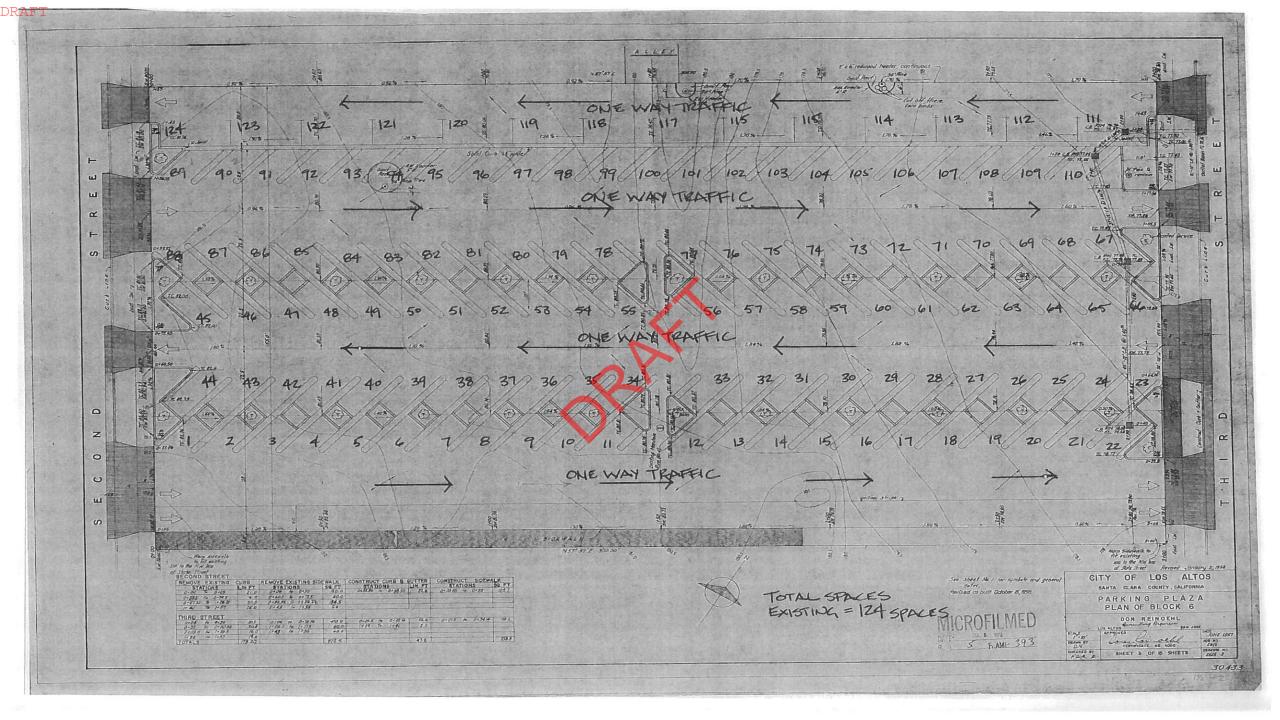
City Code Section 18.54.070:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	8'-6"	17' 6"	24'
	9'	17' 6"	24'
·	9' 6"	17' 6"	23'

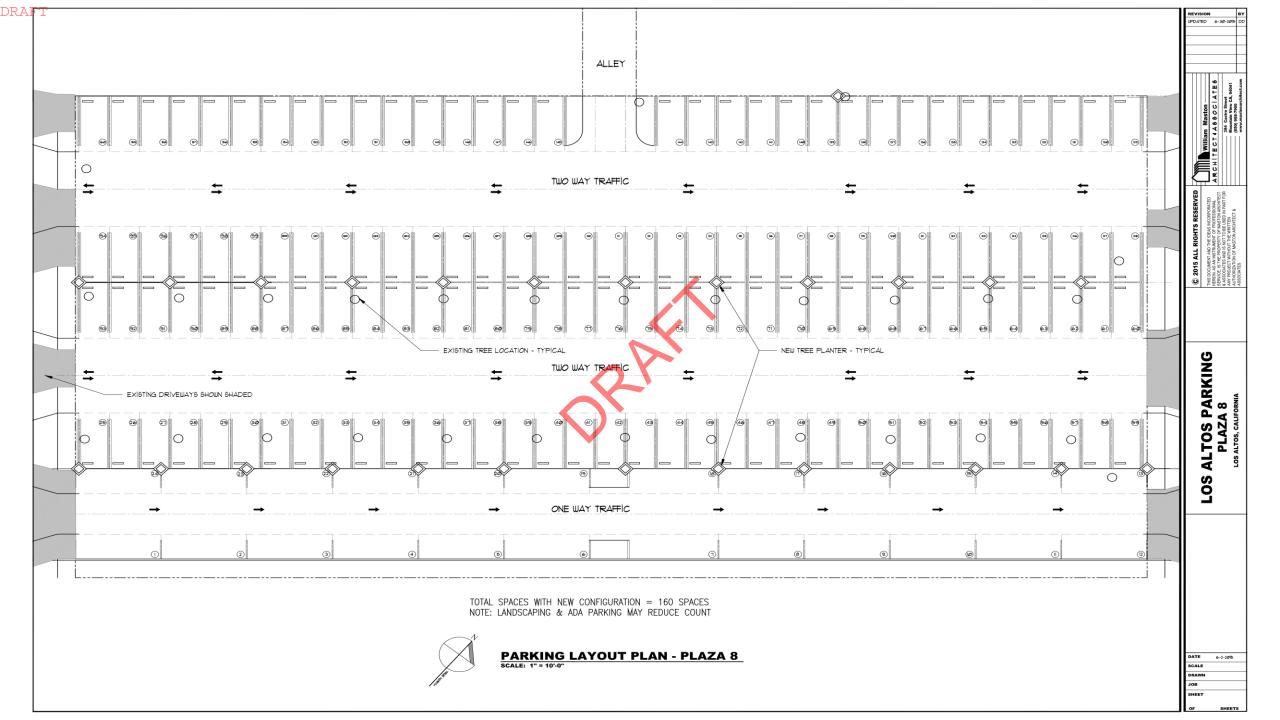
**Redwood City** 

reavious city			
City Code Section 30.7:	Width	Depth	Drive Aisle
	7' 6"	16'	20'
	8' 6"	18'	24'
	9'	18'	24'
	9' 6"	18'	24'

- ▶ Since the vast majority of downtown parking stalls in Los Altos rely on either 9 or 9½ foot wide stall configurations, it is assumed that establishing a new stall configuration of 8½ by 18 will increase the total parking stall yield in the downtown thereby increasing parking capacity within our existing parking lots.
- This increase yield would allow the city additional time to develop a comprehensive parking expansion program for the downtown and increase parking efficiencies throughout the city as well.
- These efficiencies could increase the available square footage to be developed in new projects or remodeled and expanded projects throughout the city resulting in increased tax revenue for the city.
- ▶ It is therefore recommended that the city embrace a parking lot restriping program to increase these efficiencies.

- As an example of those increased efficiencies, a preliminary study was conducted regarding plaza 8 downtown.
- ► The original parking layout, when the parking lots were built, yielded 124 parking spaces.
- Using the new proposed 8  $\frac{1}{2}$  by 18 parking stall configuration increases the parking supply to 160 parking stalls (see the following slide).
- Due to changes over the years, the total parking spaces counted in the Fehr and Peers report places capacity at 131.
- The difference in parking stall count is primarily due to existing parking stall dimensions that do not meet current city policy of 9 by 18.
- Based upon the Peers Report, the preliminary parking layout study increases the available parking for Plaza 8 by 29 stalls.
- ▶ While this percentage increase may not apply to all parking lots, this study clearly demonstrates the benefits of implementing a restriping program as part of an ongoing maintenance of the existing parking lot.

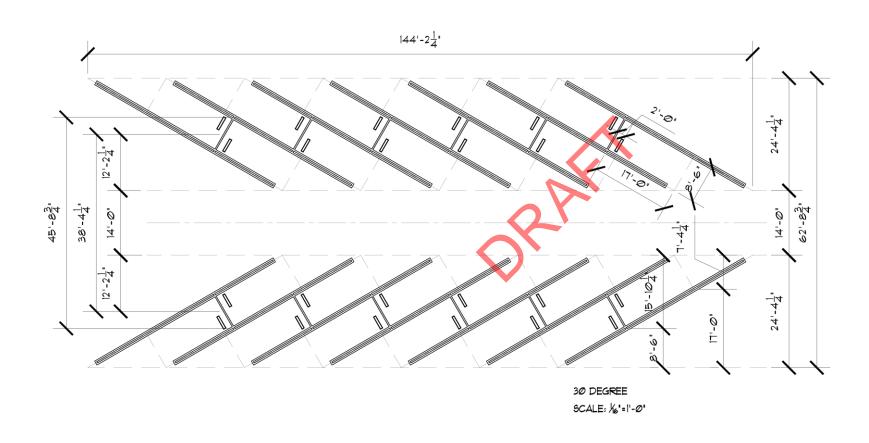


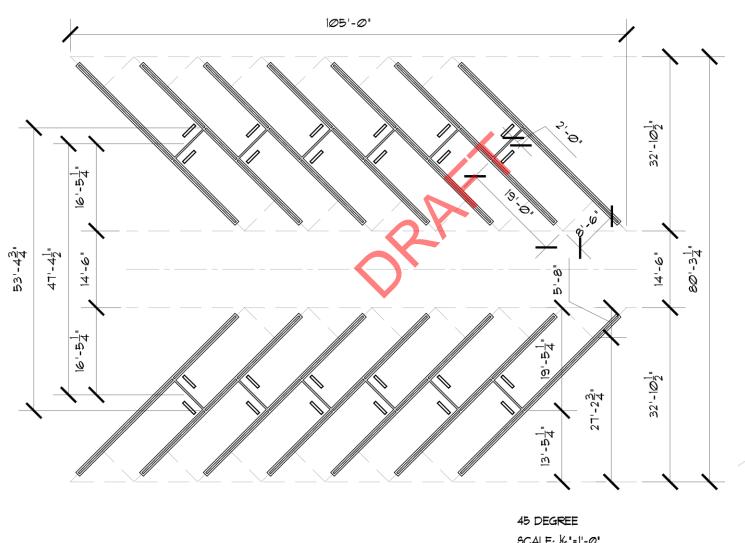


- Previous reports and discussion regarding parking lot restriping assume parking lot restriping would require significant additional capital improvements including:
  - Replacement of all asphalt and base rock
  - Undergrounding of existing utilities
  - Installation of new irrigation systems for trees
  - Additional landscape improvements
  - Storm drainage/retention improvements
  - Etc.
- These capital improvements potentially render a restriping program uneconomical.

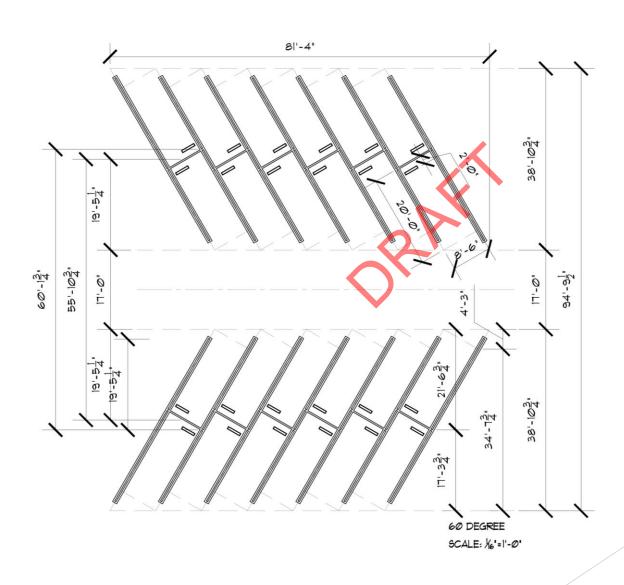
- If the restriping program be implemented as a maintenance program where minimum site improvements are undertaken and the existing parking lots are merely slurry coated as part of a maintenance program to provide immediate benefit by increasing parking supply, then this approach would "buy time" for the city to develop a comprehensive strategy for long term use and potential development of the city owned parking lots.
- This slurry coat/maintenance program would also minimize unnecessary expenses for capital improvements that may have to be demolished in the future if those parking lots are redeveloped.

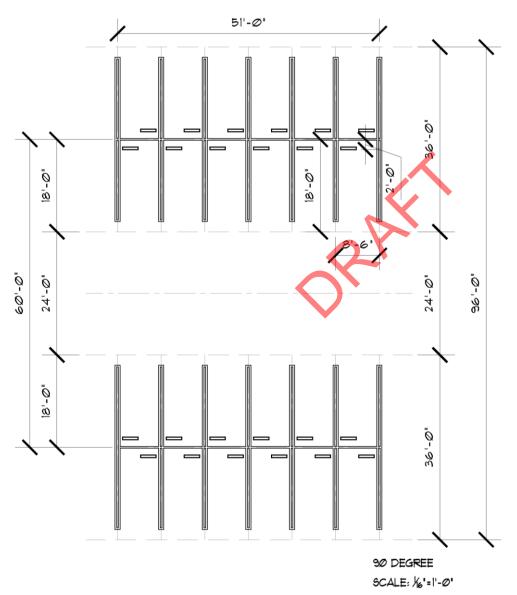
- Adopt a new policy uses 8 ½ feet wide by 18 feet long parking bays with a double striping configuration where the double striping is 16 feet long even though the actual parking bay is 18 feet long.
- This reduced length in striping encourages drivers to park deeper into the stall and against the concrete tire stops thereby increasing the perceived width of the drive isle.
- Additionally, the double wide parking stripes, that are 1 foot in width, encourages drivers to center their cars in individual parking spaces thereby providing more useable space between individual cars. (see following slides)



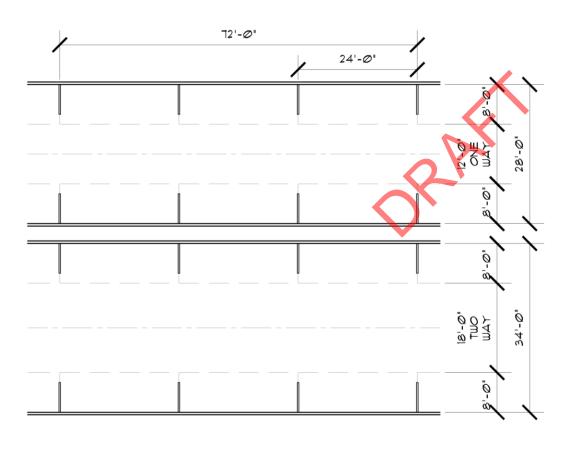


SCALE: 16"=1'-0"



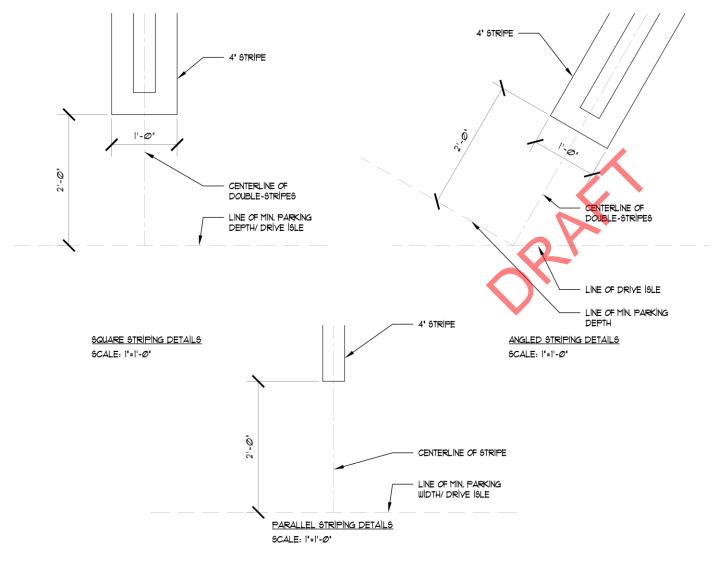


### **Parallel**



PARALLEL SCALE: 16"=1'-0"

### **Striping Details**



- A restriping program should be established by the city and private land owners as part of a maintenance program rather than capital improvement program.
- ▶ Slurry coating is a required ongoing maintenance item for parking lots.
- Restriping can create an economical and expedient way to increase parking supply for various existing developments throughout the city.
- ► This approach eliminates the need to meet new state mandates regarding storm water retention and other city policies regarding undergrounding of existing utilities, landscaping, etc.
- ► Those improvements should be done as capital improvements separate from a restriping maintenance program.

▶ When lot restriping and reconfigurations are proposed where existing landscape tree planters are affected, a tree and landscape replacement plan should be provided either through direct replacement or payment into a replacement fund.

A restriping program may be used as part of an in lieu fee program to increase parking supply.

A restriping program may also encourage new development on existing downtown parcels.

- In parallel with establishing a parking restriping/maintenance program, the city should also establish long term goals regarding the increasing of available parking supply.
- The development of these new parking strategies for increased parking supply would benefit from a simultaneous implementation of our parking maintenance and restriping program.