MORTON AVENUE RESIDENCE 1716 Morton Avenue, Los Altos, CA 94024

ZONING COMPLIANCE

	Existing	Proposed	Allowed/Required
LOT COVERAGE: Land area covered by all structures that are over 6 feet in height	<u>2,070.5</u> square feet (<u>7.8</u> %)	<u>5,200.5</u> square feet (<u>19.5</u> %)	<u>7,961.7</u> square feet (<u>30</u> %)
FLOOR AREA: Measured to the outside surfaces of exterior walls	1st Flr: <u>2,070.5</u> sq ft 2 nd Flr: <u>-</u> sq ft Total: 2,070.5 sq ft (<u>7.8</u> %)	1st Flr: <u>4,271.25</u> sq ft 2 nd Flr: <u>1,007.75</u> sq ft Total: 5,279.00 sq ft (<u>19.9</u> %)	<u> 5,403.9</u> square feet (<u>20.4</u> %)
SETBACKS: Front Rear Right side (1 st /2 nd) Left side (1 st /2 nd)	<u>37.5</u> feet <u>29</u> feet <u>73</u> feet/ <u>0</u> feet <u>14</u> feet/ <u>1.5</u> feet	<u>25</u> feet <u>25</u> feet <u>43</u> feet/ <u>8</u> feet <u>21</u> feet/ <u>3</u> feet	<u>25</u> feet <u>25</u> feet <u>20</u> feet/ <u>0</u> feet <u>10</u> feet/ <u>0</u> feet
HEIGHT:	_14.5_feet	<u>26'-1"</u> feet	feet

SQUARE FOOTAGE BREAKDOWN

	Existing	Change in	Total Proposed
HABITABLE LIVING AREA: Includes habitable basement areas	<u>1,505.0</u> square feet	<u>3,217.75</u> square feet	<u>4,717.75</u> square feet
NON- HABITABLE AREA: Does not include covered porches or open structures	<u> </u>	<u>-3.25</u> square feet	<u>561.75</u> square feet

LOT CALCULATIONS

NET LOT AREA:

FRONT YARD HARDSCAPE AREA:

Hardscape area in the front yard setback shall not exceed 50%

LANDSCAPING BREAKDOWN:

Total hardscape area Existing softscape (une New softscape area: Sum of all three should eq

square feet	
<u></u>	<u>6.5</u> %)
existing and proposed): disturbed) area:	<u>8,054.25</u> sq ft <u>15,276</u> sq ft
qual the site's net lot area	<u> 0</u> sq ft

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project

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TITLE SHEET





ABBREVIATIONS

W/

WC

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Ģ	CENTERLINE
Ø	DIAMETER OR ROUND
₽	PROPERTY LINE
AC	AIR CONDITIONING
ADJ	ADJUSTABLE
AFF	ABOVE FINISH FLOOR
APPR	APPROXIMATELY
ATTN	ATTENTION
BD	BOARD
BLDG	BUILDING
BO	BOTTOM OF
CLG	CEILING
CLOS	CLOSET
CLR	CLEAR
CONT	CONTINUOUS
CSMNT	CASEMENT
DBL	DOUBLE
DEMO	DEMOLISH
DET	DETAIL
DIM	DIMENSION
DWG	DRAWING
(E)	EXISTING
EA	EACH
ELEV	ELEVATION
EQ	EQUAL
ETC	ETCETERA
EX'G	EXISTING
EXG	EXISTING
EXT	EXTERIOR
FD FF FS FSE FIN FLR FOC FOF FOS	FLOOR DRAIN FINISH FLOOR FINISH FLOOR ELEVATION FINISH SLAB FINISH SLAB ELEVATION FINISH FLOOR FACE OF CONCRETE FACE OF FINISH FACE OF STUD
GA	GAGE OR GAUGE
GAL	GALLON
GALV	GALVANIZED
GL	GLASS
GPM	GALLONS PER MINUTE
GSM	GALVANIZED SHEET METAL

HORZ HVAC	HORIZONTAL HEATING VENTING AND AIR CONDITIONING
INCL	INCLUDES OR INCLUDING
INT	INTERIOR
LAV	LAVATORY
LF	LINEAR FEET
LIN	LINEN
MAT	MATERIAL
MFR	MANUFACTURER
MAX	MAXIMUM
MIN	MINIMUM
(N)	NEW
NIC	NOT IN CONTRACT
NOM	NOMINAL
NTS	NOT TO SCALE
OC	ON CENTER
R	RADIUS
RWL	RAIN WATER LEADER
RCP	REFLECTED CEILING PLAN
REQD	REQUIRED
RD	ROOF DRAIN
RM	ROOM
RO	ROUGH OPENING
S	SINK
SF	SQUARE FOOT/FOOTAGE
SIM	SIMILAR
SCD	SEE CIVIL DRAWINGS
SLD	SEE LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS
SSD	SEE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS
STOR	STORAGE
T&G	TONGUE AND GROOVE
TBD	TO BE DETERMINED
TO	TOP OF
TOS	TOB OF SLAB
TSG	THE SHIFT GROUP
TYP	TYPICAL
UBC	UNIFORM BUILDING CODE
UON	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
VERT	VERTICAL
VIF	VERIFY IN FIELD
W/	WITH

WATER CLOSET WATER HEATER

SYMBOL LEGEND

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PROPERTY LINE BUILDING SETBACK

FENCE

(E) TREE

(N) TREE

(E) TREE, REMOVED

BUILDING ELEVATION KEY: DETAIL #/SHEET #

BUILDING SECTION KEY: DETAIL #/SHEET #

INTERIOR ELEVATION KEY: DETAIL #/SHEET #

DETAIL BUBBLE KEY: DETAIL #/SHEET #

DETAIL KEY: DETAIL #/SHEET #

REMARK NUMBER

WALL FRAMING MARKER (# INDICATES NOMINAL THICKNESS)

-<u>DOOR KEY:</u> DOOR NUMBER

(102)

WINDOW KEY:

WINDOW NUMBER



APPLICABLE CODES

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A NEW 2-STORY RESIDENCE WITH DETACHED GARAGE.

PROJECT DATA

APN: ZONING: OCCUPANCY: CONSTRUCTION TYPE: STORIES: FLOOD ZONE:

318-21-001 & 318-21-002 R1-10 R-3 V-B TWO (2) FEMA ZONE X & A

DEFERRED SUBMITTALS

ZONING COMPLIANCE

NOTE: FOR MORE SPECIFIC BREAKDOWNS OF THESE	AREAS SEE SHEET A0.2		
FLOOR AREA	EXISTING	PROPOSED	ALLOWABLE
LOT COVERAGE - 2 STORY	2,070.5 SF	5,200.5 SF	7,961.7 SF
		19.5%	30%
PROPOSED FLOOR AREA - 1ST FLOOR		3,709.50 SF	
ACCESSORY STRUCTURE - GARAGE		561.75 SF	573.0 SF
SUBTOTAL FIRST FLOOR AREA		4,271.25 SF	
PROPOSED FLOOR AREA - 2ND FLOOR		1 039.25 S	F N/A_
TOTAL FLOOR AREA	2,070.5 SF	5,310.50 SF	5,403.9 SF
		1 9.9 %	20.4%
HABITABLE FLOOR AREA	1,505.0 SF	4,717.75 SF	
FRONT YARD HARDSCAPE AREA	1,342.0 SF	694.25 SF	1,442.0 SF
(OF THE 2,884 SF OF FRONT YARD)		24.1%	50.0%
TOTAL HARDSCAPE	3,080.0 SF	8,054.25 SF	:
EXISTING SOFTSCAPE	21,388.5 SF	15,276.0 SF	
NEW SOFTSCAPE		0.0 SF	
NET LOT AREA		26,539.0 SF	
SETBACKS	EXISTING	PROPOSED	ALLOWABLE
FRONT	37.5'	25'	25'
CREEK-BANK (RIGHT) SIDE	73.0'	43'-8"	20'
LEFT SIDE	14.2'	21'-3"	10'
REAR	29.25'	25'	25'
ACCESSORY STRUCTURE (UNDER 10' HIGH)	1.0'	5'	5'
HEIGHT LIMIT	14'-6"	26'-1"	27'



GENERAL INFORMATION

40.0	IIILE SHEET
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- A0.1 PROJECT DATA A0.2 FLOOR AREA CALCULATIONS
- A0.3 NEIGHBORHOOD CONTEXT

SITE DRAWINGS

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	/

- A1.1 SITE PLAN AND LANDSCAPE PLAN
- A1.2 ARBORIST REPORT
- A1.3 TREE SURVEY C1.0 PRELIMINARY GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN

ARCHITECTURAL PLANS

- A2.1 MAIN LEVEL FLOOR PLAN
- A2.2 UPPER LEVEL FLOOR PLAN
- A2.4 ROOF PLAN
- A2.5 GARAGE PLAN & ELEVATIONS

BUILDING ELEVATIONS

A3.1	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A3.2	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS
A3.3	EXTERIOR ELEVATIONS

BUILDING SECTIONS

A4.1 BUILDING SECTIONS



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PROJECT DATA



PROJECT DIRECTORY

OWNER ANNA WILSON

510 BAY ROAD, MENLO PARK, CA 94025 CONTACT: 650 670-6900 EMAIL: ANNAWILSON@GMAIL.COM

ARCHITECT

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CIVIL ENGINEER

KPROX CIVIL ENGINEERING 555 BRYANT STREET, SUITE 368, PALO ALTO, CA 94301 TEL: 650 549-4249 CONTACT: ISAAC KONTOROVSKY IK@KPROX.COM

1059 UNION STREET, SUITE B, SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94133

DANIELLE@THESHIFTGROUP.CO

,717.75	SF			
19.9%		20.4%		
,310.50	SF 5	,403.9	SF	
1 039.25	SF	N	/A_	
,271.25	SF			
561.75	SF	573.0	SF	
,709.50	SF			
19.5%	, D	30%		
0,200.0		,		

CONTRACTOR

CONTACT: DANIELLE WYSS

415 260-8061

LANDSCAPE DESIGNER

THE SHIFT GROUP, INC.

TEL:

VON CLEMM CONSTRUCTION

EL:	650 380-4494
CONTACT:	PETER VON CLEMM
	PETER@VONCLEMMCONSTRUCTION.COM

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

BKG STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS				
228 HAMILTON AVENUE 3RD FLOOR, PALO ALTO, CA 94301				
TEL:	650 489-9224			
CONTACT:	ADAM KLEIN			
ADAM@BKGSE.COM				

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nitect
Shift Group, I 9 Union Street Francisco, CA .260.8061 SHIFTgroup.co



SYMBOL LEGEND



FLOOR AREA

COVERED OUTDOOR AREA / HARDSCAPE

TRELLISED OUTDOOR AREA / HARDSCAPE

HARDSCAPE



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FLOOR AREA
A0.2

AREA CALCULATIONS

		ZONE	AREA (sq. ft.)
		A	365.25
	FIRST FLOOR	В	137.25
		С	327.25
		D	251.25
		E	342.75
		F	1,139.75
		G	138.25
		Н	1,007.75
	DETACHED GARAGE	J	561.75
		FIRST STORY STRUCTURES SUBTOTAL =	4,271.25
STRUCTURES	SECOND FLOOR	К	1,039.25
		SECOND STORY STRUCTURES SUBTOTAL =	1,039.25
		TOTAL FLOOR AREA =	5,310.50
			-
		U	493.50
		V	0.00
	COVERED OUTDOOR AREA	W	81.25
		X	149.25
		Y	135.00
		Z	70.25
		COVERED OUTDOOR SUBTOTAL =	929.25
		FIRST STORY RESIDENCE SUBTOTAL =	4,271.25
		STRUCTURES LOT COVERAGE =	5,200.50
	FRONT YARD HARDSCAPE	1	694.25
		2	2,066.00
	OTHER HARDSCAPE	3	53.00
		4	40.50
		HARDSCAPE SUBTOTAL =	2,853.75
LANDSCAPING		STRUCTURES SUBTOTAL =	5,200.50
		IMPERVIOUS SURFACE TOTAL =	8,054.25
	EX'G SOFTSCAPE	N/A	15,276.25
	NEW SOFTSCAPE	N/A	-1,992.00
		13,284.25	
		NET LOT AREA =	26,539.00







1695 MORTON AVE

(SIDE VIEW)







(SIDE VIEW)





1759 KIRCHER CT





1711 LANTIS LN

(REAR VIEW FROM PROJECT)





1701 LANTIS LN





NOTE: NO SIDE VIEW POSSIBLE FROM STREET





1765 FALLEN LEAF LN

(SIDE VIEW)



NOTE: THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS AT THE END OF MORTON AVENUE ON A CUL-DE-SAC UPON WHICH ONLY ONE OTHER RESIDENCE, 1780 MORTON AVENUE, ALSO HAS ITS FRONTAGE. BOTH PROPERTIES ARE ANGLED INDIRECTLY TO THE STREET IN A MANNER THAT MAKES THEM DIFFICULT TO EVALUATE IN STRAIGHT COMPARISON TO OTHER TYPICAL RESIDENCES IN THIS AREA WHICH ALIGN PARALLEL TO THE STREET.

4







(SIDE VIEW)



(REAR VIEW FROM PROJECT) KIRCHER CT 1759 KIRCHER 4 5 1765 FALLEN LEAF LN 1716 MORTON 3 AVE 1785 FALLEN LEAF LN _____ MORTON AVE DRIVEWA 1701 \ 1780 LANTIS LN DRIVEWAY MORTON AVE 2 7 6 1711 LANTIS LN LANTISLN

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NEIGHBORHOOD CONTEXT MAP SCALE: 1 " = 40'





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SITE PLAN AND LANDSCAPE PLAN

Tree Survey of 1716 Morton Avenue, Los Altos, CA 94024

Prepared by

Michael P. Young **Certified Arborist WC ISA #623** February 25, 2016

the 3 small (non-protected) trees (Japanese maples # 9, 10 and 11) will require removal because of proximity or because they are inside the building, patio or walkway footprint. No trees providing creek bank stabilization are recommended for removal due to the proposed project.

Specific Measures For Protected Trees

The majority of tree roots are located in the top 18-24" of soil within the tree's root zone. The root zones of trees can be estimated based on canopy spread and diameter at breast height. All the protected trees on the property and those non-protected trees that are to be retained shall have tree protection fencing erected to protect root zones. This fencing is to prevent both soil compaction and the storage of materials in root zones. The tree protection area for each tree is 8XDBH from the trunk in all directions. The design calls for structural slab on an 18" deep perimeter footing. The excavation for the perimeter footing within the tree protection areas for two protected trees shall be done by hand. This is to avoid cutting or tearing roots over 2" diameter below the depth needed for excavation and along the tree side of the excavation. Structural slab shall be attached above these footings to bridge these roots. The following trees shall be protected by the measures described in this section and in the section entitled General Protection Plan.

Tree #7 is a 42" DBH coast live oak that is 55' wide by 55" tall. It is in Fair/Good health with Fair/Poor structure. The tree protection area for this tree is 8XDBH or 28 feet from the trunk in all directions. The proposed foundations for patio and buildings will be 12' away at the closest corner of the foundation. Approximately 10-12% root loss is expected due to construction excavation near this tree.

Tree #8 is a 40" DBH coast live oak that is 60' wide by 60' tall. It is in Fair/Good health with Fair/Poor structure. The tree protection area for this tree is 8XDBH or 27 feet from the trunk in all directions. The planned excavation will occur to one side of this tree at a distance of 12' 4". Root zone loss from construction excavation is estimated to be 10-12%.

Procedure applying to foundations within the tree protection zones of trees #7 and 8:

- 1. Concrete driveways and walkways should be left in place as long as possible to protect root zones that could be impacted by equipment access and materials storage. These hardscape areas should be used for materials storage and machinery access to avoid these practices occurring in root zones. A construction access way should be established so that heavy demolition machinery and debris removal equipment does not drive over root zones of trees to be preserved. This will most likely be from the west side of the existing building.
- 2. Tree protection fencing should go up before demolition to the extent possible given the existing building. The tree protection fencing must be placed at the distance described. It should be placed where possible given nearby buildings, sidewalks, utilities, etc. No staging

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1716 Morton Avenue Los Altos, CA 94024

Assignment

It was our assignment to physically examine trees in the survey area based on a topographic map provided by the client.

Summarv

This survey provides a numbered map and complete and detailed information for each tree surveyed. There are 15 trees included in this report. Seven of the trees surveyed are protected under City of Los Altos tree ordinances. The health of trees surveyed was rated from Poor to Good and their structure was rated from Fair/Poor to Fair. One protected Monterey pine was recommended for removal due to health and structure issues. One protected tree and 3 nonprotected trees will be removed related to the proposed project. Impacts to two protected trees can be adequately protected by procedures recommended in this r=report.

Contents

All the trees surveyed were examined and then rated based on their individual health and structure according to the table below. For example, a tree may be rated "good" under the health column for excellent/vigorous appearance and growth, while the same tree may be rated "fair/poor" in the structure column if structural mitigation is needed. More complete descriptions of how health and structure are rated can be found under the "Methods" section of this report. The complete list of trees and all relevant information, including their health and structure ratings, their "protected/significant" status, a map and recommendations for their care can be found in the data table that accompanies this report.

areas or stockpiling of materials shall be located under the driplines of any protected trees on the property except where the surface is covered by existing pavement.

- 3. When the project has commenced to a point that work must be undertaken inside any tree protection zone, a Certified Arborist must supervise the temporary moving or modification of tree protection fencing, and any work in the (now unfenced) protection zone. This includes demolition work. There shall be no grading or excavation within the (now unprotected) tree protection zone zone at this time.
- 4. After demolition of the existing building in this area has occurred, excavation for the footings located within the original tree protection areas must be done by hand, under the supervision of the project arborist, in order to avoid pulling and tearing of roots between the excavation and the tree.
- 5. Excavations should be as close to the required 18" in depth as possible to avoid cutting and tearing of roots below this depth. No heavy equipment may be placed between excavation area and the tree to avoid compaction of soil in the root zone.
- 6. Roots exposed at the edge of the excavation (tree trunk side of any excavation) that are 2" in diameter or larger must be cut cleanly at the edge of the excavation. They must be covered with soil or burlap and irrigated until they can be permanently covered with soil at the end of construction.
- 7. Once footing excavations are completed, cover areas outside the foundation (on the tree side) with mulch and replace all tree protection fencing from the edge of foundation to the affected trees to prevent machinery transit/root compaction in those areas.
- 8. Build/pour the footings for the foundation once the tree protection fencing is back up. After the foundation is poured and set, the area shall be backfilled with clean soil. The fenced and mulched area behind the fence shall then be immediately irrigated and shall continue to be irrigated as stated under general tree protection section.
- 9. Pruning restrictions: If tree limbs on protected trees extending beyond the tree Protection fencing need to be pruned back for machinery access or other construction activities, such pruning shall be performed by a tree trimming company with a certified arborist on staff.

Tree #13 is a 23"DBH Mexican Fan Palm that is 14' wide by 40' tall. It is in Fair/Good health with Fair structure. It will require removal for the construction of a walkway for this project.

Non-protected trees **#9**, **10** and **11** are all small Japanese maples that will require removal because of proximity to the project or because they are inside the building, patio or walkway footprint.

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Rating	Health	Structure
Good	excellent/vigorous	flawless
Fair/good	healthy	very stable
		routine maintenance needed such as pruning or end weight reduction
		as tree grows, minor structural
Fair	fair	corrections needed
		significant structural weakness(es), mitigation needed, mitigation may
Fair/poor	declining	or may not preserve the tree
Poor	dead or near dead	hazard

Methods

The trunks of the trees are measured using an arborist's diameter tape at 48" above soil grade. The canopy height and spread are estimated using visual references only. In cases of a very large tree, a standard measuring tape may be used.

The condition of each tree is assessed by visual observation only from a standing position without climbing or using aerial equipment. No invasive equipment is used. Consequently, it is possible that individual tree(s) may have internal (or underground) health problems or structural defects, which are not detectable by visual inspection. In cases where it is thought further investigation is warranted, a "full hazard assessment" is recommended. This assessment would consist of drilling or using sonar equipment to detect internal decay and may include climbing or the use of aerial equipment.

Tree Health Ratings

The health of an individual tree is rated based on leaf color and size, canopy density, new shoot growth and the absence or presence of pests or disease.

Tree Structure Ratings

Individual tree structure is rated based on the growth pattern of the tree (including whether it is leaning), the presence or absence of poor limb attachments (such as co-dominant leaders), the length and weight of limbs and the extent and location of apparent decay. Very large trees that are rated Fair/Poor for structure AND that are near structures or in an area frequently traveled by cars or people, receive an additional "Consider Removal**" notation under recommendations. This is included because structural mitigation techniques do not guarantee against structural failure, especially in very large trees. Property owners may or may not

Tree Care Before, During and after Construction

As discussed earlier, many of the large trees on the property should be properly pruned and/or cabled to improve safety and structural stability. This helps to prevent major limb failure that can then allow decay to progress into the trunk of the tree, leading to eventual tree loss. Our recommendation is always to try to do pruning and structural mitigation before the project begins to avoid conflicts between trees and construction equipment or activities. Each tree has a set of recommendations on the accompanying data sheet. In general, the large oaks need end weight reduction and cabling to reduce stress on leader and limb junctions. Although end weight reduction will push some tree limbs back from the construction area, additional pruning may be needed to adequately clear the area where the structure will be located in order to avoid more destructive damage to trees by construction equipment.

If demolition/construction is to take place during the dry season, trees [to be retained] that are located close to the construction area should be watered to a depth of 18" a week or so before staging or other activities begin on site. This will fully hydrate the trees and decrease stress that may occur from construction activities in their immediate area. Recommendations on periodic irrigation during the construction process are included in the General Tree Protection Plan section later in this report

If possible and practical, trees [to be retained] should be protected by fencing out to their drip lines in any areas where construction equipment and activities will occur. If drip line fencing is impractical, trees should be fenced to a minimum of 8XDBH from the trunk. This is needed to both avoid equipment collisions with the tree and to avoid compaction of the root zone. Recommendations for fencing type and erection are included in the General Tree Protection Plan section later in this report.

Concrete and other hardscapes should be left in place as long as possible for use as construction staging, site access etc. during site setup, demolition and construction. This will help to prevent soil compaction and tearing of roots in areas that may be just outside of tree protection fencing.

Landscaping Installation: Any plants that are planted inside the driplines of oak trees must be of species that are compatible with the environmental and cultural requirements of oaks trees. A publication detailing plants compatible with California native oaks can be obtained from The California Oak Foundation's 1991 publication "Compatible Plants Under & Around Oaks" details plants compatible with California native oaks and is currently available online at: http://www.californiaoaks.org/ExtAssets/CompatiblePlantsUnder&AroundOaks.pdf.

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Post construction care of trees: the irrigation schedule outlined above should be maintained during the first dry season following construction to give impacted trees a healthy recovery period.

choose to remove this type of tree but should be aware that if a very large tree experiences a major structural failure, the danger to nearby people or property is significant.

Survey Area Observations and Recommendations

Observations

The property is on a cul-de-sac in a residential area with a residence located on one side, and a creek located on the other. The creek bed is located approximately 30-40' below the grade of the lawn/home with a sometimes steep bank descending to it.

Tree Health

The live oaks are in Good or Fair/Good health, with thick canopies and large, dark green leaves. Some have their root collars buried in soil and debris and root collar excavations are recommended to help prevent soil-based fungi and insects from entering the trees. Monterey pine #5 exhibits signs of Pine Pitch Canker, a virulent and incurable fungal disease of pine trees caused by the fungus Fusarium circinatum. The fungus causes infections that girdle branches, and sometimes girdle exposed roots and the trunks of pine trees. This girdling results in obstructed water flow, causing needles to turn yellow and then brown. The needle clusters eventually fall off, leaving bare branch ends. Multiple branch infections can cause extensive dieback in the crown of the tree and eventual tree mortality. Removal is recommended before the inevitable large dead limbs become a hazard.

The large oaks heavily shade the Japanese maples in the rear yard. If the maples are to be retained, reducing end weight on the oaks will increase sunlight to the maples and improve their vigor.

Tree Structure

Proper and routine pruning is essential in maintaining trees that are structurally safe. This includes early structural pruning to reduce the number of poorly attached leaders before they become very large. It appears that the large oaks on site were not pruned for structure when young and have not been routinely pruned over the intervening time period. This has resulted in very large trees with multiple, poorly attached limbs that may be prone to failure. End weight reduction is recommended to reduce overall weight at these junctions. Selective cabling is recommended to reduce forces at leader junctions during wind events. The largest 4 oaks have received a "Consider Removal **" notation on the accompanying data sheet. Reasons for this notation are described in the "Tree Structure" section earlier in this report.

Palm #13 has many poorly attached dead fronds. These can come off and fall at any time. Removal of these is recommended to improve safety of people in the rear yard.

General Tree Protection Plan

Besides the above-mentioned issues stated earlier in this report, the trees at this site could be at risk of damage by construction or construction procedures that are common to most construction sites. These procedures may include the dumping or the stockpiling of materials over root systems; the trenching across the root zones for utilities or for landscape irrigation; or the routing of construction traffic across the root system resulting in soil compaction and root dieback. It is therefore essential that Tree Protection Fencing be used as per the Architect's drawings. In constructing underground utilities, it is essential that the location of trenches be done outside the drip lines of trees except where approved by the Arborist.

Protective fencing must protect a sufficient portion of the root zone to be effective. In most cases, it would be essential to locate the fencing a minimum radius distance of 6 times the trunk diameter in all directions from the trunk. There are areas where we will amend this distance based upon proposed construction. In my experience, the protective fencing must:

- a. Consist of chain link fencing and having a minimum height of 6 feet.
- b. Be mounted on steel posts driven approximately 2 feet into the soil.
- c. Fencing posts must be located a maximum of 10 feet on center.
- d. Protective fencing must be installed prior to the arrival of materials, vehicles, or equipment.
- e. Protective fencing must not be moved, even temporarily, and must remain in place until all construction is completed, unless approved be a certified arborist.
- f. Tree Protection Signage shall be mounted to all individual tree protection fences.

Based on the existing development and the condition and location of trees present on site, the following is recommended:

- 1. A Certified Arborist should supervise any excavation activities within the tree protection zone of these trees.
- 2. Any roots exposed during construction activities that are larger than 2 inches in diameter should not be cut or damaged until the project Arborist has an opportunity to assess the impact that removing these roots could have on the trees.
- 3. The area under the drip line of trees should be thoroughly irrigated to a soil depth of 18" every 3-4 weeks during the dry months.
- 4. Mulch should cover all bare soils within the tree protection fencing. This material must be 6-8 inches in depth after spreading, which must be done by hand. Course wood chips are preferred because they are organic and degrade naturally over time.
- 5. Loose soil and mulch must not be allowed to slide down slope to cover the root zones or the root collars of protected trees.

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Local Regulations Governing Trees

According to the Los Altos Municipal Code sections 11.08.040 and 9.20.020, a protected tree is any of the following: A. Any tree that is forty-eight (48) inches in circumference (15.27" diameter) measured at forty-eight (48) inches above grade; B. Any tree designated by the historical commission as a heritage tree or any tree under official consideration by the historical commission for heritage tree designation; C. Any tree which was required by the city to be either saved or planted in conjunction with a development review application. D. Street Trees

Under these regulations, seven of the surveyed trees are protected. These include 4 coast live oaks, a Mexican Fan Palm, a poplar and a Monterey pine.

Tree Impacts and Protection/Mitigation Recommendations

Observations

As stated earlier in this report, there are 7 protected trees on the property, including 4 coast live oaks, a Monterey pine, a poplar and a Mexican fan palm. All of these large trees and 6 smaller (non-protected) trees are located in the backyard between the existing home/proposed project and the adjacent creek. The oaks have extensive canopies that connect and overlap to shade the majority of the yard. Just beyond these large trees is a thick mass of native trees and bushes growing along the elevated creek bank and down along the edge of the creek bed.

Project Description and Potential Impacts

The existing home/adjacent patio, and rear concrete pad with shed will be demolished and a home and detached garage be constructed. Based on the project description and the location and size of the protected trees, the issues affecting protected trees will be

- 1) Root tearing and removal during demolition/removal of existing building near portions of the root zone of coast live oaks #7 and 8 2) Grading and site preparation for the new building.
- 3) Excavation and construction of foundations for the new building near coast live oaks #7
- 4) Equipment access and soil compaction in the construction area.

Trees Impacted by the Proposed Project

Three protected trees and 3 small (non-protected) trees are located nearest the demolition and construction area. Two protected trees (oak 3 #7 and 8) can be adequately protected via the mitigation measures recommended in this report. Protected tree Mexican Fan Palm #13) and

- 6. There must be no grading, trenching, or surface scraping inside the driplines of protected trees, unless specifically approved by a Certified Arborist. For trenching, this
 - a. Trenches for any underground utilities (gas, electricity, water, phone, TV cable, etc.) must be located outside the driplines of protected trees, unless approved
 - by a Certified Arborist. Alternative methods of installation may be suggested. b. Landscape irrigation trenches must be located a minimum distance of 10 times the trunk diameter from the trunks of protected trees unless otherwise noted and approved by the Arborist.
- 7. Materials must not be stored, stockpiled, dumped, or buried inside the driplines of protected trees.
- 8. Excavated soil must not be piled or dumped, even temporarily, inside the driplines of protected trees.
- 9. Landscape materials (cobbles, decorative bark, stones, fencing, etc.) must not be installed directly in contact with the bark of trees because of the risk of serious disease infection.
- 10. Landscape irrigation systems must be designed to avoid water striking the trunks of trees, especially oak trees.
- 11. Any pruning must be done by a Company with an Arborist Certified by the ISA (International Society of Arboriculture) and according to ISA, Western Chapter Standards, 1998.

I certify that the information contained in this report is correct to the best of my knowledge and that this report was prepared in good faith. Please call me if you have questions or if I can be of further assistance.

Respectfully,

Michael P. Young & Allie Strand

project

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ARBORIS REPORT

TREE SURVEY

Client:

Address: Date:

urban tree management, inc.

Anna Wilson 1716 Morton Avenue, Los Altos, CA 94024 10/6/2015

atings for health and structure are given separately for each tree cording to the table to right. IE, a tree may be rated "Good" ader the health column for excellent/vigorous appearance and owth, while the same tree may be rated "Fair/Poor" in the ructure column if structural mitigation is needed. Health is rated		KEY	Health	Structure			
		Good	excellent/vigorous	flawless			
resence of pests or disease.	ensity, new shoot growth and	Fair/Good	healthy	very stable			
		Fair	Fair	routine maintenanc reduction as tree gr	e needed such as prur ows, minor structural	ning or end weight corrections needed	
		Fair/Poor	declining	significant structura may or may not pre	l weakness(es), mitiga serve the tree	tion needed, mitigation	
		Poor	dead or near dead	hazard			
Tag no Common Name	DBH	w/H	Health	Structure	PROTECTED (X)	REMOVAL (X)	PROTECTED REMOVAL (XX)
1 coast live oak	6	10/16	G	F			
2 coast live oak	3,3,4,4	12/12	G	FP			
3 coast live oak	21, 29	40/50	FG	FP	Х		
4 coast live oak	27	35/60	FG	FP	Х		
5 Monterey pine	18	25/60	F/P	FP	Х	Х	ХХ
6 poplar sp.	30	30/60	F	FP	Х		
7 coast live oak	42	55/55	FG	FP	Х		
8 coast live oak	40	60/60	FG	FP	Х		
9 Japanese maple	2,2,2,3,3,3	22/15	F	F			
10 Japanese maple	2,2,4,4	20/15	F	F			
11 Japanese maple	3,3,4	12/10	FG	F			
12 black walnut	11,13	25/40	FG	FP			
13 Mexican fan palm	23	14/40	FG	F	Х		
14 Japanese maple	2,2,3,3,4	15/12	FP	F			
15 Japanese maple	2,2,3	12/9	FG	F			
		PROTECTED TOTAL				7	

REMOVAL TOTAL PROTECTED REMOVALS TOTAL

DWR - Dead Wood Removal

EWR - End Weight Reduction: pruning to remove weight from limb ends, thus reducing the potential for limb failure RCE - Root Collar Excavation: excavating a small area around a tree that is currently buried by soil or refuse above buttress roots, usually done with a hand shovel. SP - Structural pruning - removal of selected non-dominant leaders in order to balance the tree

consider REMOVAL ** - this is a large tree with structural problems. Removal should be considered due to the potential for danger to passersby and property damage if structures or driveways are nearby.

According to the Los Altos Municipal Code sections 11.08.040 and 9.20.020, a protected tree is any of the following: A. Any tree that is forty-eight (48) inches in circumference measured at forty-eight (48) inches above grade;

B. Any tree designated by the historical commission as a heritage tree or any tree under official consideration by the historical commission for heritage tree designation; C. Any tree which was required by the city to be either saved or planted in conjunction with a development review application.

D. Street Trees

Common name black walnut coast live oak Japanese maple Mexican fan palm Monterey pine poplar sp.

Quercus agrifolia Acer palmatum Washingtonia robusta Pinus radiata Populus sp.

Latin name

Juglans nigra

pitch canker disease, topped and hasbent leader, Rec REMOVAL

thin canopy, on creek bank, leaning over creek, multiple leaders, Rec keeping to help hold up creek bank multiple leaders, large broken limb on top, Rec 3 cables, box, EWR, RCE or consider REMOVAL **

co-dominant leaders at 12', Rec 1 cable, EWR or consider REMOVAL **

shaded by oaks shaded by oaks

1

1

diameter measured at 2'

double leader at 2', Rec EWR, DWR Rec remove dead fronds

heavily shaded, dead leader, Rec removal or reduction of nearby redbuds

Δ S

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TREE SURVEY

RECEIVING WRITTEN CONFIRMATION FROM THE PROJECT ARCHITECT.

GRADING REQUIREMENTS:

- . PROVIDE POSITIVE SURFACE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM ALL STRUCTURES BY SLOPING THE FINISHED GROUND SURFACE AT LEAST 5%, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON THE PLANS. SLOPE PORCHES, LANDINGS AND TERRACES 2% (1/4" PER FOOT) AWAY FROM, STRUCTURES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON PLANS.
- 2. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY ALL CONTROLLING DIMENSIONS WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES BASED ON THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY, THE GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION AND THE PROPOSED SURFACE THICKNESS AND BASE THE BID ACCORDINGLY. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO CONFIRM IF A SEPARATE DEMOLITION CONTRACT HAS BEEN ISSUED TO TAKE THE SITE FROM THE WAY IT IS AT THE TIME OF THE BID TO THE CONDITIONS DESCRIBED IN THESE DOCUMENTS. ANY DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE STATE IN WHICH THE SITE IS DELIVERED TO THE CONTRACTOR AND THESE DOCUMENTS SHOULD BE NOTED TO THE ENGINEER/ARCHITECT.
- 4. ALL FILL SHALL BE COMPACTED PER THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE AND COMPLY WITH THE CLIENT'S TESTING AGENCY TO TAKE THE APPROPRIATE TESTS TO VERIFY COMPACTION VALUES.
- 5. IMPORT SOILS SHOULD MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SOILS REPORT AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 6. COORDINATE THE PLACEMENT OF ALL SLEEVES FOR LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION (WATER AND CONTROL WIRING) AND SITE LIGHTING PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF ANY ASPHALT, BASEROCK OR CONCRETE SURFACING. SEE LANDSCAPING AND SITE ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS.
- 7. DO NOT ADJUST GRADES ON THIS PLAN WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER/ARCHITECT.
- 8. SITE STRIPPINGS THAT CONTAIN ONLY ORGANIC MATERIAL (NO DEBRIS TRASH, BROKEN CONC. OR ROCKS GREATER THAN 1" IN DIAMETER) MAY BE USED IN LANDSCAPE AREAS, EXCEPT FOR AREAS IDENTIFIED AS IMPORT TOP SOIL BY THE LANDSCAPE DRAWINGS. EXCESS STRIPPINGS SHALL BE REMOVED FROM SITE.
- 9. ROUGH GRADING TO BE WITHIN 0.1' AND FINISH GRADES ARE TO BE WITHIN 0.05', HOWEVER CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT CONSTRUCT ANY IMPROVEMENTS THAT WILL CAUSE WATER TO POND OR NOT MEET REQUIREMENTS IN GRADING NOTE #1.
- 10. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXERCISE EXTREME CARE TO CONFORM TO THE LINES, GRADES, SECTIONS, AND DIMENSIONS AS SET FORTH ON THESE PLANS. ALL GRADED AREAS SHALL CONFORM TO THE VERTICAL ELEVATIONS SHOWN WITH A TOLERANCE OF ONE-TENTH OF A FOOT. WHERE GRADED AREAS DO NOT CONFORM TO THESE TOLERANCES, THE CONTRACTORS SHALL BE REQUIRED TO DO CORRECTIVE GRADING, AT NO EXTRA COST TO THE CLIENT.
- 11. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO CONFIRM THE GROUND ELEVATIONS AND OVERALL TOPOGRAPHY OF THE SITE PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION AS TO THE ACCURACY BETWEEN THE WORK SET FORTH ON THESE PLANS AND THE WORK IN THE FIELD. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER AND CIVIL ENGINEER IN WRITING PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION WHICH MAY REQUIRE CHANGES IN DESIGN AND/OR AFFECT THE EARTHWORK QUANTITIES.
- 12. TRENCHES SHALL NOT BE LEFT OPEN OVERNIGHT IN EXISTING PUBLIC STREET AREAS. CONTRACTOR SHALL BACKFILL TRENCHES, OR PLACE STEEL PLATING WITH ADEQUATE CUTBACK TO PREVENT SHIFTING OF STEEL PLATE AND/OR HOT-MIX ASPHALT REQUIRED TO PROTECT OPEN TRENCHES AT THE END OF THE WORKING DAY.
- 13. STRUCTURE WALLS: PER CBC 2304.11.2.2 (WOOD SUPPORTED BY FOUNDATION) PROVIDE 8" **MINIMUM CLEAR TO EXTERIOR GRADE.**

1' = 20'

CREEK SECTION A-A

1' = 20' **CREEK SECTION B-B** SECT A

B.F.E. NOTE:

- 1. THE 100YR BASE FLOOD ELEVATION (B.F.E.) WAS NOT PROVIDED BY FEMA MAP No.06085C0202H. FLOOD HAZARD ZONE IS ASSUMED TO BE WITHIN THE TOP OF BANK.
- 2. PER THE SANTA CLARA COUNTY FLOOD INSURANCE STUDY, THE 1-PERCENT ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD IS CONTAINED WELL WITHIN THE BANKS OF THE CHANNEL (STEVENS CREEK). THE HIGHEST TOP OF BANK ELEVATION AT THE PROPERTY IS APPROXIMATELY ±224.20'.
- 3. PER THE CITY OF LOS ALTOS REQUIREMENTS, WHEN NO B.F.E. IS DETERMINED, THE LOWEST FLOOR SHALL BE 24" ABOVE THE HIGHEST ADJACENT GRADE AROUND THE STRUCTURE. THIS HIGHEST EXISTING GRADE IS ±223.50'.
- 4. THE LOWEST FLOOR IS SET AT 225.50, WHICH IS AT LEAST 24" HIGHER THAN 223.50'.

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PROJECT No:	15-9813
DATE:	10/23/2015
SCALE:	1" = 10'
DESIGN/DRAWN:	МК
CHECKED:	IK

SHEET TITLE

PRELIMINARY **GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN**

C1.0

SCISSOR TRUSS, INTERIOR PITCH

CLASS 'A' MEMBRANE ROOFING BY "IB ROOFING": 50-MIL, SINGLE-PLY

NUMBER ESR-2852); COLOR: GREY

TYPE 3 THERMOPLASTIC MEMBRANE (ASTM D 4434-04 & ICC REPORT

SHOWN IN ().

---(3)

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architect

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ROOF PLAN

SOUTH GARAGE ELEVATION

(E9)

 EAST GARAGE ELEVATION

 SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"
 0
 2'
 4'

A2.5

S-1

S-2

R-1

P-1

MATERIALS LEGEND

SIDING TYPE 1: PAINTED WOOD VERTICAL BOARD & BATTEN SIDING TYPE 2: PAINTED WOOD HORIZONTAL LAP SIDING ROOFING: STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF PAINTED ARCHITECTURAL WOODWORK: COLUMNS, BEAMS, RAFTER TAILS, RAILINGS, BALUSTERS, DOOR AND WINDOW TRIM MTL-1 PAINTED ALUMINUM AND GLASS WINDOWS AND DOORS C-1 CHIMNEY: BOARD FORMED CONCRETE

T.O. RIDGE: 21'-1 1/2" 23'- 1 1/2"|TO GRADE / ELEV: 244.625' OUTLINE OF TWO-STORY STRUCTURE, BEYOND OUTLINE OF PREVIOUS - TWO-STORY STRUCTURE, BEYOND - T.O. RIDGE: 13'-9" ELEVATION: 237.25 — R-1, TYP. - MTL-1 WINDOW, TYP - P-1 WINDOW TRIM, TYP – S-1 FIRST FLOOR F.F.: 0'-0" ELEVATION: 225.5' GRADE ELEVATION: 223.5' ____ _____

SOUTH (FRONT) ELEVATION E SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0" 0 2' 4' (\mathbf{A}) (B)10'-0" OUTLINE OF ROOF, BEYOND DAYLIGHT PLANE – P-1 RAFTER TAIL, TYP 12 MTL-1 ENTRY 25° DOOR _____ — P-1 COLUMN, TYP – S-2 FIRST FLOOR F.F.: 0'-0"

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DANIELOND. WYSS

DESCRIPTION

2/8/16 DESIGN REVIEW

12/29/16 PLANNING REVISION

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2/29/16

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drawing issue MARK DATE

MATERIALS LEGEND

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BUILDING SECTION A

Ω R C S project

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